

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸರ್ಕಾರ

GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA

ಕಾಲೇಜು ಮತ್ತು ತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇಲಾಖೆ

DEPARTMENT OF COLLEGIATE AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION

C-20 2020-21

Diploma in Civil Engineering





With Effect from 2020-21 C-20 **Curriculum Development Cell**

Department of Collegiate & Technical Education

Vision

[(To be drafted individually at institution level)]

Develop global civil engineering professionals who serve competently, collaboratively, and ethically as master to create a sustainable world and enhance the global quality of life

Mission

(To be drafted individually at institution level)

- M1:To develop a specialized professional by imparting quality education and practical training in collaboration with industry, through competitive curriculum
- M2:To develop professionally skilled and ethical planners, designers, constructors, and operators of society's economic and social engine
- **M3:** To develop leadership skills in discussions and decisions shaping public environmental and infrastructure policy
- **M4:**To nurture innovators and integrators as entrepreneurs of ideas and technology across the public, private, and academic sectors

Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs)

(To be drafted individually at institution level) (After 2/3 years of graduation, the students will have the ability to)

Civil Engineering Programme is committed to transform students into competent professionals, responsible citizens. On completing the diploma programme, the students should have acquired the following characteristics.

PEO1	To apply technical knowledge in analyzing problems in the field of Civil Engineering, in the view of ensuring maximization of economic benefits to society and minimization of damage to ecology and environment.
PEO2	To enhance entrepreneurial, communication and other soft skills, which will enable them to work globally as leaders, team members and contribute to nation building for the betterment of the societywithout overexploitation of natural resources.
PEO3	To make them strongly committed to the highest levels of professional ethics and focus on ensuring quality, adherence to public policy and law, safety, reliability and environmental sustainability in all their professional activities.
PEO4	To be life-long learners with spirit of enquiry and zeal to acquire new knowledge and skills so as to remain contemporary and possess required professional skills.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)

- 1. **Basic and Discipline specific knowledge:** Apply knowledge of basic mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals and engineering specialization to solve the engineering problems.
- 2. **Problem analysis: I**dentify and analyze well-defined engineering problems using codified standard methods.

- 3. **Design/ development of solutions:** Design solutions for well-defined technical problems and assist with the design of systems components or processes to meet specified needs.
- 4. **Engineering Tools, Experimentation and Testing:** Apply modern engineering tools and appropriate technique to conduct standard tests and measurements.
- 5. **Engineering practices for society, sustainability and environment:** Apply appropriate technology in context of society, sustainability, environment and ethical practices.
- 6. **Project Management:** Use engineering management principles individually, as a team member or a leader to manage projects and effectively communicate about well-defined engineering activities.
- 7. **Life-long learning:** Ability to analyze individual needs and engage in updating in the context of technological changes.

CONSISTENCY MATRIX OF PEO'S WITH MISSION

	PEO statements	Adapt to Industry	Higher Learning	Team Spirit	Self-Learning	Leadership Qualities	Societal Needs	Environmental Concern
1	To apply technical knowledge in analyzing problems in the field of Civil Engineering, in the view of ensuring maximization of economic benefits to society and minimization of damage to ecology and environment.	3	3		3		3	3
2	To enhance entrepreneurial, communication and other soft skills, which will enable them to work globally as leaders, team members and contribute to nation building for the betterment of the society without overexploitation of natural resources.			3	3	3	3	
3	To make them strongly committed to the highest levels of professional ethics and focus on ensuring quality, adherence to public policy and law, safety, reliability and environmental sustainability in all their professional activities.			3	3		3	3
4	To be life-long learners with spirit of enquiry and zeal to acquire new knowledge and skills so as to remain contemporary and possess required professional skills.	3	3		3	3		

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

Program shall specify 2-4 Program Specific Outcomes (To be drafted individually at institution level)

PSO1	The graduates will have the ability to plan, analyses, design, execute and maintain cost
	effective civil engineering structures without overexploitation of natural resources.
PSO2	The graduates of civil engineering program will have the ability to take up employment,
	entrepreneurship, research and development for sustainable civil society.
PSO3	The graduates will be able to peruse opportunities for personal and professional growth,
	higher studies, demonstrate leadership skills and engage in lifelong learning by active
	participation in the civil engineering profession.
PSO4	The graduates will be able to demonstrate professional integrity and an appreciation of
	ethical, environmental, regulatory and issues related to civil engineering projects.

1.0 GENERAL PROGRAMME STRUCTURE AND CREDIT DISTRIBUTION

- 1. **Definition of Credit:** Credit is a kind of weightage given to the contact hours to teach the prescribed syllabus, which is in a modular form. For courses, one credit is allocated to one contact hour for theory / tutorial per week and one credit is allocated to 02 contact hours for practical.
- 2. **Choice-Based Credit System (CBCS):** CBCS is a flexible system of learning that permits students to learn at their own pace, choose electives from a wide range of elective courses and adopt an inter-disciplinary approach in learning and make best use of the expertise of available faculty.

3. Range of Credits

1 Hr. Lecture (L) per week	1 credit		
1 Hr. Practical (P) per week	0.5 credit		
1 Hr. Tutorial (T) per week	1 credit		
4 Hrs. Theory (T) per week	4 credit		
3 Hrs. Practical (P) per week [1 Hr. Tutorial +2 Hrs. Practical]	2 credit		

4. **Programme**: Programme means Diploma Programme that is Diploma in Civil Engineering, which is of three years duration.

2.0 PROGRAMME STRUCTURE

- 1. **Course:** A Course is a component (a paper) of a Programme. All the courses need not carry same weightage. The course should define Course objectives. A course may be designed to involve lectures / tutorials / laboratory work / seminar / project work/ Internships / seminar or a combination of these, to meet effectively the teaching and learning needs and the credits may be assigned suitably.
- 2. **Course Code:** Each course shall have an alphanumeric code, which includes last two digits of year of introduction such as 20 subject code CE (CE for Civil Engineering, CH for Chemical Engineering etc.), then first two digits for example 12 (where 1 represents first semester and 2 represents the course number in incremental order) and the last alphabet represent Theory (T), Practical/Internship/Project (P), Drawing (D), Programme / Open Electives (A, B, C, E, F, G ...).
- 3. **Programme Courses:** Each Programme will consist of Communication skills and Social Sciences (HS), Engineering Mathematics, Statistics and Analytics (BS), Engineering Sciences (ES), Professional Core (PC), Professional Electives (PE), Open Electives (OE), Employability Enhancement Courses (EEC) and Internships.

- C20
- 1. Communication Skills and Social Sciences: Communication Skills and Social Science courses are incorporated in the curriculum to meet the desired needs of communication and life skills amongst students.
- 2. Engineering Mathematics, Statistics and Analytics: Common to all Engineering Programme to develop reasoning and analytical skills amongst students.
- 3. Engineering Sciences: Engineering Science shall create awareness on different specializations of engineering studies. The goal of these courses is to create engineers of tomorrow, who possess the knowledge of all disciplines and can apply their interdisciplinary knowledge in every aspect. It could be any branch of engineering - Civil, Computer Science and Engineering, Electrical, Mechanical, etc.
- 4. **Professional Core:** Core Courses designed in the programme which are major courses of the discipline, required to attain desired outcomes and to ignite critical thinking skills amongst students.
- 5. **Professional Elective:** Generally a course can be chosen from a pool of courses and which may be very specific or specialized or advanced or supportive to the discipline or nurtures the candidate's proficiency/skill is called Professional Elective Course.
- 6. **Open Electives:** An elective course chosen generally from other discipline/ subject, with an intention to seek interdisciplinary exposure is called an open elective. While choosing the electives, students shall ensure that they do not opt for the courses with syllabus contents of which are similar to that of their departmental core/elective courses.
- 7. **Audit / Non-Core Courses:** An audit / Non-core course is one in which the student attends classes, does the necessary assignments, and takes exams. The Institute encourages students towards extra learning by auditing for additional number of courses. The results of audit courses shall not be considered for prescribed "carry over courses" limit, however students need to pass audit courses for awarding the diploma.
- 8. **Employability Enhancement Courses**: It contains the following courses:
 - a. **Mini Project**: Mini Project is a laboratory oriented course which will provide a platform to students to enhance their practical knowledge and skills by development of small systems/application.
 - b. **Seminar:** Seminar should be based on thrust areas in state of art technologies. Students should identify the topic of seminar and finalize in consultation with Guide. Students should understand the topic and compile the report in standard format and present in front of Panel of Examiners respective Programme.
 - c. Major Project: Every student must do one major project in the Final year of their program. The minimum duration of project is 6 months. Students can do their major project in Industry or R&D Lab or in house or combination of any two.

3.0 COURSE CODE AND DEFINITION:

Cours e code	Definitions	Teaching Dept. Code	Name of the Teaching Department	Teaching Dept. Code	Name of the Teaching Department
L	Lecture	SC	Science	MI	Mechanical Engineering [Instruments]
Т	Tutorial	СР	Commercial Practice / English	CR	Ceramic Engineering
P	Practical	ME	Mechanical Engineering	EN	Civil Environmental Engg.
HS	Humanities & Social Sciences Courses	EE	Electrical & Electronics Engg.	AN	Aeronautical Engg.
BS	Basic Science Courses	CE	Civil Engineering	MN	Mining & Mine Surveying
ES	Engineering Science Courses	EC	Electronics &Communications Engg.	MM	Modern Office Management
PC	Program Core Courses	CS	Comp Science &Engg.	LI	Library and Information Science
PE	Program Elective Courses	IS	Info Science &Engg.	FT	Apparel Design and Fabrication Technology
OE	Open Elective Courses	AT	Automobile Engg.	СН	Chemical Engineering
AU	Audit Courses	MC	Mechatronics	PO	Polymer Technology
SI	Summer Internship	MT	Metallurgical Engg.	PT	Printing Technology
PR	Project	НР	Mechanical Engineering [HPT]	TX	Textile Technology
SE	Seminar	WS	Mechanical Engineering [Welding & Sheet Metal]	EI	Electronic Instrumentation & Control Engg.
CIE	Continuous Internal Evaluation	CN	Cinematography	LT	Leather & Fashion Technology
SEE	Semester End Examination	SR	Sound Recording &Engg.	WH	Water Technology & Health Science
		РН	Civil (Public Health & Environment) Engg.	MY	Mechanical Engineering [Machine Tools]
		TD	Tool & Die Making	AR	Architecture
		ID	Interior Decoration	EG	English

4.0 INDUCTION PROGRAMME

The Essence and Details of Induction program can also be understood from the "Detailed Guide on Student Induction program', as available on AICTE Portal, although that is for Diploma students of Engineering & Technology. Suggestive schedule for induction program is given below

(Link:https://www.aicteindia.org/sites/default/files/Detailed%20Guide%20on%20Studen t%20Induction%20program.pdf)

Induction Program Schedule (Suggestive only)

(Induction program for students to be offered right at the start of the first year)

SL NO	DAY	TIME	ACTIVITY	VENUE
1	1	09.30- 12.30	Registration, Formation of Mentor-mentee groups – Introduction of mentors with-in group.	Class rooms of respective programs
1	1	01.30- 04.30	Screening of Institute video clips of various functions held and Photos of various events, Institution Excursion	Seminar hall
		09.30- 12.30	Prayer- Physical activities such as yoga; Presentation cum Interactive Session with: Important Institution Functionaries like Principal, HoD's etc.	Play ground and seminar hall
2	2	01.30- 04.30	Visit to Central facilities such as Reading room,library,Sport center, computer center, hostel, NSS/NCC cell, community development cell functioning in polytechnic	Tour
		01.30- 04.30	Lecturer sessions about importance of NSS/NCC/Youth red cross activities and their contribution towards national building and personality and character development	Seminar hall
		09.30- 12.30	Personality development talk on Human values	Seminar hall
4	4	01.30- 04.30	Interaction with Alumni students of polytechnic of different programs and interaction with few alumina and sharing their experiences	Seminar hall
_	_	09.30- 12.30	Introduction to Swatch Bharath Abhiyan-Importance of Abhiyan-Clean drive in around college	Campus
5	5	01.30- 04.30	Talent hunt-Music/Antakshri/Instrument play/ Dance/Team Activity	College Auditorium
		09.30- 12.30	Talent hunt Activity: Essay/Debate/Best out of Waste/Pick and speak, other	Seminar hall
6	6	01.30- 04.30	Screening of Movie related: personality development, character building, motivational ,Environmental concern, Public health, rural sanitation	College Auditorium
	_	09.30- 12.30	Exchange of views between students and faculty about their Institute/program/carrier opportunities	Seminar hall
7	7	01.30- 04.30	Games/Sports Activity	Sports ground
8	8	09.30- 12.30 Talk by training and placement cell: Carrier opportunities for diploma students, placement activities in college; placement process		Training and placement cell
		01.30- 04.30	Talents hunt Activity: (Street Play/Mime/Acting/Stand Up Comedy /Dance etc.)	Seminar hall
		09.30- 12.30	Personality development talks by eminent speakers on - Leadership styles/How to handle failures/stress management	Seminar hall
9	9	01.30- 04.30	Importance of student union, student union activities, Student insurance, How to make student insurance by Student welfare officer of college	Seminar hall
10	10	09.30- 12.30	Awareness on: Student scholarship- introduction to SSP portal – e-pass portal-Authenticated documents, how to apply in portal: Talk by Taluk/District social welfare officer	Seminar hall

		01.30- 04.30	Local visits to surrounding places/Industry	Tour
11	11	09.30- 12.30	Talk on Respective Program scheme of studies and detail of courses, Diploma examination pattern, Passing and eligibility criteria, attendance requirements by respective program coordinator	Department Class rooms
		01.30- 04.30	Visit to respective programs lab/work shops of institution	Tour
12	12	09.30- 12.30	Awareness camp on human health ,Community health, Personal hygiene-By Local Taluk medical officer/Community medical officer	Seminar hall
12	12	01.30- 04.30	Collection of student feedback on induction program- Make a report Valedictory of two weeks Induction program by collecting student feed back	Seminar hall

Induction Program (mandatory)	Two- week Duration
Induction program for students to be	Physical activity
offered right at the start of the first	Creative arts
year.	 Universal human values
	Literacy
	Proficiency modules
	Lectures by Eminent People
	Visits to Local Areas
	 Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovations

5.0 MANDATORY VISITS/WORKSHOP/EXPERT LECTURES:

- 1. It is mandatory to arrange one industrial visit every semester for the students of each branch.
- 2. It is mandatory to conduct a One-week workshop during the winter break after fifth semester on professional/industry/entrepreneurial orientation.
- 3. It is mandatory to organize at least one expert lecture per semester for each branch by inviting resource persons from domain specific industry.

6.0 EVALUATION SCHEME:

A. For Theory Courses:

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The student has to obtain minimum of 40% marks individually both in CIE and SEE to pass. Theory Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration). Based on this grading will be awarded

B. For Practical Courses:

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 60% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 40%. The student has to obtain minimum of 40% marks individually both CIE and SEE to pass. The practical Semester End Exam (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration exams). Based on this grading will be awarded.

C. For Summer Internship / Projects / Seminar etc.

1. Evaluation is based on work done, quality of report, performance in viva-voce, presentation etc.

Note:

- A. The Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is based on the student's performance in Internal Assessment tests, student activity, mini project, quizzes, assignments, seminars, viva-voce in practical, lab record etc. as specified in respective course curriculum.
- B. **Major Project/Mini Project:** Students can do their major project in Industry or R&D Labor in house. Mini Project is a laboratory oriented course which will provide a platform to students to enhance their practical knowledge and skills by development of small systems/application.
- C. **Personality and character development:** It is mandatory for the students from 1st semester to enroll in any one of the personality and character development programmes (NCC/NSS/YRC/Yoga/Technical Club) and undergo training for their Personality and character development.
 - National Cadet Corps (NCC).
 - National Service Scheme (NSS) will have social service activities in and around the Institution.
 - Youth Red Cross (YRC) will have activities in and around the institution.
 - Yoga
 - Technical Clubs.
- D. **Internship:** A minimum of 10 credits (400 Hours) of Internship/ Entrepreneurial activities / Project work/ Seminar and Inter/ Intra Institutional Training may be counted toward three-year diploma programme.
- E. **Mapping of Marks to Grades:** Each course (Theory/Practical) is to be assigned 100 marks, irrespective of the number of credits, and the mapping of marks to grades may be done as per the following table:

Range of Marks	Range of Marks Level		Grade Point
91-100	Outstanding	A+	10
81-90	Excellent	A	09
71-80	Very Good	B+	08
61-70	Good	В	07
51-60	Above Average	C+	06
45-50	Average	С	05
40-44	Satisfactory	D	04
<40	Fail	F	00
Fail due to shortage of atte		F*	00
Fail in Continuous inte	rnal Evaluation (CIE).	F**	00

Note: Those Candidates who have not obtained requisite minimum pass marks in CIE are not eligible to take up SEE in that course until they get requisite minimum pass marks in the CIE. They may re-register for the CIE in the subsequent regular semesters by paying prescribed examination fee.

SGPA and CGPA Calculations						
Semester Grade Point Average	\sum [(Course Credits earned)X(Grade Points)] for all the courses in that semester					
(SGPA)=	Σ [Total Course credits applied] for all the courses in that semester					
Cumulative Grade Point	\sum [(Course Credits earned)X(Grade Points) for all courses, excluding those with F^*/F^{**} grades until that semester					
Average(CGPA)=	\sum [Total Course Credits earned] for all Courses excluding those with F*/F** grades until that semester					
Note: The SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the semester Diploma marks /grade card.						

A. S	A. SGPA and CGPA Calculations: An illustrative example for one academic year									
Semest er	Course Code	Credits Applied (CA)	Result Grade	Grade Points (GP)	Credits Earned (CE)	Credit points (CP=CE x GP)	SGPA, CGPA			
I	Course 1	4	В	7	4	4x7=28				
I	Course 2	4	F	0	0	0x0=00	SGPA=CP/CA			
I	Course 3	4	Absent (F)	0	0	0x0=00				
I	Course 4	4	A	9	4	4x9=36	=110/22			
I	Course 5	2	A+	10	2	2x10=20	-			
I	Course 6	2	D	4	2	2x4=08	= 5.00			
I	Course 7	2	A	9	2	2x9=18				
	Total	22			14	110	SGPA = 5.00			

Note: In 1st semester grade/marks card only SGPA is reported. From 2nd semester onwards both SGPA & CGPA will be reported in the grade/marks card.

Semest er	Course Code	Credits Applied (CA)	Result Grade	Grade Points (GP)	Credits Earned (CE)	Credit points(CP=C E x GP)	SGPA, CGPA
II	Course 1	4	В	7	4	4x7=28	SGPA=CP/CA
II	Course 2	4	A	9	4	4x9=36	400/40
II	Course 3	3	D	4	3	3x4=12	=100/19
II	Course 4	3	Absent (F)	0	0	0x0=00	= 5.26
II	Course 5	2	A+	10	2	2x10=20	CGPA
II	Course 6	1	D	4	1	1x4=04	= CP/CE
II	Course 7	2	F	0	0	0x0=00	=(110+136)/ (14+22)
		19			14	100	= 246/36
I Semeste	er Back log c	ourses					=6.83
I	Course 2	4	С	5	4	4x5=20	
I	Course 3	4	D	4	4	4x4=16	
	Total	27			22	136	1

Total credits of the semester excluding the credits of the courses under F/F*/F** grade are considered for the calculation of CGPA of the two consecutive semesters under consideration.

B. CGPA Calculation of the entire programme: An Illustrative Example.

Semester	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	Total
Credits of the Semester	22	19	24	24	24	24	137
∑CP	110	136	184	155	191	188	964

$$\frac{\text{CGPA} = \frac{[110+136+184+155+191+18]}{22+19+22+24+24+24} = \frac{964}{137} = 7.04$$

P=Percentage Conversion= (CGPA-0.75) X 10 Class Declaration:

After the conversion of final CGPA into percentage of marks (P), a graduating student is declared to have passed in:

- (i) First Class with Distinction (FCD) if $P \ge 70\%$
- (ii) First Class (FC) if $P \ge 60\%$ but <70% and
- (iii) Second Class (SC) if P < 60%.

SCHEME OF STUDIES DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING (C-20)

CURRICULUM STRUCTURE

I Semester Scheme of Studies - Diploma in Civil Engineering [C-20]

		-	demester beneme o	,		P						, L	~]				
Sl.	Sl. The Course Course Tourse T		C Titl	Hours per we		eek	contact hrs	Credits	C Ma	IE rks		EE rks	Marks	Min Marks for Passing (including CIE marks)	l Grade	Grade Point	d CGPA
No	Course Cate Teaching Department	Code	Course Title	L	Т	Fotal con	Max	Min	Max	Min	Total	Min Marks for Passing (includin CIE marks)	Assigned	Grade	SGPA and		
	THEORY COURSES																
1	ES/CE	20CE11T	Construction Materials	4	0	0	4	4	50	20	50	20	100	40			
	PRACTICAL COURSES 3 EG/SC/CE 20EG01P Communication Skills 2 0 4 6 4 60 24 40 16 100 40 9																
3	EG/SC/CE	20EG01P	Communication Skills	2	0	4	6	4	60	24	40	16	100	40			eme
3	BS/SC	20SC02P	Statistics and Analytics	2	0	4	6	4	60	24	40	16	100	40			lst S
4	ES/CS	20CS01P	IT Skills	2	0	4	6	4	60	24	40	16	100	40			for
				A	UDIT	COU	JRSES	8									∢
5	AU/SC	20AU01T	Environment Sustainability	2	0	0	2	2	50	20	-	-	50	20			ly SGP.
6	AU Physical Activity		Sports/NCC/NSS/Youth Red Cross/Yoga/ Technical club.	Cross/Yoga/ student shall obtain 'Participation Certificate' in the activity to get eligible for the award of													
	Total 12 0 12 24 18 280 112 170 68 450 180																

T:- Theory P:- Practical D:- Drawing E:- Elective BS- Basic Science:: ES-Engineering Science:: HS-Humanities & Social Science:: AU-Audit Course:: EG: English :: SC: Science

Note:

- 1. Assigned Grade, Grade Point, SGPA and CGPA to be recorded in the Grade/Marks card.
- 2. AU- Physical Activity- Student participation in the selected physical activity shall be monitored and the participation record shall be maintained by the respective Programme Coordinator (Head of Section).
- 3. Theory course Semester End Examination (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration)
- 4. Practical course CIE and SEE is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration)

	II Semester Scheme of Studies - Diploma in Civil Engineering [C-20]																
Sl. No	Course Category / Teaching Department	Course Code	Course Title	Hour	s per v	veek	Total contact hrs/week	Credits	C: Ma		SE Ma		Total Marks	Min Marks for Passing (including CIE	Assigned Grade	Grade Point	SGPA and CGPA
	Cc			L	T	P			Max	Min	Max	Min					
	THEORY COURSES																
1	BS/SC	20SC01T	Engineering Mathematics	4	0	0	4	4	50	20	50	20	100	40			
2	SC/CE	20PM01T	Project Management Skills	6	0	0	6	4	50	20	50	20	100	40			ter
				PRA	CTI	CAI	COU	RSES									Semester
3	ES/CE	20CE21P	Civil Engineering Graphics	2	0	4	6	4	60	24	40	16	100	40			2nd
4	ES/CE	20CE22P	Basic Surveying	2	0	4	6	4	60	24	40	16	100	40			PA of
5	ES/EE	20EE01P	Fundamentals of Electrical & Electronics Engineering	2	0	4	6	4	60	24	40	16	100	40			SGPA & CGPA
				A	UDI	T C	OURSI	ES									SC
6	AU/CE	20KA21T	Kannada-I/ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯಸಿಂಚನ – I /ಬಳಕೆ ಕನ್ನಡ - I	2	0	0	2	2	50	20	1	-	50	20			
			Total	18	0	12	30	22	330	132	220	88	550	220			

T:- Theory P:- Practical D:- Drawing E:- Elective BS- Basic Science:: ES-Engineering Science:: HS-Humanities & Social Science:: AU-Audit Course:: EG: English :: SC: Science Note:

- 1. Assigned Grade, Grade Point, SGPA and CGPA to be recorded in the Grade/Marks card.
- 2. Theory course Semester End Examination (SEE) is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration)
- 3. Practical course CIE and SEE is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration)

Government of Karnataka Department of Collegiate and Technical Education Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore

Course Code	20CE11T	Semester	I
Course Title	CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS	Course Group	Core
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Lecturing &Assignments
Course Cotogory	Dwagnam Cana Caunga	Total Contact Hours	4Hrs Per Week
Course Category	Program Core Course	Total Contact Hours	52Hrs Per Semester
Prerequisites	High school level science	Teaching Scheme	(L:T:P)= 4:0:0
CIE Marks	50	SEE Marks	50

RATIONAL

Materials for engineering play an important role as the vital tool for solving the problems of material selection and application in the civil Engineering construction field. Therefore, an engineering diploma student must be conversant with the properties, composition and behavior of materials from *the point of view of reliability, sustainability and performance in civil engineering construction*. The study of basic concepts of materials will help the students understanding civil engineering subjects where the emphasis is laid on the application of thesematerials.

1. COURSE SKILL SET

The aim of the course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching –learning experiences

- 1) To learn about various construction materials, and understand their relevant characteristics.
- 2) To be able to identify suitability of various materials for different construction purposes.
- 3) To know about natural, artificial, and processed materials available for various purposes of construction activities.

2. COURSE OUT COMES

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to demonstrate industry oriented Cos associated with the above mentioned competency:

CO1	Identify relevant natural construction materials.
CO2	Select relevant artificial construction materials
CO3	Identify and use of processed construction materials.
CO4	Select relevant special type of construction materials.

3. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE WITH HOURS & MARKS

CO	Course Outcome	PO	Cognitive	Theory	Allotte	ed	TOTAL
		Mapped	Level	Sessions	marks	s for SEE	
				In Hrs	on cog	gnitive	
			R/U/A		levels		
					R	U	
CO1	Identify relevant	1,4.7	R,U	15	30	30	60
	natural construction						
	materials.						
CO2	Select relevant	1,4.7	R,U	21	40	40	80
	artificial construction						
	materials.						
CO3	Identify and use of	1,4.7	R,U	10	20	20	40
	processed						
	construction materials.						
CO4	Select relevant special	1,4.7	R,U	06	10	10	20
	type of construction						
	materials.		_				
		Total Hours of		52 Total marks			200
		instruction					

4. DETAILS OF COURSE CONTENT

The following topics/sub topics is to be taught and assessed in order to develop Unit Skill sets for achieving CO to attain identified skill sets

UNIT NO	Unit skill set (In cognitive domain)		Topics/Sub topics	Hours L-T-P
UNIT-1 Natural Constructi on Materials CO1	1.Identify rocks based on geology of its origin 2.Explain the requirements and characteristics of stones 3.Explain the methods of Quarrying of stones 4.Explain the methods of deterioration of stones 5. Explain the methods of preservation of stones 6. Mention the properties of sand and its uses 7.Explain the classification of Coarse aggregate according to size 8. Explain the structure and properties of timber 9. apply the use of Bamboo in construction	1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7 1.8 1.9 1.10 1.11 1.12 1.13 1.14 1.15	Geological classification of Rocks Requirements of good building stone General characteristics of stone Quarrying of stones by wedging Quarrying of stones by blasting Deterioration of stones Preservation of stones Properties of sand and uses Classification of coarse aggregate according to size Structure of timber General properties and uses of good timber Different methods of seasoning for preservation of timber. List various Defects in timber Use of bamboo in construction Asphalt-properties and uses	15-0-0

	10. Mention the properties and			
	uses of Asphalt.			
	1.Explain the constituents and	2.1	Constituents of Good brick earth	
	characteristics of Bricks	2.2	Modular and Standard bricks	
	2. Perform Field tests on Bricks	2.3	Special bricks –fly ash bricks	
	3. With a neat diagram able to	2.4	Characteristics of good brick	
	explain manufacturing process	2.5	Field tests on Bricks	
	of bricks	2.6	Manufacturing process of burnt clay brick	
	4. Write the properties of	2.7	Clamp burning of Bricks	
UNIT-II	Aerated Concrete Blocks	2.8	Hoffmann's kiln	
	5.Identify different varieties of	2.9	Aerated concrete blocks-Properties and	
Artificial	Floor tiles and wall tiles, Glazed		uses	
Constructi	tiles and vitrified tiles	2.10	Flooring and wall tiles - Clay tiles,	
on	6. With a neat diagram able to	2.11	Glazed tiles and vitrified tiles	
Materials	explain manufacturing process of cement.	2.12	Manufacturing process of Cement-only dry	
	7. Identify different types of		process	
CO2	cement and mention their uses.	2.13	Types of cement and its uses.	21:0:0
	8. Explain properties and uses	2.14	Properties and uses of Pre-cast hollow and	
	of Precast hollow and solid		solid concrete blocks	
	concrete blocks and pavement	2.15	Properties and uses of pavement blocks	
	blocks.	2.16	Artificial or Industrial Timber -Plywood,	
	9. Explain and identify Plywood, Particle board, veneers and		Particle board, Veneers	
			Laminated board and their uses.	
	laminated boards	2.18	Types of glass: Soda lime glass, Lead glass	
	10 Identify and explain uses of		and Borosilicate glass and their uses.	
	different types of glasses.	2.19	Ferrous Metals- Cast Iron and Steel- List	
	11. Explain the properties and		Properties and Uses	
	uses of Ferrous, Non- ferrous and	2.20	Non-ferrous metals- Aluminium, Copper,	
	alloys.		Zinc, - Properties and uses	
		2.21	Alloys- Aluminium Alloys and Steel Alloys- Composition, and uses	
	1.Explain the constituents and	3.1 Con	stituents and uses of POP (Plaster of Paris),	
	Uses of POP		tics- Properties and uses of plastics	
	2.Explain properties and uses		er reinforced plastic (FRP) its properties and	
	of Fiber reinforced plastics	applica		
	3. Explain properties and uses		nts and Distempers, Ingredients and	
	of Paints, Distempers, oil paints and varnishes and able		es. Properties of good paint.	
UNIT-III	to apply for different types of		Paints and Varnishes with their uses.	
Processed	surfaces,		ons where used).	
Constructi	4. Know the manufacturing		nishes with their uses. (Situations where	10-0-0
on	process and uses of	used).		1000
Materials	Manufactured Sand.		cial processed construction materials;	
	5. Identify different Cladding materials.		thetic, Ferro Crete.	
CO3	materials.		ufactured sand (m sand): its	1
			cturing and their uses.	
			lding materials-Terracotta,	
		3.10 Alumin Reinfor	High Pressure Laminates (HPL) ium Composite panels (ACP), Glass ced Concrete (GRC), Pre painted zed Iron sheets.	

	1.Explain the types of water proofing materials, Termite	4.1 Water proofing material- Types and its suitability in construction
UNIT-IV	proofing materials, and sound insulating materials and	4.2 Termite proofing- Types and its suitability in construction
Special Constructi on	suitability of its different types in construction 2.Explain the properties and applications of Geopolymer cement	4.3 Sound insulating materials- Types and its suitability in construction, 4.4 Epoxy Resins ,Non-Shrink Grouts Shotcrete-Applications
Materials CO4	3. Explain the applications of Epoxy Resins, Non-Shrink Grounts	4.5 Gypsum and its products :Types and its suitability in construction 4.6 Properties and uses of Geo polymer cement

MAPPING OF CO WITH PO

СО	Course Outcome	PO Mapped	UNIT Linked	Cognitive Level R/U/A	Tutorial & Practical Sessions in Hrs
CO1	Identify relevant natural construction materials.	P01,P04, P07	1-4	U/A	15
CO2	Select relevant artificial construction materials.	P01,P04 P07	1-4	U/A	21
CO3	Identify and use of processed construction materials.	PO1,PO4 PO7	1-4	U/A	10
CO4	Select relevant special type of construction materials.	PO1,PO4 PO7	1-4	U/A	06
			•		52

Level of Mapping PO's with CO's

Course	CO's	Pr	Programme Outcomes (PO's)								
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	
Construction Matals		3	-	-	1	-	-	1	3	2	
	CO2	3	-	-	1	-	-	1	3	2	
	CO3	3	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	2	
	CO4	3	-	-	1	-	-	1	2	2	
	Average	3		-	1	-	-	1	2.3	2	

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0- Not Mapped

Method is to relate the level of PO with the number of hours devoted to the CO's which maps the given PO. If \geq 50% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is mapped at Level 3 If 30 to 50% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is mapped at Level 2 If 5 to 30% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is mapped at Level 1 If < 5% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is considered not-mapped i.e.; Level 0

5. INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes

- 1. Massive Open on line courses (MOOCS) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- 2. Lecturer method(L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching method and media that are employed to develop the outcomes
- 3. About 15 to 20% of the topics/sub topics which is relative simpler or descriptive in nature is tobe given to the students for self directed learning
- 4. Arrange visits to nearby Construction sites/ Manufacturing Industries/ Academic institution having research centre facility /Research labs for various understanding of tests on Building Materials
- 5. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various application of materials in Civil Engineering domain
- 6. Use different instructional strategies in class room teaching

6. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES:

A. List ofBooks

S.	Author	Title of Books	Publication/Year
No			
1	Ghose, D. N.	Construction Materials	Tata McGraw Hill
2	S.K. Sharma	Civil Engineering Construction Materials	Khanna Publishing House
3	Varghese.P.C	Building Materials	PHI learning, NewDelhi.
4	Rangwala, S.C.,	Engineering Materials	Charatorpublisher,Ahemdabad.
6	Somayaji, Shan	Civil Engineering Materials	Pearson education, NewDelhi
7	Rajput,R.K	Engineering Materials	S. Chand and Co. New Delhi.
8	Sood H.,	Laboratory Manual on Testing of Engineering Materials	New Age Publishers New Delhi.
9	Sharma C. P	Engineering Materials	PHI Learning, NewDelhi
10	Duggal, S. K	Building Materials	New International, NewDelhi.
11	S.S.Bhavikatti	Building Materials	Vikas Publishing House Pvt.Ltd.

B. List of Materials required

MATERIAL LIST

The following are the specification of the specimens required for demonstration during the lecture hours of "constructions materials" and number of specimens required

SN	Name of the MATERIALS	Specification	Required Number
	ST	ONES	Number
1	Granite	Size of 10×6×4 cm	2NOS EACH
	Trap	Size of 10×6×4 cm	2NOS EACH
	Basalt	Size of 10×6×4 cm	2NOS EACH
	Sandstone	Size of 10×6×4 cm	2NOS EACH
	Limestone	Size of 10×6×4 cm	2NOS EACH
	Gneiss	Size of 10×6×4 cm	2NOS EACH
	Laterite	Size of 10×6×4 cm	2NOS EACH
	Marble	Size of 10×6×4 cm	2NOS EACH
	Quartzite	Size of 10×6×4 cm	2NOS EACH
	Slate	Size of 10×6×4 cm	2NOS EACH
		& BLOCKS	21100 Littori
2	Bricks Ground moulded		2NOS EACH
	Table moulded		2NOS EACH
	Machine moulded (Wire cut)		2NOS EACH
	Soil stabilized blocks		2NOS EACH
	Concrete blocks (solid-hallow)		2NOS EACH
	Fly ash brick		2NOS EACH
	3		
	Fire bricks		2NOS EACH
	Autoclave aerated concrete blocks		2NOS EACH
		MATERIALS	
3	Cement	50 kg bag	Consumable
	White cement	1 kg bag	1NOS EACH
	Lime	5 kg bag	Consumable
	Clay	1 kg bag	1NOS EACH
	Fly ash	50 kg bag	1NOS EACH
	Plaster of Paris	1 kg bag	1NOS EACH
	Lime putty	1 kg bag	1NOS EACH
	White cement based putty	1 kg bag	2NOS EACH
		MBER	
	Teak	Size of 15×10×6 cm	2NOS EACH
	Honne	Size of 15×10×6 cm	2NOS EACH
	Sal	Size of 15×10×6 cm	2NOS EACH
	Casuarina	Size of 15×10×6 cm	2NOS EACH
	Deodar	Size of 15×10×6 cm	2NOS EACH
	Jackfruit	Size of 15×10×6 cm	2NOS EACH
	Mahogan	Size of 15×10×6 cm	2NOS EACH
	Mango	Size of 15×10×6 cm	2NOS EACH
	Neem	Size of 15×10×6 cm	2NOS EACH
	Silver oak	Size of 15×10×6 cm	2NOS EACH

	Bamboo.	20 cm length	2NOS EACH
	Industrial timber- Veneers	6×4 feet	
	Plywood (diff thickness)		
	Fibre board		
	Hardboard		
	Block board		
	laminated sheets		
	I	FLOORING	
	Vitrified	2 × 2 feet	2NOS EACH
	Marble	1 × 1 feet	2NOS EACH
	Granite,	1 × 1 feet	2NOS EACH
	Pressed Clay tile	1 × 1 feet	2NOS EACH
	Interlocking pavers	60mm, 80mm thick	2NOS EACH
	Wooden flooring	·	2NOS EACH
		GLASS	•
	Plain	6 × 4 inch	3NOS EACH
	Dark cool	6 × 4 inch	3NOS EACH
	Brown cool	6 × 4 inch	3NOS EACH
	printed	6 × 4 inch	3NOS EACH
	Mesh glass	6 × 4 inch	3NOS EACH
	Wired glass	6 × 4 inch	3NOS EACH
	Glass bricks	6 × 4 inch	3NOS EACH
	Structural glass	6 × 4 inch	3NOS EACH
	Ribbed glass	6 × 4 inch	3NOS EACH
	Perforated glass	6 × 4 inch	3NOS EACH
	Foam glass	6 × 4 inch	3NOS EACH
	Fibre glass	6 × 4 inch	3NOS EACH
	Float glass	6 × 4 inch	3NOS EACH
	Toughened glass	6 × 4 inch	3NOS EACH
	1 0 0	PAINTS	•
6	Water based primer	1 litre	2NOS EACH
	Metal-wood & wall primer	1 litre	2NOS EACH
	Emulsion paint	1 litre	2NOS EACH
	Enamel paint	1 litre	2NOS EACH
	Cement paint (Snowcem)	1 litre	2NOS EACH
	Texture paints	1 litre	2NOS EACH
	French polish	1 litre	2NOS EACH
	Metallic paint	1 litre	2NOS EACH
	Distemper- Water based &		
	weather proof exterior emulsion	1 litre	2NOS EACH
		NG MATERIALS	l
9		·	2NIOC DACH
9	Mangalore tiles		2NOS EACH
	Country tiles		2NOS EACH
	A C sheet		2NOS EACH
	Plastic sheets		2NOS EACH
	Non asbestos Hi tech roofing sheet		2NOS EACH
	Meta colour sheets		2NOS EACH
	Alpha sheet		2NOS EACH

Corrugated aluminium sheets		2NOS EACH
Puff sandwiched roofing sheets.		2NOS EACH
Steel bars φ5,6,8,10,12,16,20,22,25mm	Each bar 1m length	2NOS EACH
Binding wire	1 bundle	1KG
	TIVE MATERIAL	
Acoustic ceiling board		
Gypsum ceiling board		
Fibre board		
Pulp board		
Straw board		
Polystyrene		
Thermocol		
Hair felt		
CHEMICAL CONS	STRUCTION MATERIALS	
Epoxy resin (base and hardener)	1 kg	2NOS EACH
Plasticizer	5 litre	2NOS EACH
Super plasticizer	5 litre	2NOS EACH
Carboxylic admixtures	5 litre	2NOS EACH
Silicon paste	1 kg	2NOS EACH
Water proofing compound	1 litre	2NOS EACH
Cement Grouts	25 kg	2NOS EACH
Epoxy grouts	1 kg	2NOS EACH
Adhesives	1 kg	2NOS EACH
Sealants	250gms	2NOS EACH
Asphalt	1 kg	2NOS EACH
Geogrids	6 × 4 feet	2NOS EACH

SUGESTED ACTIVITY

- 1. Identify various layers and types of soil in foundation pit by visiting at least 3 construction sites in different locations of city and prepare report consisting photographs and samples.
- 2. Identify various layers and types of soil in foundation pit by visiting at least 3 construction sites in different locations of city and prepare report consisting photographs and samples.

SUGGESTED LIST OF PROPOSED STUDENT ACTIVITYS

Note: The following activities should be accompanied by at least 2 staff members from the department with prior approval from the industry. The visit should be recorded in the form of a hand written report and photo graphs. Each student should also submit the proof of their visit. A group of minimum 6 students should be assigned each activity. (Each group should select minimum one activity from each unit)

	UNIT-I	
1	Visit to Geological Survey of India and study Rocks and Mineral samples available in the Museum	
2	Visit to any nearby stone processing industry or Showroom	
3	Visit to nearby timber depot and study different types of timber, Conversion of timber,	
	Measurements, seasoning and storing pattern and various defects, quality of good timber.	
UNIT-II		
4	Visit to nearby Brick manufacturing site and study size of bricks, mould and manufacturing	

	process. Clamps and Kiln burning process of Bricks
5	Visit to nearby Hollow or solid concrete Block manufacturing site
6	Visit to nearby cement manufacturing plant and study manufacturing process
7	Visit to Plywood Retail Store and collect samples of Industrial timbers
8	Collect Market forms of Ferrous and Non ferrous metals
9	Collect different types of glass available in the market and explain its uses
10	Visit to nearby Tiles manufacturing industry or Visit to nearby Tiles show room and study different types of tiles available in the market its suitability and sizes and rates should be documented while visit.
	UNIT-III
10	Visit to nearby paint showroom or stores and study different types of paints available in the market.
11	Visit to nearby M sand manufacturing plant
12	Visit to nearby roofing and cladding materials sales showroom and study its different types and market rates and suitability of their use in construction
	UNIT-IV
14	Visit to a construction site where water proofing is under progress and study methodology adopted in water proofing.
15	Visit to a construction site where termite proofing and sound insulating is under progress and study methodology adopted in water proofing.

COURSE ASSESSMENT:

Sl. No	Assessment	Duration	Max marks	Conversion
1.	CIE Assessment 1 (Written Test -1) - At the end of 3 rd week	80 minutes	30	Average of three written tests 30marks
2.	CIE Assessment 2 (Written Test -2) - At the end of 7 th week	80 minutes		
3.	CIE Assessment 3 (Written Test -3) - At the end of 13 th week	80 minutes		
4	CIE Assessment 4 (MCQ/Quiz) - At the end of 5 th week	60 minutes	20	Average of three 20marks
5	CIE Assessment 5 (Open book Test) - At the end of 9 th week	60 minutes		
6	CIE Assessment 6 (Student activity/Assignment)- At the end of 11 th week	60 minutes		
7.	Total Continuous Internal Ev	aluation (CIE) Assess	sment	50marks
8.	Semester End Examination(SEE) Assessment (Written Test)	3 hrs	100	50marks
	Total Mar	·ks		100marks

COURSE ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION CHART

Assessment		pe of	Targe	Assessment met	hods	Max	Type of	CO's for
Method	Asses	ssment	t			Marks	record	assessment
		I A		Three Tests		30	Blue	CO1
	atior	Testes		(Average of Th Tests will be			Books	CO2, CO3
	valua			Computed)				CO4
ınt	E rnal E			MCQ/QUIZ	20	20 (Average)	Log of record	Specified CO by the
essme	CIE us Interr	t & ivity	ENT	Open Book Test	20			course coordinator
Direct Assessment	Continuous Internal Evaluation	Assignment & Student activity	STUDENT	Student activity	20			
Dir	Semester Ass End Exam Stue			Total CIE Marks		50		
			End of the Course		50	Answer		
						Scripts by BTE	All CO's	
				_			2) 212	
				Total		100		
	Student	feedback		Middle of the co	urse	-NA-		CO's which
<u>+</u>							Feedback	are covered
len	- 1	· ·				-	forms	411.001
SSIT	End of	f Course	r .	End of course			Question-	All CO's
ses	survey		LN3				naire	Effectivenes
Assessment			JDE					s of delivery
Ç			STUDENT					of
ire								instructions
Indirect								and
								assessment
								methods

	RUBRICS FOR ACTIVITY (Example Only)						
Dimension	Unsatisfactory	Developing	Satisfactory	Good	Exemplary	Student	
	4	8	12	16	20	Score	
Collection of data	Does not collect any information relating to the topic	Collects very limited information; some relate to the topic	Collect much information; but very limited relate to the topic	Collects some basic information; most refer to the topic	Collects a great deal of information; all refer to the topic	16	
Fulfil team's roles & duties	Does not perform any duties assigned to the team role	Performs very little duties but unreliable.	Performs very little duties	Performs nearly all duties	Performs all duties of assigned team roles	12	

Shares work equally	Always relies on others to do the work	Rarely does the assigned work; often needs reminding	Usually does the assigned work; rarely needs reminding	Normally does the assigned work	Always does the assigned work without having to be reminded.	16
Listen to other Team mates	Is always talking; never allows anyone else to speak	Usually does most of the talking; rarely allows others to speak	Talks good; but never show interest in listening others	Listens, but sometimes talk too much	Listens and speaks a fair amount	16
			Average / T	otal Marks: (1	6+12+16+16)/4	15 marks

faculty (Course coordinator) must devise appropriate rubrics/criteria for Note: Concerned assessing Student activity.

Note: Dimension should be chosen related to activity and evaluated by the course faculty

Model Question Paper I A Test (CIE)

Progran	ıme :			Sem	ester: I
Course	:				arks:30
Course	Code :	Durati	on : 1	Hr 20	minutes
Name of	the course coordinator:			Test	: I/II/III
Note: A	nswer one full question from each section. One full question ca	<u>rries 10</u>	marks	S.	
Qn.No	Question	CL	CO	PO	Marks
	Section-1				
1.a)					
b)					
c)					
2.a)					
b)					
c)					
	Section-2				
3.a)					
b)					
c)					
4.a)					
b)				·	
c)					
	Section-3				
5.a)					

b)			
c)			
6.a)			
b)			
c)			

Model Question Paper Semester End Examination

Programme:	Semester: I
Course :	Max Marks: 100
Course Code:	Duration: 3 Hrs

Instruction to the Candidate:

Answer one full question from each section. One full question carries 20 marks.

Qn.No	Question	CL	СО	Marks
L	Section-1			
1.a)				
b)				
2.a)				
b)				
	Section-2			
3.a)				
b)				
4.a)				
b)				
	Section- 3			
5.a)				
b)				
6.a)				
b)				
	Section-4		T	
7.a)				
b)				
8.a)				
b)				
0.)	Section-5			
9.a)				
b)				
10.a)				
b)				

Government of Karnataka Department of Collegiate and Technical Education

Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore

Course Code	20EG01P	Semester	I/II
Course Title	COMMUNICATION SKILLS	Course Group	Core
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Tutorial + Practice
	Workplace Skills /		6Hrs Per Week
Course Category	Humanities & Social	Total Contact Hours	
	Sciences		78Hrs Per Semester
Prerequisites	Nil	Teaching Scheme	(L:T:P)= 0:1:2
CIE Marks	60	SEE Marks	40

Preamble

Today, Communication is a very important skill for the success of every millennial student. Millennials affinity to use digital media for communication, changing career and working landscapes, and greater competition in colleges and workplaces makes enhancing student communication skills beyond language a must. Rote learning a few tips or tricks the night before an interview or performance review won't do the job if students are trying to make an impression in highly collaborative workplaces of the future. Expectations from students aspiring to be part of such future workplaces are that they have not just good verbal and non-verbal communication skills but also a good understanding of how to use modern tools for effective communication.

Scope

To enable students to communicate clearly and effectively, by improving their verbal and non-verbal communication skills, as well as enhancing interpersonal skills and knowledge of appropriate tools for specific communication strategies.

Course Objectives

The objectives of communication skills course are:

- Build better communication skills: oral and written expressions and body language
- Enable critical thinking
- Empower with active listening skills
- Enable team work/collaboration

Instructional Strategy

To achieve course objectives, it is important to provide the blended mode of instruction for each of the concepts. This blended mode of instruction enables and empowers students with:

Understanding of Concept (Theory):

- o Through definitions, discussions, explanation, conclusions.
- Through demonstrations: Show films or other workplace clips that model various conversation skills. This provides greater clarity of the concept by
 - Enabling observation skills

- Helping in expression of gesture
- building confidence
- **Application of Concept (Learning by doing):** It is imperative that to become a good communicator, the skills have to be built by applying the concept in the hypothetically created real life situations. Students are encouraged to participate in each of these activities during lab session to help build the effective communication skills.
 - Use of technology tools like audio books, apps like voice thread or paper telephone, etc.
 - To help in workplace conversions.
 - To increase active listening, pronunciation
 - To help in voice modulation
 - Group discussion
 - Reinforce active listening
 - Enable group debate to imbibe healthy communication strategies
 - Sharpen the skills of "Asking clarifying questions"
 - Sharpen Feedback / Response skills
 - Time management skills
 - Group presentations/peer reviews
 - Enable team work
 - Assess concept understanding
 - Sharpen both oral and written communication skills
 - Group activities:
 - foster critical thinking
 - enable reflective learning
 - Tools usage:
 - Understand the difference between a Dictionary and a Thesaurus
 - Understand "When" and "How" to use these tools for communication

Course Outcomes

After completion of this course, the student shall be able to:

- Communicate
 - Identify audience (colleagues, management, customers/vendors) and use the right methodologies for communication using the right terminology, names, grades and other nomenclature pertaining to the trade, tools and specific equipment.
- Write
 - in at least one language correctly
 - basic level notes and observations
 - o job cards, work sheets, basic report writing and responding to emails, simple presentations, job applications, resume
- Read
 - Technical manuals, task sheets/job orders, policies and regulations pertinent to the job, including OEM guidelines.
 - all instructions given in memos, manuals, documents or those put up as posters across the premises
 - safety precautions mentioned in equipment manuals and panels to understand the potential risks associated
- Question
 - Ask right questions
 - Use different ways of asking questions
 - Clarifying/Open ended (What, Why, When, Who, Where, How)
 - Close ended

- Present
 - With right Posture & Gesture
 - With greater concept/content clarity
 - With high confidence
 - o With voice modulation to capture the attention of audience
- Use technology tools
 - Office productivity
 - Word: Report writing
 - PowerPoint: Creating effective presentations
 - Excel: Data handling/Charts

Course Content

The following are the various units to be taught and assessed in order to ensure the student is able to demonstrate the Course Outcomes mentioned in the **Course Outcome** section.

Pre-assessment:

Teachers are required to administer pre-assessment before starting the actual instruction. This helps in gathering information about students' like their attitude, beliefs, interests, and learning abilities.

Pre assessment expectations:

- To assess current language skill (Pronunciation, usage, sentence formation)
- To assess their ability to comprehend and respond to the instruction
- To assess their interest towards accepting ideas and learning
- To assess their current communication skills: asking questions, listening, communicating with confidence

UNIT 1: English - Introduction Learning outcome:

Learn English pronunciation, functional grammar concepts& Reading. To gain confidence in spoken English. This section also covers phonemic awareness, grammar rules to set a strong base for application mode of communication.

Phonemic	Going over 42	Examining the understanding of sounds	0:2:2
awareness	sounds	Spelling patterns (Consonant and Vowel	
		blending: CVC words)	
		Pronunciation	
		 List of words given above (Commonly 	
		used words)	
		o Diction (speech)	
Functional	Revision of	Parts of speech	2:0:0
Grammar	Grammar concepts	Sentence structure	0:1:0
Concepts		Examples of right sentences	
		Gender, Singular, Plural	0:1:0
		Usage of voice (active and passive) and	0:2:0
		tenses	
Comprehens	Reading	Written test for each comprehension	0:0:2
ion activities	conversations		
	(check the unit wise		
	activity table)		

UNIT 2: Communication

Lesson outcome:

At the end of the session:

- Students should be able to
 - Understand the communication process, influence of voice/tone, logical organization of thought, comprehension, listening skills.
 - Understand the basic building blocks of communication and strategies for working with each of these blocks.
 - o Learn about carrying self, etiquettes of communication.
 - o Build positive attitude about self and towards handling communication.
 - Learn the process for effective communication, problem solving techniques, to be confident communicator.

	What is	1: 2:0
	communication?	
	Why communication?	
INTRODUCTI	How do we	
ON:	communicate?	
	Communication	
	Theory and Process	0:2:2

	How communication happens?	
	 Pictorial representation of 	
	communication framework	
	• Elements of communication:	
	sender, receiver, message	
	Refer to activity in Unit activity	
Barriers to	section.	0:2:2
communication		(video clip
	Language	play,
	 Lack of linguistic ability 	content
	• Grammar	tutorial,
		role play)
	Context	
	 Psychology 	
	 Physiology 	
	Systematic	
	 inefficient or inappropriate 	
	information systems	
	 Lack of communication channel 	
	 lack of understanding of the roles 	
	and responsibilities	
	Attitude	
	 Perceptions 	
	 Preconceived notions 	

Building	People	People:	0:4:4
blocks of	Message	 Empathising with sender's or 	
communicatio	Context	receiver's perception	
n	Listening	 Intent & Impact on the 	
		sender/receiver	
		 Think – Feel – Do model 	
		Message:	
		Message channels:	
		o Inperson, email , memo, report	
		Be aware of Mental Filters	
		o Level of	
		understanding/knowledge	
		o Personal concerns	
		 Pre conceived notions 	
		Organize message:	
		o Critical thinking: organize your	
		thoughts?	
		Use following strategy:	
		■ Who	
		■ What	
		■ When	
		■ Why	
		■ How	
		 Bundle Primary and Secondary 	
		information	
		o Mindful about non-verbal	
		message	
		o Tone of voice	
		Examples of Types of messages:	
		o Inform	
		o Persuade	
		o Cyclical	
		Avoiding Miscommunication:	
		Evaluate (Checking for)	
		understanding of the intent of the	
		message with the receiver – by	
		asking clarifying questions?	
		Context:	
		Define context	
		Importance of context	
		Tune into context	
		• Timing	
		• Location	
		Relationship	

Listening:
Importance of listening
Barrier to listening:
Mental filters
Multitasking
Information overload
Strategies for listening:
Recall
Acknowledge
Summarize
Listen with eyes for connecting to
non-verbal connection
Empathize
Pay attention
Ask clarifying questions
Effective Listening Behaviors:
Maintaining relaxed body posture
Leaning slightly forward if sitting
Facing person squarely at eye level
Maintaining an open posture
Maintaining appropriate distance
Offering simple acknowledgements
Reflecting meaning (paraphrase)
Reflecting emotions
Using eye contact
Providing non-distracting environment
Behaviors that hinder effective listening
Acting distracted
Autobiographical (Telling your own
story without acknowledging theirs first)
No response
Invalidating response, put downs
Interrupting
Criticizing
• Judging
Giving advice/solutions
Changing the subject
Reassuring without acknowledgment

UNIT 3: Verbal Communication

Lesson outcome:

At the end of this session, Students should be able to:

- Understand and define the communication framework structure for each of the verbal communication(in person/telephonic/video conference).
- Understand and apply the verbal communication techniques.
- Use technical jargons in communication.
- Use right body language during verbal communication
- Understand and practice the Active Listening techniques
- Confidently articulate or present the content

Different types	In person	Use ABC's : Accuracy, Brevity, Clarity	0:2:4
of verbal		 Introduction 	
communication:	Telephonic	 Main body of the 	
		content	
	Video conference	 Summary 	
		Use voice/tone effectively	
		Reinforcement of Listening	
		skills: Active and Empathetic	
		listening skills	
		Body language	
		Eye contact	
		o Body posture	
		o Gesture	
		-	
Listening Skills	Effective Listening	SpaceEffective Listening Behaviours:	
Listening Jimis	behaviors	Maintaining relaxed body posture	
	behaviors		
		• Leaning slightly forward if sitting	
		Facing person squarely at eye level	
		Maintaining an open posture	
		Maintaining appropriate distance	
		Offering simple acknowledgements	
		Reflecting meaning (paraphrase)	
		Reflecting emotions	
		• Using eye contact	
		Providing non-distracting	
		environment	
	Behaviours that	Behaviours that hinder effective	
	hinder effective	listening	
	listening	Acting distracted	
		Autobiographical (Telling your own	
		story without acknowledging theirs	
		first)	
		• No response	
		Invalidating response, put downs	
		Interrupting	
		• Criticizing	
		• Judging	
		Giving advice/solutions	
		Changing the subject	
Using technical	Assignment based	Reassuring without acknowledgment	
Jargons:	project encouraging		
jai guiis.			
	pupil to use the		

technical terms in	
the written and	
verbal	
communication.	
This requires	
understanding of	
the core concepts	
(from subject	
teacher) and	
integrating the	
concept with	
communication	
concepts to gain the	
real time application	
knowledge.	

UNIT4: Non-Verbal Communication:

Lesson outcome:

At the end of this unit, students should be able to:

- Understand the importance of Body language and its impact.
- Use the strategies for effective body language.
- Understand the relevance of different elements of emails and how to use them.
- Develop the confidence in presenting written content in logical and organized manner with a definitive email framework.
- Write different email formats confidently: Job application, Request email, apology email, email responses/feedback.
- Confidently write Resume/Curriculum-vitae, Reports, Formal letters and portfolio.
- Confidently communicate using technical jargons and with increased vocabulary.

Body		Body language tips:	0:3:4
Body Language	Strategies	Body language tips: Keep appropriate distance Take care of your appearance Maintain eye contact Smile genuinely Do's and Don'ts: dos: smile stand up confident and straight use appropriate hand gestures Make eye contact with audience Hold neat note cards while presenting content Don'ts point at anyone rock backwards and forwards pace across front of room read off slides read off notes	0:3:4
Art of Professiona l writing:	Written communication Emails:	Different types of emails: Job application, request letter, letter writing and quick notes Structure of email text: • Introduction – Beginning of the letter and this plays crucial role as it provides first impression to the reader. • Who: author (name + position and organisation) • what: purpose - controlling idea (what author does or feels)	0:2:4
	Structured framework for writing formal emails to emphasize on professional communication in English	 Development: Expand on the Controlling Idea/purpose of the email by answering relevant WH questions what, when, where, who, whom, which, whose, why, and how Conclusion: Positive words Verb: thank, appreciate, hope, wish 	

o Phrases: be glad about, look forward to	
Email writing samples and practice content in the activity section.	
Additional essential writing skills – Framework will be provided and assignments will be advised:	
 Resume writing /CurriculumVitae Report Writing Portfolio writing Formal letters 	

UNIT5: English - Reading Skills, Grammar & Vocabulary Lesson Outcome:

At the end of the session, student should be able to:

- Read sentences with punctuation.
- Understand the techniques of reading complex words.
- Understand and apply the reading techniques for efficient reading.
- Understand the usage of communication tools like Thesaurus and Dictionary that aids in improving vocabulary and reading.
- Understand and apply the functional grammar aspects in day today communication.

Comprehension activities	Passage comprehension	
	Conversation comprehension	0:2: 2
Techniques for smart		
reading		
	Strategies for smart reading:	
	 Skimming and scanning through 	
	the text, inferring the meaning	
	 Questioning, summarizing 	
List of Commonly	Set of words to accelerate the English	0:1: 2
confused words and how	language learning and usage.	
to use/avoid them	Strategies to use these words effectively	
Sentences:		
o Declarative	Techniques of categorizing sentences,	0:1: 2
sentence	understanding how to build with	
	punctuation and effectively use in the	

Reading	o Imperative	verbal and non-verbal communication.	
skills	sentence	This involves more of hands on	
	o Interrogativ	activities.	
	e sentence		
	o Exclamator		
	y sentence		
Functional			
Grammar			
		Comprehension remains as a main	0:1: 2
	Punctuation, Content	activity to accelerate the learning of	
	organization and	spoken and written English language	
	Comprehension		
		Increases vocabulary, builds confidence	
	Techniques:	and helps in becoming a good	
	Learning new	communicator.	
	words from		
	comprehension by	Activities are done, tips are provided to	
	way of repetition	efficiently implement these strategies.	
Vocabulary	and usage of these		
	words in		
	communication		
	Listing technical		
	jargons and		
	repeatedly using in		
	the communication		
	with peers and		
	teachers		
	Chunking and		
	reading words		0:1:0
	Tools		0.1.0
	Understand the		
	difference between		
	a Dictionary and a		
	Thesaurus		
	• Understand		
	"When" and "How"		
	to use these tools		
	for communication		

Unit 6 - Communication Tools

Lesson Outcome:

At the end of the session, student should be able to:

- Use Email technology efficiently for communication
- Present content in the PPT format efficiently
- Understand different platforms available for web conferencing and efficiently work with them.
- Create reports and data management.

Introduction communication tools Advantages and Disadvantages Email using Gmail	0:1:1
One-to-One Formatting, layout Including attachment Working with "To, CC, BCC" and Subject fields effectively Using signature	
One-to-One Including attachment Working with "To, CC, BCC" and Subject fields effectively Using signature	0:1:2
Working with "To, CC, BCC" and Subject fields effectively Using signature	0:1:2
fields effectively Using signature	0:1:2
Using signature	0:1:2
	0:1:2
Procentation using Creating Editing Saying slides	0:1:2
Tresentation using Creating, Earting, Saving Sinces	
One-to- PowerPoint Using Animation	
Many Formatting options	
Webinar / Web Hosting online meeting using online meeting	0:1:1
Presentation (zoom, tools	
Google meet, Skype) Inviting people	
Sharing screen	
Other Reports using MS Open, close, Edit and Save usage with	0:1: 2
<i>Word</i> documents	
Layout and strategies for creating report	
Sample report creation demo with follow on	
assignment	
Core subject project report submission	
assignment	
Data & Graphs using Open, close, save and edit the excel	0:1: 2
<i>MS Excel</i> document	
Creating data	
Using basic maths operation in Excel for	
working with data	
Creating simple graphs	
Assignment: For example, creating statistics	
of subject wise activities completed for 6	
months in the credit course	
	4:34:40

Course Class Activity List (Unit-wise)

The following are the various activities that faculty could conduct for each unit are presented below;

Unit No.	Unit Title	Unit Activities
		1. 42 sounds revision:
UNIT 1: Activities:	English – Introduction	 s, a, t, i, p, n c k, e, h, r, m, d g, o, u, l, f, b ai, j, oa, ie, ee, or z, w, ng, v, oo, oo y, x, ch, sh, th, th qu, ou, oi, ue, er, ar This helps in reducing the native language impact Helps in understanding Short and Long vowel words Helps in spelling Helps in pronunciation Reading commonly used words loud from the list (list will be provided in the workbook): This helps in getting familiarity with the word pronunciation and helps in reading. Blending words activity: Write simple three letter words (CVC/CVCC/CVCV) pattern words: Can, Cap, Snap, cape (list will be provided in the workbook) Show how to blend with the sound. Starting with 3 letter words and continuing to 6 to 8 letter words, it is always important to assess and ensure the student is aware of all the 42 sounds and are comfortable making small words.
		Parts of Speech:
		building sentence using parts of speech: Demonstration by teacher: (Will be explained in the book as an example)
		Jumbled parts of speech: Student should pick the right order to build meaningful sentence:
		(More samples will be provided in the workbook)
		College go to youeveryday.Makes spider web the a

		Gender, Singular and Plurals:
		Match the following activity for singular and plural
		Fill in the blanks activity for genders
		Reading & Comprehension: Conversation
		Conversation at the bank (provided in the
		workbook along with few more conversation
		samples)
		Questions based on this conversation will be
		provided in the workbook
		Oral:
		Introduce yourself?
Unit 2	Communication	Visual:
		Video clip on communication etiquette
		Pictures (in addendum section): do's and don'ts of
		communication
		Group of students, one participant whispers in another
		participant's ear, and this message has to be passed on
		in a circle until it reaches back the sender. Making a note
		of process of message conveyed and how it was
		perceived.
		Ferren
		 Identify the communication gap if any.
		 Discuss and conclude the communication
		framework importance
		 Discuss/reiterate how to make communication
		framework strong.
		1. Role play to assess the understanding of building
		blocks of communication: (can be tapered to the
		core skills of diploma courses, following are just few
		of the examples)
		a. Announcing the result of students in the
		class
		or
		b. Announcing the job placement of students
		(people, context, message, form of message)
		c. Discussing the guidelines of examination
		(listening skills)
		d. Listening to the weather forecast without
		seeing and making note of the listening

		ability (play video of weather forecast) – Assess based on how much the student is able to recall. 2. Run National geography/Discovery Video clip/subject related technical video clip on YouTube: Check:
		 if the student has not understood what a speaker expressed about work or safety related issues seeking clarification or advice appropriately from colleague, customer, management or vendor
		Voice/tone modulation: Showcase video Discussion:
Unit 3	Verbal	What was right?
	communication	What was wrong?
		How it should have been better?
		2. Picture description activity (memory test): Class split into groups A, B C,D: (two or four groups of at least 5 people each): Teacher shows different picture to each group for three minutes. Now each group has to remember what was on the picture and discuss with each other, write down the elements on a piece of sheet and share it with the teacher. Group that remembers more will be the winner.
		Teacher to observe the body language of a student in the group, listening skills of a student, presentation skill, comprehension skill, content delivery skill, confidence level, team work. And reiterate the concepts, dos and don'ts, and discuss what could have been done better. (details of pictures will be given in the workbook)
		3. Telephonic conversation: Role play by a teacher: Call Airtel/Vodafone department and asking for the phone number portability process.

		 After teacher demonstrates, teacher divides the class in to small groups of three people. Each group will be given a different telephone conversation assignment (samples will be provided in workbook). Two people in the group pretend to converse over the phone, and the third person makes a note of right and wrong approaches during the communication.
Unit 4:	Non-verbal communication	Body language
		Simon Says:
		Instructions and set up :
		1. Series of instructions to the group that are to be copied/reproduced. Start slowly and increase the pace
		2. State the following actions as YOU do them:
		 Put your hand to your nose
		o Clap your hands
		Stand upTurn around
		Turn aroundTouch your shoulder
		o Sit down
		Stamp your foot
		o Cross your arms
		 Put your hand to your forehead – <u>BUT WHILE</u> <u>SAYING THIS PUT YOUR HAND TO YOUR NOSE</u>
		3. Observe the number of group members who copy what you did rather than what you said.
		Outcome of this activity:
		Discuss how body language can reinforce/influence verbal communication and drive the importance of body language and how to work on it
		Email communication & Using technical jargons:
		Sample letter writing as assignment to students. (list will be provided in the text book - Request, apology,

UNIT 5:	English - Reading Skills, Grammar & Vocabulary	 job application and relevant email formats that are useful for students post diploma course) There will be at least one assignment that utilizes technical jargons in email communication. Reading passage (Provided in workbook) Reading passage from the text book Comprehension: Passage & Conversation (will be provided in workbook) Chunking words and reading activities
Unit 6:	Communication tools	 Email writing activities: Writing emails using email provider. Theme based email writing Report writing assignment
		 Writing about a machinery tool/interior designing plan? Related to the diploma stream. Resume writing assignment Data handling: Collecting data about machines/number of students passed out of college for last three years and creating graph about it. Presentation: About learning in the communication class Concept presentation

Course Assessment Strategies

Assessment Methodology

- a. Observation (role play activities, team activities, demonstration)
- b. Questions & Answer Periodic Assessment

Assessment Grading RUBRICS

0	
Language Basics	
Beginner	Doesn't know / understand
Intermediate	can read and identify commonly used words
Good	Confident, able to communicate well with known people
Advanced	Confident, able to communicate well with anyone using a English
Expert	Can read, understand; Also comprehend & can train others
Reading	
Beginner	Beginning to read, has native language impact
Intermediate	can read, identify words, build simple 3/4/5 letter words easily
Good	Can read, understand, build words, read simple sentences; Also comprehend

Advanced	Can read, understand, build words, read simple sentences; Also comprehend
Expert	Confident, read simple and complex sentences with punctuation, comprehend, spell also build words
Inter personal communication	
Beginner	is shy, doesn't talk/express
Intermediate	hesitates to communicate – due to lack of confidence / ability, can talk to known people
Good	can talk to unknown people, less confident, does not express, has hard time working as a team
Advanced	can talk to unknown people, confident, can't express, has hard time working as a team
Expert	confident, can talk to anyone, express well, works well in the team
Body language	
Beginner	Is shy, not open to communicate, has hard time making friends
Intermediate	Knows basics of Body language, practices sometimes
Good	Knows basics of Body language, practices most times, has less confidence in presenting content
Advanced	Knows and practices good body language all times, can present content
Expert	Knows and practices good body language all times, is an example, Leads the pack to get better
Listening Skills	
Beginner	Just hears, no attention
Intermediate	Listens, pays attention, does not ask any question
Good	Listens, pays attention, ask questions
Advanced	listens, pays attention, asks questions, cannot empathize
Expert	Listens, pays attention, asks clarifying questions, able to understand the message communicated
Acceptability to Learn	
Low	is not receiving to information
Average	receives information but resists to implement
Good , Above Average	receives information and implements per instructions
Strong	receives information and proactively implements and seeks feedback
Verbal Communication	
Beginner	Does not communicate, shy, low on confidence: has problem expressing in his/her native language or English language
Intermediate	Can communicate in native language, low confidence, shy, yet to try in English language
Good	Can communicate in native language, good confidence, tries to communicate in English language
Advanced	Can communicate in native language, express view points, good confidence, comfortable talking to people in the team, tries to communicate in English language aswell

Expert	Can communicate in native language, express view points, very good confidence, can communicate with anyone without any fear, asks clarifying questions, communicates well in English, or tries hard to communicate in English language as well
Non-Verbal Communication	
Beginner	Struggles to understand the non-verbal cues, has to work on body language, has hard time understanding the written communication aspects
Intermediate	Can understand the non-verbal cues, has to practice, tries to apply written communication aspects
Good	Can understand non-verbal cues, practices well, works hard to get hold on written communication skills, exhibits confidence in whatever task is given
Advanced	Can understand non-verbal cues, can work on written communication aspects, exhibits confidence, practices well, help others to identify non-verbal cues
Expert	Can understand non-verbal cues, train others, confident, exhibits good non-verbal cues at all times, can train the pack, has good hold on written communication as well.
Comment	
Comprehension Beginner	Tries to read the passage, has hard time to comprehend
Intermediate	Can read the conversation passage, has hard time understanding the regular passage
Good	Can read the conversation passage, regular passage, but stutters in answering questions if there are technical jargons
Advanced	Can read the conversation passage, comprehend but regular passage comprehension is good
Expert	Can read the conversation passage, comprehend but regular passage comprehension is good, explain better to others, help others, lead the pack
Writing Communication	
Beginner	Has trouble forming right sentences for written communication
Intermediate	Can form sentences, has problem with the layout, gets confused between layout for different form of written communication
Good	Can form sentences, has fair understanding of the layout to be used for particular type of written communication, but stutters for words and expression
Advanced	Can form sentences, has good understanding of the layout to be used for particular type of written communication, confident, can express thoughts well
Expert	Can form sentences, has good understanding of the layout to be used for particular type of written communication, confident, can express thoughts well and train others and lead the pack

Course assessment and Evaluation

Sl.No	Assessment	Time frame in semester	Duration	Max	Conversion
			(hrs)	marks	
1.	Pre assessment	essment Beginning of the course		NA	NA
		commencement			
2	Skill Test - 1	At the end of 3 rd week	2	20	
3				20	Average of
	Skill Test-2	At the end of 7th week	2		three skill
4				20	tests
	Skill Test-3	At the end of 13th week	2		
5	Total Continu	ous Internal Evaluation (CIE) A	ssessment	60	60
6	Semester End Ex	camination(SEE) Assessment	2+1=3	100	40
	- Practical mode	•		(75+25)	
		(Written Test)			
		+			
	S	Student Activity			
		TOTAL			100

Recommended Learning Resources

https://www.englishclub.com/grammar/parts-of-speech.htm

Watch Amy Cuddy's TED Talk: Your Body Language Shapes Who You Are

Additional Reading: http://monev.cnn.com/2000/05/03/career/q body language/

Pre-assessment:

Activity 1:

Make a group, read random words from the list, build sentence for few words from the list.

Create a group of 3 or 5 students. Randomly pick 5 words from the word list write down on the board/show them as a chart if you have created a word chart/make chit of words and ask them to pick one chit and READ the word.

Main idea: Testing the pronunciation ability, language ability, confidence in speaking, ability to understand and accept the instruction

Activity 2:

Simple reading test – Reading passages (Simple passage from the current course book)
Show the reading passage, let each one of them read 2 lines, after first student is done with reading two lines, then the next student must pick up from there and read next two lines. This process has to be followed until the entire class is done with reading or at least ten students are done with reading.

Main idea: Testing listening skills, attentiveness, language ability, pronunciation ability

Activity 3:

Students getting to know each other. Create a group of 3 or 5 students. Each student gets chance to talk to another student, introduce him/herself to the student, ask question, make a note of the answer against the name of the student who is answering the question on a sheet of paper.

Main idea: To assess current communication level, body language when students talk with each other, and confidence.

Comm	only Used Wo	rd List			Yes	To	Girl	This	
When	Today	For	Off		On	Am	Α	Could	
Give	Stop	There	Often		Been	Where	You	Now	
Again	Little	Than	Myself		Of	Way	Be	Fun	
Do	Large	At	Over		Не	Which	Were	Only	
From	Both	Like	Along		It	Write	Or	Much	
Him	Name	Said	Why		More	Goes	One	Tell	
Can	Few	They	Has		My	Great	All	Out	
Go	Home	Look	Bring		Any	Number		That	Fast
But	Big	Know	Part		Their	First	Cat	Is	
Old	Should	Done	By		We	Find	His	Small	
Not	Once	High	As		She	Me	Have	Dog	
Her	Thought		So	Into	Did	In	How	See	
Time	Better	Them	Away		Went	Before	Water	Here	
Long	Many	Does	No		Full	Saw	And	People	
Had	Get	Always	Other		Some	Never	Use	School	
Word	Please	These	With		Then	Boy	Take	Two	
Very	Ask	Last	An		If	Right	The	Call	
Your	Say	Got	What		Night	After	Will	Might	
Make	Ten	Next	Come		Made	About	Was	May	
Day	I	Those	Would		Up	Far	Are	Walk	
Each	Show	Play	Who						

To assess current communication skill: Activity based

Activity 3:

Making a group of students and getting to know each other with a predefined expectation for example:

Name:

I have performed on stage:

I'm good at sports:

I can speak more than 3 languages:

I'm always cheerful:

I like my mother tongue:

Government of Karnataka Department of Collegiate and Technical Education Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore

Course Code	20SC02P	Semester	I/II
Course Title	STATISTICS AND ANALYTICS	Course Group	Core
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Lecture and practice
Course Category	Practice	Total Contact	6 Hrs. Per Week
		Hours	78 Hrs. Per Semester
Prerequisites	10 TH LEVEL MATHEMATICS	Teaching Scheme	(L: T:P)-1:0:2
CIE Marks	60	SEE Marks	40

RATIONALE

Statistics and analytics help the learner to use the proper methods to collect the data, employ the correct analyses, effectively present the results and conduct research, to be able to read and evaluate journal articles, to further develop critical thinking and analytic skills, to act as an informed consumer and to know when you need to hire outside statistical help. The python language is one of the most accessible programming languages available because it has simplified syntax and not complicated, which gives more emphasis on natural language.

COURSE OUT COMES

At the end of the course, student will be able to

CO1	Understand the tools of data collection, classification and cleaning of data.
CO2	Able to summarize the given statistical data
CO3	Understand the measure of location and dispersion of data.
CO4	Learn the basics of Python programming.

DETAILS OF COURSE CONTENT

The following topics/subtopics is to be taught and assessed in order to develop Unit Skill Sets for achieving CO to attain identified skill sets.

UNIT NO	Unit skill set (In cognitive domain)	Topics/Subtopics	Hours L-T-P
UNIT-1 STATISTICAL DATA COLLECTION AND TYPES	 ➢ Able to collect statistical data. ➢ Able to distinguish the data types. ➢ Understands the usage of data collection tools ➢ Able to specify problem statement for data collection ➢ Able to collect data pointing the root cause of the problem statement. 	a Definition of data and classification (qualitative quantitative discrete and continuous data). b Data collection tools i) Questionnaires. ii) Survey. iii) Interviews. iv) Focus group discussion. 1.3 Data cleaning.	4-0-8
UNIT-2 SUMMARIZATION OF DATA	➤ Sketches bar, pie and histograms on Microsoft Excel spread sheet. ➤ Sketches frequency curve and frequency polygon for the data set on Microsoft Excel spread sheet. ➤ Sketches bar, pie and histograms on Microsoft Excel spread	a Descriptive statistics v) Datatabulation(frequency table vi) Relative frequency table. b Grouped data vii) Bar graph viii) Pie chart ix) Line graph x) Frequency polygon xi) Frequency curve xii) Relative frequency polygon xiii) Histograms xiv) Box plot xv) Leaf-stem plot To be done in Microsoft excel.	8-0-16

	T	
	sheet. Sketches frequency curve and frequency polygon for the data set on Microsoft Excel spread sheet.	
UNIT-3 MEASURE OF LOCATION AND DISPERSION	 Able to determine the descriptive statistical variables using Microsoft Excel. Able to determine the absolute measures of dispersion of the given data set. Explain the symmetry and asymmetry of the distributed data. Determination of centenderies Range, Mean, Mode Median for the data in Microsoft excel. Determination of absolute measures of dispersion for data like range quartile deviation mean deviation, standard deviation and variance in Microsoft Excel. Skewness and kurtosis graphs in Microsoft excel and interpretations of results. 	soft e e e e e e e e e
UNIT-4 INTRODUCTION TO PYTHON PROGRAMMING	 Able Install and run the Python interpreter. Create and execute Python programs. Understand the concepts of file I/O. Able to read data from a text file using Python. Learn variable declarations in Python. Learn control structures. Able Install and 4.1 Introduction to PYTHON. 4.2 Syntax of PYTHON. 4.3 Comments of PYTHON. 4.5 Variables of PYTHON. 4.6 Loops in PYTHON. 4.7 Arrays and functions in PYTHON. 4.8 Loops in PYTHON. 4.9 Arrays and functions in PYTHON. 4.1 Introduction to PYTHON. 4.2 Syntax of PYTHON. 4.3 Comments of PYTHON. 4.4 Data types of PYTHON. 4.5 Variables of PYTHON. 4.6 Loops in PYTHON. 4.7 Arrays and functions in PYTHON. 4.8 Loops in PYTHON. 4.9 Loops in PYTHON. 4.1 Introduction to PYTHON. 4.2 Syntax of PYTHON. 4.3 Comments of PYTHON. 4.5 Variables of PYTHON. 4.6 Loops in PYTHON. 4.7 Arrays and functions in PYTHON. 4.8 Loops in PYTHON. 4.9 Loops in PYTHON. 4.0 Loops in PYTHON. 4.1 Loops in PYTHON. 4.2 Data types of PYTHON. 4.2 Data types of PYTHON. 4.3 Comments of PYTHON. 4.4 Data types of PYTHON. 4.5 Variables of PYTHON. 4.6 Loops in PYTHON. 4.7 Arrays and functions in PYTHON. 4.8 Loops in PYTHON. 4.9 Loops in PYTHON. 4.0 Loops in PYTHON. 4.1 Introduction in PYTHON. 4.2 Loops in PYTHON. 4.6 Loops in PYTHON. 4.7 Arrays and functions in PYTHON. 	ON. 8-0-16

	•				
SL NO	Practical outcomes/Practical exercises	Unit no	PO	СО	L:T:P
1	Prepare a questionnaire (closed end) containing 25 questions for a specified problem statement: for example experience of an individual in a restaurant.	1	1,2,4,5,7	1	0:0:2
2	Prepare a Google form for a specified problem statement to collect the dataset. (for example questionnaire to conduct online quiz)	1	1,2,4,5,7	1	0:0:2
3	Send out a survey on your problem statement to number of 50 (By Google forms) and collect the data.	1	1,2,4,5,7	1	0:0:2
4	Remove duplicate or irrelevant observations. Remove unwanted observations from the dataset provided, including duplicate observations or irrelevant observations.	1	1,2,4,5,7	1	0:0:2
5	In Microsoft Excel spread sheet draw the frequency distribution table for the given data (data set should contain minimum 50 data).	2	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2
6	In Microsoft Excel spread sheet draw the relative frequency distribution table for the given data (data set should contain minimum 50 data).	2	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2
7	Using Microsoft Excel spread sheet plot bar graph for the data collected from 100 people(for example, conduct a survey on the favorite fruit of a person in your locality(restricting to 5 to 6 fruits). Explain the bar graph with minimum 30 words.	2	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2
8	Using Microsoft Excel spread sheet plot pie chart for the data collected from 50 people(for example, conduct a survey on the smokers with respect to their ages in your locality. Explain the pie chart with minimum 30 words.	2	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2
9	Using Microsoft Excel spread sheet draw a line graph for the given dataset.	2	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2
10	Using Microsoft Excel spread sheet draw frequency polygon and frequency curve for the data collected from 50 people. (For example, marks obtained by the students in your class in 5 subjects in previous examination). Explain your observations from the graph in minimum 30 words.	2	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2
11	Using Microsoft Excel spread sheet construct a box plot for the given dataset. (For example dataset can be the number of passengers in a flat form at different time in a day).	2	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2
12	Using Microsoft Excel spread sheet construct a leaf plot for the given dataset. Explain the graph with minimum 30 words.	2	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2

Total Hours						
26	Write a python program to create a labeled pie chart using matpoltlib. pyplot.	4		1,2,4,5,7	4	0:0:2 0:0:52=5
25	Write a python program to create a labeled bar graph using matpoltlib. pyplot.	4		1,2,4,5,7	4	0:0:2
24	Write a python program to display student marks from the record.	4		1,2,4,5,7	4	0:0:2
23	Write a python program to find the variance and standard deviation for the given data	4		1,2,4,5,7	4	0:0:2
22	Write a python program to find whether the number is odd or even.	4		1,2,4,5,7	4	0:0:2
21	Write a python program to find the sum of first 10 natural numbers.	4		1,2,4,5,7	4	0:0:2
20	Write a python program to add 2 integers and 2 strings and print the result.	4		1,2,4,5,7	4	0:0:2
18	Using Microsoft Excel spread sheet draw a Skewness graph and kurtosis graph for randomly generated dataset.	3		1,2,4,5,7	3	0:0:2
17	Collect the data of two wheeler (with a rider and a pillion) crossing a busy junction in your locality in the peak hours (problem statement can be changed according to priorities of the tutor) and determine the variance of the data in Microsoft excel spread sheet and brief your inference with less than 30 words.	3		1,2,4,5,7	3	0:0:2
16	Collect the data of any 2 livestock population from 50 different houses in your locality (problem statement can be changed according to priorities of the tutor) and determine standard deviation for both the two separately in Microsoft excel spread sheet and brief your inference with less than 30 words.	3		1,2,4,5,7	3	0:0:2
15	Collect the current yield of a crop from 50 different persons (problem statement can be changed according to priorities of the tutor) in your locality and determine mean deviation and Quartile deviation in Microsoft excel spread sheet and brief your inference with less than 30 words.	3		1,2,4,5,7	3	0:0:2
14	Generate a 50 random data sample (even and odd number dataset) using Microsoft Excel spread sheet and determine the range and Quartiles.	3		1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2
13	Using Microsoft Excel spread sheet find the Mean, Mode and Median for the data (univariate data) given and also represent them in a Histogram.		3	1,2,4,5,7	2	0:0:2

MAPPING OF CO WITH PO

СО	Course Outcome	PO Mapped	Experi ment Linked	Cognitive Level R/U/A	Tutorial & Practical Sessions in Hrs.	TOT AL
CO1	Understand the tools of data collection, classification and cleaning of data.	1,2,4,5,7	1-4	A	12	12
CO2	Able to summarize the given statistical data	1,2,4,5,7	5-12	A	33	33
CO3	Understand the measure of location and dispersion of data.	1,2,4,5,7	13-18	A	12	12
CO4	Learn the basics of Python programming.	1,2,4,5,7	19-26	A	21	21
					78	78

Course	CO's	Programme Outcomes (PO's) CO's						
	608	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	CO1	3	3	0	3	3	0	3
Statistics & Analytics	CO2	3	3	0	3	3	0	3
	CO3	3	3	0	3	3	0	3
	CO4	3	3	0	3	3	0	3

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, **Level 0- Not Mapped**

SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES:

- 1. Statistical Analysis with Excel For Dummies (For Dummies Series) Paperback Import, 9 April 2013 by Joseph Schmuller (Author)
- 2. https://www.brianheinold.net/python/A Practical Introduction to Python Progra mmingHeinold.pdf
- 3. http://www.bikeprof.com/uploads/9/0/6/5/9065192/excel stats handout npl.pdf
- 4. https://adminfinance.umw.edu/tess/files/2013/06/Excel-Manual1.pdf
- 5. https://www.brianheinold.net/python/A Practical Introduction to Python Progra mmingHeinold.pdf
- 6. Introduction to Python programming for beginners by Vivian Baily Kindle edition.
- 7. PYTHON PROGRAMMING: Python programming: the ultimate guide from a beginner to expert by Clive Campbell.
- 8. Open source for python: <a href="https://hub.gke2.mybinder.org/user/jupyterlab-jupyte demo-zfkdwy4y/lab

SUGGESTED LIST OF STUDENT ACTIVITY

Note: The following activities or similar activities for assessing CIE (IA) for 10 marks (Any one)

Describe the data collection activity itself (interviews, surveys, library research, etc.) AND why this specific form of data collection was chosen. Be sure to explain why you think this kind of data will help you in your design process. Also be sure to provide details about the activity: how many interviews, how long they took, where they took place, how many questions asked in a survey, how many respondents, etc.

Present the results of your data collection. You do not have to have completely analyzed all your data, but do make sure you present the results of your research. If you did a survey, please attach a copy of the survey as an appendix; if you did interviews, please attach a copy of the interview questions.

Discuss any preliminary analysis of your data. What have you learned thus far from the data should be discussed from an analytical perspective (rather than a data dump). For example, if you surveyed people about their use of the local bus system, 1 and 90% of your respondents said they take the bus when it is raining, and 60% of your respondents said they usually wait more than 10 minutes for a bus, think about what this teaches you rather than just the information itself. In this instance, you can see that people are generally waiting for several minutes in the rain for a bus, so a covered bus stop might be a good idea. Keep in mind that your findings from data should lead directly to the conclusions you make about your design recommendations. This is the time to begin thinking very specifically about your research in those terms. This is also an opportunity to think about your definition of "better" and how it applies to your design goals and your choice of research activities (for example, if you are choosing to make something better by making it cheaper, maybe you are interviewing people to see how much loss of functionality or decrease in features for a technology they are willing to tolerate).

	https://ils.unc.edu/courses/2013 spring/inls541 001/Assignments.html#Assign
2	ment 9
2	DOWNLOAD a dataset from the above link and use data visualization tools to analyze it.
	Acquire the dataset from https://www.kaggle.com/datasets (For example
	acquire the data of IPL ball by ball scores and find the standard deviation and
3	variance of score of a batsmen) and clean the data for the root cause of the
	problem statement and summarize the date and explain the inference.

COURSE ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION CHART

Meth	What	t	То	When/Wh	Max	Evidence	Course
od			whom	ere	Mar	collected	outcomes
				(Frequenc	ks		
				y in the			
	CIE	14.1.	Ct. l	course)	20	DI DI	1 2 2
	CIE	Mode	Studen	Two IA	20	Blue Book	1,2,3.
	(Continuo us Internal	ls	ts	Tests			
N				(Written)	20	M - J -1	1 2 2
DIRECT ASSESSMENT	Evaluation			Three Skill	20	Model	1,2,3
SSI	J			tests	20	M - J - 1 /D	
SE				Student	20	Model/Rep	
AS				Activity	(0	ort	
L	CDD	Б 1		TOTAL	60	N/ 1 1	4.2.2
Œ	SEE	End		End of the	100	Models	1,2,3
)IE	(Semester	Exam		course			
	End						
	Examinati						
	on)	.111	Ct. I	M: 1.11 C		E II I	1 2 2
LZ	Student Fee		Studen	Middle of		Feedback	1,2,3,
(E)	on cour	se	ts	the course		forms	Delivery of
SSI				F 1 C.1		0 11	course
SES	End of Co			End of the		Questionnai	1,2,3
AS	Surve	У		course		res	Effectiveness
T.							of
EC							Demonstratio
IR							ns&
INDIRECT ASSESSMENT							Assessment
Ι							Methods

Sl.No	Assessment	Duration	Max	Conversion
			marks	
1	CIE Assessment 1 (Written Test -1-theory)	60	20	Average of
1	- At the end of 3rd week	minutes	20	two written
2	CIE Assessment 2 (Written Test -2-theory)	60	20	tests
	- At the end of 13 th week	minutes	20	20
3	CIE Assessment 3 (Skill test)	3 Hrs	20	
3	- At the end of 5 th week	31113	20	Average of
4	CIE Assessment 4 (Skill test)	3 Hrs	20	three skill
4	- At the end of 7 th week	31113	20	tests
5	CIE Assessment 5 (Skill test)	3Hrs	20	20
J	- At the end of 9 th week	31113	20	
6	CIE Assessment 6 (Student activity)		20	20
0	- At the end of 11 th week	_	20	20
7	Total Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) Assessmei	nt	60
8	Semester End Examination (SEE) Assessment	2Hna	100	40
δ	(Practical Test)	3Hrs	100	40
		Total Ma	arks	100

Note:

- 1. CIE written test is conducted for 20 marks (Two sections). Each section shall have two full questions of same CL, CO. Student shall answer one full question (10 marks) from each section.
- 2. CIE Skill test is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) as per scheme of evaluation and the obtained marks are scaled down to 20 marks.
- 3. SEE is conducted for 100 Marks (3 Hours duration) as per scheme of evaluation.

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

CIE, SKILL TEST AND SEMESTER END EXAMINATION

Course & Programme: Common to all Engineering Programmes. Semester: II

Subject: Statistics and Analytics Practice Max Marks: 100 : 20SC21P **Course Code Duration**: 3Hrs

Instruction to the Candidate: Answer both questions

Qn.No	Question	CL	СО	РО	Marks
1	For the given ungrouped data set plot the bar graph by grouping the data in Microsoft excel spread sheet and interpret the obtained results. (Dataset. bar graphs and interpretation have to be entered in the answer script). OR Generate a random data set in Microsoft excel spread sheet containing 50 data and find the mean mode and median in Microsoft excel spread sheet and interpret the obtained results. (Dataset, bar graphs and interpretation have to be entered in the answer script).	A	2,3	1,2,4,5,7	50
2	Write the python program to enter two integers and two strings and to print the sum two integers and two strings.	A	4	1,2,4,5,7	50

Questions are not framed from Unit 1 in the final SEE. Short questions can only be asked from that unit.

SCHEME OF EVALUATION FOR BOTH CIE AND SEE

Sl. No	Particulars	Marks
1	Short questions from Unit 1	10
2	Observation	30
3	Conduction	20

4	Output and Interpretation of result	20
5	Viva-voce	20
	Total	100

EQUIPMENT LIST

FOR STATISTICS AND DATA ANALYTICS LAB

 $2\ laboratories.$ Each containing $30\ computers$ (Desktop) with the following system requirements.

	SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS						
SL NO	REQUIREMENTS	MINIMUM	RECOMMENDED				
1	RAM	4GB FOR FREE RAM	8GB OF TOTAL SYSTEM RAM				
2	DISK SPACE	2.5 GB AND 1 GB FOR CACHES	SSD DRIVE WITH AT LEAST 5 GB OF FREE SPACE				
3	MONITOR RESOLUTION	1024x768	1920×1080				
4	OS(OPERATING SYSTEM)	OFFICIALLY RELEASED 64-BIT VERSIONS OF THE FOLLOWING: MICROSOFT WINDOWS 8 OR LATER	LATEST 64-BIT VERSION OF WINDOWS				

Government of Karnataka

Department of Collegiate and Technical Education

Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore

Course Code	20CS01P	Semester	I/II
Course Title	IT SKILLS	Course Group	ES/CS
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Lecture + Practice
Course Category	ES	Total Contact Hours	6Hrs Per Week
			78Hrs Per Semester
Prerequisites	Basic Computer Skills	Teaching Scheme	(L:T:P)= 1:0:2
CIE Marks	60	SEE Marks	40

1. RATIONALE

Information Technology is crucial to the majority of the business and has a great influence on innovation and engineering. Every branch of engineering and every organization opt for computers and IT skills for business automation, communication/connectivity, resource planning, work automation and securing information etc. All engineering diploma students must be conversant with the basic IT skills which empower them to learn new technologies, adapt to changes, business development, communication etc.

2. COURSE SKILL SET

The aim of the course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching –learning experiences.

Perform jobs related to web design and maintenance, business process automation tool management, cyber security and safety and program assistant.

3. COURSE OBJECTIVES

- 1. Demonstrate the basics of coding.
- 2. Design and develop web pages that include static and dynamic content.
- 3. Describe the basic concepts of Cloud and IoT.
- 4. Express the workflow and business automation
- 5. Recognize the best practices of Cyber Safety and security.

4. JOB ROLE

SL.NO	LEVEL	JOB ROLES
1	3	Junior software developer - web.
2	3	Junior Creative Designer/Digital Artist

5. PREREQUISITES

STUDENT	Basic Computer skills (Students without basic computer skills should be taught basic skills)
TEACHER	Computer science faculty with required knowledge of IT Skills.

6. COURSE OUT COMES

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to demonstrate industry oriented Cos associated with the above mentioned competency:

	COURSE OUTCOME	CL	LINKED	TEACHING
			PO	HOURS
CO1	Illustrate the basics of coding and develop simple	U	1,4,7	15
	applications for android phones.			
CO2	Design and Develop websites.	U, A	1,4,7	30
CO3	Identify Cloud Services IoT applications	U, A	1,4,7	09
CO4	Apply workflow and use ERP for a simple project plan	U, A	1,4,7	12
CO5	Implement best practices of cyber safety and security	U, A	1,4,7	12
	in the workplace.			
	TOTAL			78

Legends: R = Remember; U = Understand; A = Apply and above levels CL = Cognitive Level (Bloom's revised taxonomy)

7. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE WITH HOURS & MARKS(THEORY)

	UNIT NAME		DISTRIBUTION OF THEORY MARKS		ON OF	
UNITNO.		TEACHING			THEORY MARKS	
		HOURS	R	U	A	TOTAL
1	Introduction to basics of coding	15				
2	Design and develop web pages	30				
3	Business process automation/ERP	09				

4	Introduction to Cloud and IoT Concepts	12	
5	Cybersecurity and safety	12	
	Total	78	200

Legends: R = Remember; U = Understand; A = Apply and above levels (Bloom's revised taxonomy)

8. INSTRUCTIONAL STRATERGY

These are sample strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes

- 1. Lecturer method(L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching method and media visual/graphical content that are employed to develop the outcomes
- 2. Massive Open on-line courses (MOOCS) can be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- 3. Online coding platform wherever mentioned.
- 4. Hands on coding should be practiced.
- 5. About 15 to 20% of the topics/sub topics which are relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for self-directed learning

9. DETAILS OF COURSE CONTENT

The following topics/sub topics is to be taught and assessed in order to develop Unit Skill sets for achieving CO to attain identified skill sets

UNIT	Topics/Sub topics	Unit skill set/Learning outcomes		Hours
NO			(In cognitive domain)	L-T-P
1	UNIT 1 - INTRODUCTION TO BASICS OF CODING			
	1.1 Introduction to computer programming	1.	Understand computer	
	1.2 Algorithms –With sufficient examples		programming	
	1.3 Flowcharts – With sufficient examples	2.	Create and write Algorithm for	
	1.4 Execute simple programs		programmable problems.	
	Note: Below listed or any other suitable	3.	Design Flowchart for	
	online/offline coding platforms should be		programmable problems.	
	used to demonstrate and provide coding	4.	Develop simple Android	
	experience to students.		application.	
	a. https://scratch.mit.edu/			

	b. https://studio.code.org/projects		
	Suggested programs are listed in Table 1		
	1.5 Introduction to Application		
	development		
	1.6 Simple android application development (No		
	knowledge of programming language is required).		
	Note:		
	i. The purpose of application development		
	is to ignite and promote programming		
	skills.		
	ii. Application development should be		
	done using any App builder platforms		
	such as		
	iii. MITApp Inventor:		
	https://appinventor.mit.edu/ iv. Thunkable: <u>https://thunkable.com/</u>		
	v. ibuildapp: <u>https://ibuildapp.com/</u>		
	vi. The student should be introduced to the		
	android application development		
	environment for further research and		
	learning <u>https://developer.android.com/</u>		
	1.7 Activity: create a simple Android		
	application (Unique for each student)		
	publish on the learning management		
	system.		
2	UNIT 2 - DESIGN AND DEVE	ELOP WEB PAGES	10-0-20
2	2.1 Basic web technologies	1. Understand and examine basic	
	■ Browser	web technologies	
	■ Web –Server	2. Creating static web pages	
	■ Client-Server Model	3. Formatting Webpages with	
	• URL	cascading style sheets (CSS)	
	SEO techniques	4. Creating Dynamic web pages	
	Domain names and domain name system.	with JavaScript	
	2.2 Creating Web-pages with HTML5 - Static		

web pages.

- Introduction, Editors
- Tags, Attributes, Elements, Headings
- Links, Images, List, Tables, Forms
- Formatting, Layout, Iframes.
- 2.3 Formatting web pages with style sheets (CSS3).
 - Introduction to CSS
 - Inline CSS, Internal CSS, Classes and IDs
 - div, Color, Floating, Positioning
 - Margins, Padding, Borders
 - Fonts, Aligning Text, Styling Links
- 2.4 Creating a web page dynamic using JavaScript.
 - Dynamic web page and Introduction to JS
 - Basic syntax
 - Functions
 - Events

Note: Refer https://www.w3schools.com

- **2.6** Creating dashboards in websites.
- 2.6 Activity: Personal website design and launch with a free platform or Create a Blogging website.
 - Online platforms (Learning and executing)
 - https://www.w3schools.com/
 - https://studio.code.org
 - https://www.khanacademy.org

Note:

- 1) The student must be introduced to website development platforms worldpress.com.
- 2) The student must be made familiar

Creating and launching dashboard based personal website.

	with launching websites .		
	Certification available:		
	HTML - W3schools		
	CSS - W3schools		
	 JavaScript - W3schools 		
3	UNIT 3 -BUSINESS PROCESS AUTOMATION/ERP		
3	3.1 Introduction to business process	1. Identify and examine the needs	
	automation.	of business process automation.	
	3.2 Organization structure and functions	2. Understand Organization	
	composition-Properties and applications	structure and functions	
	Structure	3. Create and use workflows	
	Types	4. Use Enterprise resource	
	Functional Units	planning in workplace.	
	Note: Students should be made familiar with		
	organization, types and components of a big		
	enterprise to make him understand the		
	working of organization keeping him as part		
	of org.		
	3.3 Workflows		
	Introduction		
	Components		
	Use and use cases		
	Note: Use free and open-source platform to		
	demonstrate and create workflows.		
	Example:		
	https://airflow.apache.org/		
	https://taverna.incubator.apache.org/		
	https://trello.com/		
	https://www.processmaker.com/		
	3.4 Enterprise resource planning		
	History		
	Evolution		
	Uses of ERP		
	ERP software tools.		_

	N	<u></u>	<u> </u>
	Note: The student should be introduced into		
	Enterprise resource planning software tools		
	to understand importance of ERP.		
	Examples:		
	https://erpnext.com/		
	■www.bitrix24.com		
	https://www.odoo.com/		
	3.5 Activity:		
	Project plan for summer internship -		
	use open source ERP Software		
	 Identify different components of 		
	nearby organization with recourse		
	plan and workflow design.		
	Identify types of ERP software		
	available with their market share.		
4	UNIT 4 - INTRODUCTION TO CLO	UD AND IOT CONCEPTS	04-0-8
	4.1 Fundamentals of cloud	1. Understand Cloud concepts	
	4.2 Cloud service models	2. Identify and use Cloud services	
	IaaS (Infrastructure-as-a-Service)		
	PaaS (Platform-as-a-Service)	3. UnderstandIoT concepts	
	SaaS (Software-as-a-Service)	4. Identify IoT applications	
	4.3 Cloud deployment types		
	■ Public,		
	■ Private,		
	■ Hybrid		
	Community Cloud		
	4.4 Cloud services:		
	■ Google Drive - file storage and		
	synchronization service developed by Google;		
	■ Google docs- bring your documents to life		
	with smart editing and styling tools to help		
	you easily format text and paragraphs;		
	• Google Co-lab (Usage of Jupyter Notebook):		
	Colab notebooks allow you to combine		
		L	

- executable code and rich text in a single document, along with images, HTML, LaTeX, and more.
- Google App Engine: Google App Engine is a Platform as a Service and cloud computing platform for developing and hosting web applications in Google-managed data centers. Applications are sandboxed and run across multiple servers.

Note: Above cloud services are not compulsory for all branches; teacher can recommend other cloud service based on need of engineering branch.

- 4.5 Working of IoT and IoT components (Only brief introduction and demonstration through videos)
- 4.6 Explain concept of Internet of Things with examples
 - Smart home
 - Smart city
 - Smart farming

Note:

- a. Teacher can also select specific area of work where Things (autonomous computing devices) could be interconnected over TCP/IP to establish IoT.
- The students should be introduced to the IoT environment for further research and study.

Example:

- https://www.raspberrypi.org/
- https://www.arduino.cc/

	4.7 Activity:		
	Create your cloud service account and		
	demonstrate using cloud services.		
	Identify cloud service provider with respect		
	to service models and deployment types.		
	Identify areas where Internet of Things could		
	bring positive changes.		4-0-8
5	UNIT 5 - CYBERSECURITY AND SAFETY		
	5.1 Introduction to Cyber security and cyber	1. Identify need for Cyber	
	safety.	security and cyber safety	
	Brief awareness on cyber safety	2. Identify basic security issues in	
	measures	mobile phones and personal	
	 Identification of basic security issues in 	computers	
	mobile phones and personal computers	2 Francisco Invantanto	
	 Installation of Antivirus software 	3. Examine Importance of	
	 Firewall concepts 	privacy, Password policy	
	Browser settings	4. Implement best practices of	
	 Importance of privacy and Password 	cyber safety and security in	
	policy (Best practices).	work place	
	5.2 Common threats - Demonstration		
	Phishing		
	 DoS attack 		
	Man in the middle attackEavesdropping		
	Spamming		
	5.3 Activity		
	Identification of basic security issues in		
	computers of your college and fixing the same.		
	Visit nearby government organization.		
	 Identify basic cybersecurity issues 		
	and fixing the same		
	 Demonstrate the importance of 		
	cybersecurity, password policy, and		
	cyber safety.		

10. SUGGESTED PRACTICAL SKILL EXERCISES

TABLE-I

Sl. No.	Practical Out Comes/Practical exercises		PO	СО
SI. NU.	Fractical out comes/Fractical exercises	No.	FU	CO
	Write an algorithm for programmable problems			
	Example for Reference:			
1	Add/subtract two numbers	1	1,4,7	1
	Find the largest/smallest of 3 numbers			
	Calculate and print sum of 'N' numbers			
	Design a flowchart for programmable problems			
	Example for Reference:			
2	Add/subtract two numbers	1	1,4,7	1
	Find the largest/smallest of 3 numbers			
	Calculate and print sum of 'N' numbers			
3	Design and create simple game using MIT-scratch/Code.org	1	1,4,7	1
4	Design and create simple android application (MIT App Inventor)	1	1,4,7	1
5	Design and create webpage for displaying your poem (Title,	2	1,4,7	2
3	header, paragraph, formatting tags)	2		
	Design and create webpage for your wish list (What you want to			
6	do). Also list challenges and opportunities along with images to	2	1,4,7	2
	present your dreams (List ordered and unordered, Image, table)			
7	Design and create webpage using HTML and CSS about an	2	1,4,7	2
,	awesome animal (Use necessary CSS tags)	2	1,4,/	
8	Design and create web page for a travel book/recipe book with	2	1,47	2
0	more than 3 pages, table to list places/recipes (iframe, hyperlink)	2	1,47	
	Design and create web page with JavaScript to design a simple			
9	calculator to perform the following operations: sum, product,	2	1,4,7	2
	difference and quotient			
10	Design and create a personal webpage with dashboard	2	1,4,7	2
11	Design and create web page about advantages of business process	2.2	1 / 7	2.2
11	automation with respect to your branch of engineering	2,3	1,4,7	2,3

12	Create a workflow for education loan approval in bank/diploma admission process (Use any tool)	3	1,4,7	3
13	Demonstrate ERP with ERPNext Demo for manufacturing, retail and service sector (Use any other ERP tools)		1,4,7	3
14	Create user account and demonstrate use of Google drive, Google docs, Google Co-lab (Usage of Jupyter Notebook)	4	1,4,7	4
15	 1.1 Demonstrate Internet of Things using with examples a. Smart home b. Smart city c. Smart farming Note: Teacher can also select specific area of work where Things (autonomous computing devices) could be interconnected over TCP/IP to establish IoT. 	4	1,4,7	4
16	Installation of Antivirus software	5	1,4,7	5
17	Demonstration and hands on browser settings	5	1,4,7	5
18	Demonstration and hands on privacy settings and password policy	5	1,4,7	5
19	Demonstration of common security threats (using videos) a. Phishing b. DoS attack c. Man in the middle attack d. Spamming e. Virus	5	1,4,7	5

The suggested practical activities (TABLE-I) in this section are demonstrated for the attainment of the competency. These practical activities can also be used for the student assessment in portfolio mode for awarding CIE marks. The lecturer can enhance the competency level of the students by sketching more practical exercises.

NOTES:

- 1. It is compulsory to prepare log book/record of exercises. It is also required to get each exercise recorded in logbook, checked and duly dated signed by the teacher
- 2. Student activities are compulsory and are also required to be performed and noted in logbook.
- 3. Student activity is compulsory and part of skill assessment. The activity enable student to explore the course, help student to demonstrate creativity & critical thinking.
- 4. Student activity report is compulsory part to be submitted at the time of practical ESE
- 5. Term work report is compulsory part to be submitted at the time of practical ESE.

- 6. Student activity and student activity reports must be uploaded to Learning management system.
- 7. For CIE, students are to be assessed for Skills/competencies achieved.

11. MAPPING OF CO WITH PO

COURSE	CO'S	PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (PO'S)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
IT SKILLS	CO1	3	0	0	3	0	0	3
	CO2	3	0	0	3	0	0	3
	CO3	3	0	0	3	0	0	0
	CO4	3	0	0	3	0	0	3
	CO5	3	0	0	3	0	0	0

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0- Not Mapped

12 SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

	BOOKS
1	The Art of Programming Through Flowcharts & Algorithms, A. B. Chaudhuri, Firewall Media publication
2	HTML5 Black Book, by Publishing company Limited. Kogent Learning Solutions Inc.
3	"World Wide Web design with HTML", Xavier, Tata McGraw-Hill
4	Internet of Things – A Hands on Approach, By ArshdeepBahga and Vijay Madisetti Universities Press, ISBN: 9788173719547
	URL'S
1	https://scratch.mit.edu
2	https://studio.code.org
3	http://ai2.appinventor.mit.edu
4	https://www.w3schools.com
5	https://www.tutorialspoint.com/javascript/index.htm
6	https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/html-tutorials/
7	Android
	https://developer.android.com
8	https://www.khanacademy.org
9	Tools for Web Development a. https://www.wix.com

- b. https://atom.io/
- c. https://www.openelement.com/
- d. https://www.layoutit.com

13. SUGGESTED LIST OF PROPOSED STUDENTS ACTIVITY

Note: Refer activities mentioned in DETAILS OF COURSE CONTENT table

14. COURSE ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION CHART

SL.N	ASSESSMENT	DURATIO	MAX	CONVERSION
0		N	MARKS	
		(in		
		minutes)		
1	CIE Assessment 1 (Written Test -1 TH) -	60	20	Average of
	At the end of 3 rd week			two written
2	CIE Assessment 2 (Written Test -2 TH) -	60	20	tests
	At the end of 13 th week			20
3	CIE Assessment 3 (Skill Test) - At the end of	3 hrs	20	Average of
	5 th week			three skill test
4	CIE Assessment 4 (Skill Test) - At the	3 hrs	20	20
	end of 7 th week			
5	CIE Assessment 5 (Skill Test) - At the end of	3 hrs	20	
	9 th week			
6	CIE Assessment 6 (Student activity)- At the	-	20	20
	end of 11 th week			
7	Total Continuous Internal Evaluation	n (CIE) Assess	sment	60
8	Semester End Examination(SEE)	3 hrs	100	40
	Assessment (Practical Test)			
	TOAL MARKS			100

Note: CIE written test is conducted for 20 marks (Two sections). Each section shall have two full questions of same CL, CO. Student shall answer one full question from each section.

15. RUBRICS FOR ACTIVITY

RUBRICS FOR ACTIVITY (Example Only)						
	Appropri	iate rubrics shall	be developed by	y the concerned f	aculty	
Dimensio	Poor	Below	Average	Good	Exemplary	Student
n		Average				Score
	4	8	12	16	20	
Concept	Does not collect	Collects very	Collect much	Collects some	Collects a great	8
	any information	limited	information;	basic	deal of	
	relating to the	information;	but very	information;	information; all	
	concept	some relate to	limited relate	most refer to	refer to the	
		the concept	to the concept	the concept	concept	
Design	Design is not	Design is poor	Design	Design &	Design	6
	acceptable/very	and not well	Fallowed	convey both	considered all	
	poorly structured	structured.	layout	content and	aspect of	
			samples and	context	concept,	
			well		concept and	
			structured		presentation	
					(UI)	
Creativity	Very little	Creativity in	Creativity in	Creativity in	Creative	8
	creativity in	concept or	concept	concept	concept,	
	design/impleme	design or	/design/impl	/design/imple	content,	
	ntation	implementatio	ementation	mentation	presentation	
		n		which	and	
				complements	implementation	
				each other		
Impleme	Poorly	Partially	Implemented	Product convey	Product is	8
ntation	implemented	implemented	on time with	both content	creative with	
			results	and context	easy-to-use UI,	
			(content)		structure	
		<u> </u>	Ave	erage / Total Mar	ks: (8+6+8+8)/4	7.5 = 8

16. RUBRICS for Skill Test Evaluation (Both for CIE & SEE)

Sl No	Parameter to be Observed	Marks
		Allotted
1	Design-Written	
	Skill Test 1: Algorithm / Flowchart/Visual Design	30
	Skill Test 2: Web site visual design	
	Skill Test 3: Work flow or Project plan or cyber security	
	plan or Cloud service Concept	
2	Implementation	50
	Skill Test 1: Android application	
	Skill Test 2: Web site / Web pages	
	Skill Test 3: Create or use cloud service account or	
	Cyber safety and security- Antivirus	
	Installation or browser settings	
3	Appeal and Presentation	20
	Total	100

17. SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS:

Sl. No.	Specification	Quantity
1.	Computers with HD Graphics Card	20
2.	Software: GIMP, KRETA, BLENDER, PHOTOSHOP or any	-
	other relevant open-source software.	
3.	Internet Connectivity	-

Note: Above specification is for a batch of 20 students

Government of Karnataka Department of Collegiate and Technical Education Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore

Course Code	20AU01T	Semester	I	
Course Title	ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY	Course Group	Audit	
No. of Credits	2	Type of Course	Lecture	
Course Catagory	AII	Total Contact House	2Hrs Per Week	
Course Category	AU	Total Contact Hours	26Hrs Per Semester	
Prerequisites	Basic Environmental Science	Teaching Scheme	(L:T:P)= 2:0:0	
CIE Marks	50	SEE Marks	No	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

Technicians working in industries or elsewhere essentially require the knowledge of environmental science so as to enable them to work and produce most efficient, economical and eco-friendly finished products.

- 1. Solve various engineering problems applying ecosystem to produce eco friendly products.
- 2. Use relevant air and noise control methods to solve domestic and industrial problems.
- 3. Use relevant water and soil control methods to solve domestic and industrial problems.
- 4. To recognize relevant energy sources required for domestic and industrial applications.
- 5. Solve local solid and e-waste problems.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course student will be able to know:

CO1	Importance of ecosystem and terminology.
CO2	The extent of air pollution, effects, control measures and acts.
CO3	The extent of noise pollution, effects, control measures and acts.
CO4	The water and soil pollution, effects, control measures and acts
CO5	Different renewable energy resources and efficient process of harvesting.
CO6	Solid Waste Management and Environmental acts.

COURSE CONTENT:

Marks: 15	Unit-1 Ecosystem	Allotted Hrs: 03				
Structure of ecosystem, Bi	otic & Abiotic components, Aquatic (Lentic and Lotic) a	nd terrestrial ecosystem.				
Global warming - Causes,	effects, Green House Effect, Ozone depletion.					
Marks: 20	Unit-2Air Pollution	Allotted Hrs: 03				
Air pollution, Natural and	manmade sources of air pollution, Effects of air pollution	n.Air Pollutants and Types.				
Control of air pollutants by	y Cyclone separator and Electrostatic Precipitator, Air	(prevention and control of				
pollution) act 1981						
Marks: 10	Unit-3 Noise Pollution:	Allotted Hrs: 02				
Noise pollution: sources of	f pollution, measurement of pollution level, Effects and	Control of Noise				
pollution, Noise pollution	(Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000					
Marks: 20	Unit- 4Water and Soil Pollution:	Allotted Hrs: 06				
Water pollution and Source	es of water pollution, Types of water pollutants, Charac	cteristics of water				
pollutants,control measur	es of water pollution.					
Definition and list unit of	perations in water and WasteWater Treatment proce	ss,Water (prevention and				
control of pollution) act 19	974, Water conservation – Importance of Rain Water Ha	arvesting.				
Soil pollution, Causes, Effe	ects and Preventive measures of Soil Pollution due to E	xcessive use of Fertilizers,				
Pesticides and Insecticides	5					
Marks: 20	Unit-5 Renewable sources of Energy	Allotted Hrs: 07				
Solar Energy: Basics of Sol	ar energy. Definition and advantages of advanced solar	collectors. Solar water				
heater and Solar stills and	their uses.					
Biomass: Overview of bion	nass as energy source. Thermal characteristics of bioma	ass as fuel.				
	us and future prospects of wind energy. Wind energy in					
Need of new Energy sourc	Need of new Energy sources, Different type's new energy sources. Environmental benefits of New Energy					
Sources-Hydrogen energy, Ocean energy resources, Tidal energy conversion.						
Marks: 15	Unit-6 Solid Waste Management and	Allotted Hrs: 05				
	Environmental Acts					
Solid waste generation, Sources and characteristics of Municipal solid waste, Solid Waste Management						

rules 2016- 3R in SWM.

E- Waste generation, Sources and characteristics, E waste management rules 2016 Plastic Waste generation, Sources and characteristics, Recycled plastic rules 2016 Importance of Environment (protection) act 1986 Occupational health and safety measures.

Unit No & Name	Detailed Course Content	со	РО	Contact Hrs
1.	Structure of ecosystem, Biotic & Abiotic components, Aquatic (Lentic and Lotic) and terrestrial ecosystem.	CO1	1,5,7	1
Ecosystem	Global warming - Causes, effects.	CO1	1,5,7	2
	Green House Effect, Ozone depletion - Causes, effects	CO1	1,5,7	3
	Air pollution, Natural sources of air pollution, Man Made sources of air pollution	CO2	1,5,7	4
2.	Air pollutants and Types, Effects of Particulate Pollutants and control by Cyclone separator	CO2	1,5,7	5
Air and Pollution	Effects of Particulate Pollutants and control by Electrostatic Precipitator, Air (prevention and control of pollution) act 1981.	CO2	1,5,7	6
3. Water and Soil	Noise pollution: sources of pollution, Measurement of Noise pollution level.	CO3	1,5,7	7
Pollution	Effects and Control of Noise pollution. Noise pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000	CO3	1,5,7	8

			1	
	Sources of water pollution. Types of water pollutants, Characteristics of water pollutants.	CO4	1,5,7	9
	Control measures of water pollution.	CO4	1,5,7	10
4. Water and Soil	Definition and list unit operations in water and WasteWater Treatment process, Water (prevention and control of pollution) act 1974.	CO4	1,5,7	11
Pollution:	Water conservation – Importance of Rain Water Harvesting	C04	1,5,7	12
	Soil pollution, Causes and Effects due to Fertilizers, Pesticides and Insecticides	CO4	1,5,7	13
	Preventive measures of Soil Pollution due to Excessive use of Fertilizers, Pesticides and Insecticides.	CO4	1,5,7	14
	Solar Energy: Basics of Solar energy. Solar collectors and advantages of Advanced solar collectors.	CO5	1,5,7	15
	Solar water heater, Solar stills and their uses.	CO5	1,5,7	16
	Biomass: Overview of biomass as energy source. Thermal characteristics of biomass as fuel.			17
5.	Wind energy: Current status and future prospects of wind energy. Wind energy in India.	CO5	1,5,7	18
Renewable sources of Energy	Need of new Energy sources, Different type's new energy sources. Environmental benefits of New Energy Sources-Hydrogen energy	CO5	1,5,7	19
	Environmental benefits of New Energy Sources- Ocean energy resources	CO5	1,5,7	20
	Environmental benefits of New Energy Sources-Tidal energy conversion.	CO5	1,5,7	21
6.	Solid waste generation, Sources, Characteristics of solid waste Solid Waste Management rules 2016	C06	1,5,7	22
Solid Waste Management	E- Waste generation Sources and characteristics, E waste management rules 2016	C06	1,5,7	23
And Environmental	Plastic Waste generation Sources and characteristics, Plastic Waste Sources and characteristics	C06	1,5,7	24
Acts	Recycled plastic rules 2016,Importance of Environment (protection) act 1986,	C06	1,5,7	25
	Occupational health and safety measures.	C06	1,5,7	26
			Total	26

References:

(a) Suggested Learning Resources:

Books:

- 1. S.C. Sharma & M.P. Poonia, Environmental Studies, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi
- 2. C.N. R. Rao, Understanding Chemistry, Universities Press (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2011.
- 3. Arceivala, Soli Asolekar, Shyam, Waste Water Treatment for Pollution Control and Reuse, Mc-Graw Hill Education India Pvt. Ltd., New York, 2007, ISBN:978-07-062099.
- 4. Nazaroff, William, Cohen, Lisa, Environmental Engineering Science, Willy, New York, 2000, ISBN 10: 0471144940.
- 5. O.P. Gupta, Elements of Environmental Pollution Control, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi

- 6. Rao, C. S., Environmental Pollution Control and Engineering, New Age International Publication, 2007, ISBN: 81-224-1835-X.
- 1. Rao, M. N.Rao, H.V.N, Air Pollution, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publication, New delhi, 1988, ISBN: 0-07-451871-8.
- 2. Frank Kreith, Jan F Kreider, Principles of Solar Engineering, McGraw-Hill, New York; 1978, ISBN: 9780070354760.
- 7. Aldo Vieira, Da Rosa, Fundamentals of renewable energy processes, Academic Press Oxford, UK; 2013. ISBN: 9780123978257.
- 3. Patvardhan, A.D, Industrial Solid Waste, Teri Press, New Delhi, 2013, ISBN:978-81-7993-502-
- 4. Metcalf & Eddy, Waste Water Engineering, Mc-Graw Hill, New York, 2013, ISBN: 077441206.
- 5. Keshav Kant, Air Pollution & Control, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi (Edition 2018)

(b) Open source software and website address:

- 1) www.eco-prayer.org
- 2) www.teriin.org
- 3) www.cpcp.nic.in
- 4) www.cpcp.gov.in
- 5) www.indiaenvironmentportal.org.in
- 6) www.whatis.techtarget.com
- 7) www.sustainabledevelopment.un.org
- 8) www.conserve-energy-future.com

Teachers should use the following strategies to achieve the various outcomes of the course.

- Different methods of teaching and media to be used to attain classroom attention.
- Massive open online courses (MOOCs) may be used to teach various topics/subtopics.
- 15-20% of the topics which are relatively simpler or descriptive in nature should be given to the students for self-learning and assess the development of competency through classroom presentations.
- Micro-projects may be given to group of students for hand-on experiences
- Encouraging students to visit sites such as Railway station and research establishment around the institution.

Mapping of Course Outcomes with Programme Outcomes

СО	Course Outcome	PO Mapped	Cognitive Level	Theory Sessions In Hrs	Allotted marks for CIE on cognitive levels		TOTAL
			R/U/A		R	U	
CO1	Importance Of ecosystem and terminology	1,5,7	R,U	03	02	02	04
CO2	The extent of air pollution, effects, control measures and acts.	1,5,7	R,U	03	03	02	05
CO3	The extent of noise pollution, effects, control measures and acts.	1,5,7	R,U	02	03	02	05
CO4	The water and soil pollution, effects, control measures and acts	1,5,7	R,U	06	03	02	05

CO5	Different renewable energy resources and efficient process of harvesting.	1,5,7	R,U	07	03	02	05
C06	Solid Waste Management and Environmental acts.	1,5,7	R,U	05	02	04	06
	Total Hours of instruction			26		30	

R-Remember; U-Understanding.

Level of Mapping PO's with CO's

Course		Programme Outcomes (PO's)						
	CO's	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	CO1	3	0	0	0	2	0	1
	CO2	3	0	0	0	2	0	1
Envisormental Caionas	CO3	3	0	0	0	2	0	1
Environmental Science	CO4	3	0	0	0	2	0	1
	CO5	3	0	0	0	2	0	1
	C06	3	0	0	0	2	0	1

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0- Not Mapped

Method is to relate the level of PO with the number of hours devoted to the CO's which maps the given PO. If \geq 50% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is mapped at Level 3 If 30 to 50% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is mapped at Level 2 If 5 to 30% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is mapped at Level 1 If < 5% of classroom sessions related to the CO are addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is considered not-mapped i.e.; Level

Course Assessment and Evaluation Chart

Sl.	Assessment	Duration	Max marks	Conversion			
No							
1.	CIE Assessment 1 (Written Test -1 - At the end of	80 minutes	30	Average of			
	3 rd week			three written			
2.	CIE Assessment 2 (Written Test -2) - At the end	80 minutes	30	tests			
	of 7th week			30			
3.	CIE Assessment 3 (Written Test -3) - At the end of	80 minutes	30				
	13 th week						
4	CIE Assessment 4 (MCQ/Quiz) - At the end of 5th	60 minutes	20	Average of			
	week			three			
5	CIE Assessment 5 (Open book Test) - At the end	60 minutes	20	20			
	of 9th week						
6	CIE Assessment 6 (Student activity/Assignment)-	60 minutes	20				
	At the end of 11th week						
7.	7. Total Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) Assessment						
	,						
	Total Marks						

Note:

- 1. Average marks of Three CIE shall be rounded off to the next higher digit.
- 2. Assessment of assignment and student activity is evaluated through appropriate rubrics by the respective course coordinator. The secured mark in each case is rounded off to the next higher digit.

MANDATORY STUDENT ACTIVITY: EACH STUDENT HAS TO SELECT ANY ONE OF THE LISTED

- 1. Students chose one thing to reduce at home each week and write journal entries about their successes and challenges implementing the change. In class, they form groups and create "Do You Know?" posters.
- 2. Students pretend they are architects, and come up with a series of design changes to make their school more environmentally friendly. They then grade their projects according to a rubric.
- 3. A presentation for Green Team Club members to introduce themselves and the purpose of their club. They explain how to use their new recycling bins, in the classroom and in the cafeteria.
- 4. Ever wonder what's in your school's waste? This hands-on activity helps students assess their school's waste in order to think of ways to reduce it. The results can be incorporated into the school's recycling plan.
- 5. How do we measure climate change? What activities contribute to climate change?
- 6. Start a compost or worm bin. Composting is a hands-on way to learn about important life science concepts such as ecosystems, food webs and biodegradation. Students experience how worms and other decomposers recycle fruits and vegetable scraps into compost. Use the compost in your college garden! Have green team students make up a skit and present details about the new composting program to all classrooms. Have them make signs for the bins (compost, recycle, and landfill), monitor the waste collection at lunchtime, cart the food waste to the compost, and decide how and where the compost will be used.
- 7. Paint posters and decorate bulletin boards or the doors to the cafeteria with waste-free lunch messages to announce or support a waste-free event, and have students vote for their favorite poster.
- 8. Conduct a classroom audit to identify waste and look for ideas to reduce and reuse. Empower the student to set goals, search for solutions and review progress.
- 9. Go on a field trip. Visit your local landfill, recycling center, or a nearby composing facility where the students can see first-hand what is happening to waste, and learn about the lifecycle of waste and its affect on the environment.
- 10. Home energy audit: Have students make a list of all the appliances and light bulbs in their house. How much energy does their house use if all the lights are on for 4 hours per day? If their appliances are on for 2 hours per day? How much energy could they save if they switched to energy-efficient appliances or light bulbs?
- 11. Use recycled material in art projects:Recycled materials can make beautiful art projects such as jewelry, planters, and bird houses. Incorporating materials that would otherwise be thrown away into art projects can show your students how to find new uses for these items.
- 12. Life cycle :One way to show students what happens when you put something in the trash versus recycling or reusing the object is to do a life cycle analysis. This is a flow chart that shows the environmental impacts of an object, from extracting the raw materials to decomposition and everything in between. When something is put in the trash instead of

being reused or recycled, the life cycle assessment will show a bigger environmental impact. When something is reused or recycled, the environmental impact is less because raw materials don't need to be extracted to create something new.

Model Question Paper I A Test (CIE)

Progran	nme :			Semes	ter: I			
Course	:	Max	Marks	: 30				
Course (Code : Du	Duration: 1 Hr 20 minutes						
Name of	f the course coordinator:	Te	st:I/II	/III				
Note: An	swer one full question from each section. One full questi	on carries 10 n	arks.					
Qn.No	Question	CI	CO	PO	Marks			
	Section-1							
1.a)								
b)								
c)								
2.a)								
b)								
c)								
	Section-2							
3.a)								
b)								
c)								
4.a)								
b)								
c)								
	Section-3							
5.a)								
b)								
c)								
6.a)								
b)								
c)								

Government of Karnataka Department of Collegiate and Technical Education Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore

Course Code	20SC01T	Semester	I/II	
Course Title	ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS	Course Group	Core	
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Lecture	
Course Cotogowy	Theory	Total Contact House	4Hrs Per Week	
Course Category	Theory	Total Contact Hours	52Hrs Per Semester	
Prerequisites	10 th Level Mathematics	Teaching Scheme	(L:T:P) = 4:0:0	
CIE Marks	50	SEE Marks	50	

RATIONALE

Engineering Mathematics specification provides students with access to important mathematical ideas to develop the mathematical knowledge and skills that they will draw on in their personal and work lives. The course enable students to develop mathematical conceptualization, inquiry, reasoning, and communication skills and the ability to use mathematics to formulate and solve problems in everyday life, as well as in mathematical contexts. At this level, the mathematics curriculum further integrates the three content areas taught in the higher grades into three main learning areas: Algebra; Measurement of angles and Trigonometry and Calculus.

1. COURSE SKILL SET

Student will be able to:

- 1. Solve system of linear equations arise in different engineering fields
- 2. Incorporate the knowledge of calculus to support their concurrent and subsequent engineering studies
- 3. Adept at solving quantitative problems
- 4. Ability to understand both concrete and abstract problems
- 5. Proficient in communicating mathematical ideas
- 6. Detail-oriented

2. COURSE OUT COMES

At the end of the course, student will be able to

CO1	Determine the inverse of a square matrix using matrix algebra. Apply the concepts of matrices and determinants to solve system of linear equations and find eigen values associated with the square matrix.
CO2	Find the equation of straight line in different forms. Determine the parallelism and perpendicularity of lines.
CO3	Calculate trigonometric ratios of allied angles and compound angles. Transform sum or difference of trigonometric ratios into product and vice versa.

CO4	Differentiate various continuous functions and apply the concept in real life situations.
CO5	Integrate various continuous functions and apply the concept in evaluating the area and volume through definite integrals.

3. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE WITH HOURS & MARKS

			DISTRIBUTION(THEORY)					
UNIT NO	UNIT TITLE	TEACHING HOURS	R LEVEL	U LEVEL	A LEVEL	TOTAL		
1	Matrices and Determinants	10	8	20	12	40		
2	Straight lines	10	8	20	12	40		
3	Trigonometry	10	8	20	12	40		
4	Differential Calculus and applications	11	8	20	12	40		
5	Integral Calculus and applications	11	8	20	12	40		
	Total	52	40	100	60	200		

Legends: R = Remember; U = Understand; A = Apply and above levels (Bloom's revised taxonomy)

4. DETAILS OF COURSE CONTENT

The following topics/subtopics is to be taught and assessed in order to develop Unit Skill sets for achieving CO to attain identified skill sets.

UNIT	Unit skill set	Topics/Subtopics	Hours
NO	(In cognitive domain)		L-T-P
UNIT-1 MATRICES AND DETERMINANTS	Use algebraic skills which are essential for the study of systems of linear equations, matrix algebra and eigen values	 1.1 Matrix and types 1.2 Algebra of Matrices (addition, subtraction, scalar multiplication and multiplication) 1.3 Evaluation of determinants of a square matrix of order 2 and 3. Singular matrices 1.4 Cramer's rule for solving system of linear equations involving 2 and 3 variables 1.5 Adjoint and Inverse of the nonsingular matrices of order 2 and 3 1.6 Characteristic equation and Eigen values of a square matrix of order 2 	10-0-0

-3 METRY	Use basic trigonometric skills in finding the trigonometric ratios of allied and compound	given line 2.10 Equation of a straight line perpendicular to the given line 3.1 Concept of angles, their measurement, Radian measure and related conversions. 3.2 Signs of trigonometric ratios in different quadrants (ASTC rule) 3.3 Trigonometric ratios of allied angles (definition and the table of	10.0.0
UNIT-3 TRIGONOMETRY	angles Able to find all the measurable dimensions of a triangle	trigonometric ratios of standard allied angles say 90°±O, 180°±O, 270°±O and 360°±O) 3.4 Trigonometric ratios of compound angles (without proof) 3.5 Trigonometric ratios of multiple angles 3.6 Transformation formulae	10-0-0
UNIT-4 DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS AND APPLICATIONS	 Able to differentiate algebraic, exponential, trigonometric, logarithmic and composite functions Able to find higher order derivatives Understand and work with derivatives as rates of change in mathematical models Find local maxima and minima of a function 	 4.1 Derivatives of continuous functions in an interval (List of formulae) 4.2 Rules of differentiation 4.3 Successive differentiation (up to second order) 4.4 Applications of differentiation 	11-0-0
UNIT-5 INTEGRAL CALCULUS AND APPLICATIONS	 Understand the basic rules of integration and Evaluate integrals with basic integrands. Identify the methods to evaluate integrands Apply the skills to evaluate integrals representing areas 	 5.1 List of standard integrals and Basic rules of integration 5.2 Evaluation of integrals of simple function and their combination 5.3 Methods of integration 5.4 Concept of definite integrals 5.5 Applications of definite integrals 	11-0-0

5. MAPPING OF CO WITH PO

СО	Course Outcome	PO	UNIT	CL	Theory	TOT
CO	Course Outcome	Mapped	Linked	R/U/A	in Hrs	AL
CO1	Determine the inverse of a square matrix using matrix algebra. Apply the concepts of matrices and determinants to solve system of linear equations and find eigen values associated with the square matrix.	1,7	1	R/U/A	10	40
CO2	Find the equation of straight line in different forms. Determine the parallelism and perpendicularity of lines.	1,7	2	R/U/A	10	40
соз	Calculate trigonometric ratios of allied angles and compound angles. Transform sum (difference) of trigonometric ratios into product and vice versa.	1, 7	3	R/U/A	10	40
CO4	Differentiate various continuous functions and apply the concept in real life situations.	1, 3, 7	4	R/U/A	11	40
CO5	Integrate various continuous functions and apply the concept in evaluating the area and volume through definite integrals.	1, 3, 7	5	R/U/A	11	40
					52	200

Course	CO's	Programme Outcomes (PO's)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	CO1	3	1	0	0	0	0	3
	CO2	3	1	0	0	0	0	3
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS	CO3	3	1	0	0	0	0	3
	CO4	3	1	3	0	0	0	3
	CO5	3	1	3	0	0	0	3

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0- Not Mapped

7. INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes

- 1. Explicit instruction will be provided in intervention classes or by using different differentiation strategies in the main classroom.
- 2. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching method and media that are employed to develop the outcomes.
- 3. Observing the way their more proficient peers use prior knowledge to solve current challenges and persevere in problem solving will help struggling students to improve their approach to engaging with rich contextual problems.
- 4. Ten minutes a day in homeroom, at the end of class, or as a station in a series of math activities will help students build speed and confidence.
- 5. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 6. The teacher is able to show different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 7. In a perfect world, teacher would always be able to demonstrate how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. When a concept cannot be applied in that manner, we can still share how it might be applied within mathematics.

8. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES:

Sl. No.	Author	Title of Books	Publication/Year
1	B.S. Grewal	Higher Engineering Mathematics	Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 40th Edition,2007
2	G. B. Thomas, R. L. Finney	Calculus and Analytic Geometry	Addison Wesley, 9th Edition, 1995
3	S.S. Sabharwal, Sunita Jain, Eagle Parkashan	Applied Mathematics, Vol. I & II	Jalandhar.
4	Comprehensive Mathematics	Comprehensive Mathematics Vol. I & II	Laxmi Publications, Delhi
5	ReenaGarg &Chandrika Prasad	Advanced Engineering Mathematics	Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi

9. COURSE ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION CHART

Sl.No.	Assessment	Duration	Max marks	Conversion
1	CIE Assessment 1 (Written Test -1) At the end of 3 rd week	80 minutes	30	Average of three written tests
2	CIE Assessment 2 (Written Test -2) At the end of 7 th week	80 minutes	30	30
3	CIE Assessment 3 (Written Test -3) At the end of 13 th week	80 minutes	30	
4	CIE Assessment 4 (MCQ/Quiz) At the end of 5 th week	60 minutes	20	
5	CIE Assessment 5 (Open book Test) At the end of 9 th week	60 minutes	20	Average of three
6	CIE Assessment 6 (Student activity/Assignment) At the end of 11 th week	60 minutes	20	20
	Total Continuous Internal E	50		
8	Semester End Examination (SEE) Assessment (Written Test)	3 Hours	100	50
	Total 1	Marks	_	100

Note:

- 1. SEE (Semester End Examination) is conducted for 100 Marks theory courses for a time duration of 3 Hours.
- 2. Three CIE (written test), each of 30 marks for a time duration of 80 minutes shall be conducted. Also, three CIE (MCQ or Quiz/Open book test/student activity or assignment) each of 20 marks for the time duration of 60 minutes shall be conducted. Any fraction at any stage during evaluation will be rounded off to the next higher digit
- 3. Assessment of assignment and student activity is evaluated through appropriate rubrics by the respective course coordinator. The secured mark in each case is rounded off to the next higher digit.

10 DETAILED COURSE CONTENT

UNIT NO AND NAME	DETAILED COURSE CONTENT	со	PO	CONTACT HRS	TOTAL
	Definition and types of matrices	1	1,7	1	
SLN	Algebra of Matrices (addition, subtraction and scalar multiplication) problems	1	1,7	1	
AN	Multiplication of Matrices(problems)	1	1,7	1	
1 MATRICES AND DETERMINANTS	Evaluation of 2x2,3x3 determinants and Singular matrices and problems in finding unknown variable		1,7	1	
ETE	Cramer's rule to solve system of linear equation with 2 and 3 variables	1	1,7	1	
1 ND I	Cramer's rule to solve system of linear equation with 2 and 3 variables.problems	1	1,7	1	10
ES A	Minors, Cofactors of elements of square matrices of order 2 and 3 Adjoint of a square matrix(2x2 and 3x3),Inverse of a non singular square matrix Adjoint of a square matrix(2x2 and 3x3),Inverse of a non singular square matrix and problems		1,7	1	
'RIC			1,7	1	
MAT			1,7	1	
	Characteristic equation and eigen values of a 2x2 matirx and problems	1	1,7	1	
	Slope of the straight line(provided with inclination and two points on the line as well) and problems	2	1,7	1	
	Intercepts of a straight line and problems		1,7	1	
(0	Intercept form of a straight line and problems	2	1,7	1	
E	Slope-intercept form of a straight line and problems	2	1,7	1	
	Slope-point form of the straight line and problems	2	1,7	1	
2 HTLINES	Two-point form of a straight line and problems	2	1,7	1	10
	General form of a straight line.problems on finding slope and intercepts.		1,7	1	10
STRAI	Angle between two straight lines and conditions for the lines to be parallel and perpendicular and problems		1,7	1	
	Equation of a line parellel to the given line and problems	2	1,7	1	
	Equation of a line perpendicular to the given line.problems	2	1,7	1	

'RY	Concept of angles and their measurement. Radian measures and related conversions (degree to radian and vice-versa) and problems	3	1,7	1	
	Signs of trigonometric ratios in different quadrants (ASTC rule)		1,7	1	
	Trigonometric ratios of allied angles (definition and the table of trigonometric ratios of standard allied angles say 90°±θ, 180°±θ, 270°±θ and 360°±θ)	3	1,7	1	
	Problems on allied angles. (proving identities)	3	1,7	1	
3 TRIGONOMETRY	Problems on allied angles. (Finding values of x in an identity)	3	1,7	1	10
1051	Trigonometric ratios of compound angles (without proof)	3	1,7	1	
TR	Trigonometric ratios of multiple angles (sin2A, cos2A, tan2A, sin3A, cos3A and tan3A)	3	1,7	1	
	Problems on multiple angles sin2A, cos2A, tan2A, sin3A, cos3A and tan3A		1,7	1	
	Transformation formulae (without proof) as sum to product. (Simple problems)	3	1,7	1	
	Transformation formulae (without proof) as product to sum. (Simple problems)	3	1,7	1	
AND	Definition of a derivative of a function. Listing the derivatives of standard functions. (Algebraic, trigonometric, exponential, logarithmic and inverse trigonometric functions)	4	1,3,7	1	
SITOS	Addition and subtraction rule of differentiation and problems	4	1,3,7	1	
ALCU	Product rule and quotient rule of differentiation and problems	4	1,3,7	1	
4 AL C	Product rule and quotient rule of differentiation and problems	4	1,3,7	1	11
4 DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS AND APPLICATIONS	Composite functions and their derivatives. (CHAIN RULE)	4	1,3,7	1	
	Composite functions and their derivatives. (CHAIN RULE). Problems	4	1,3,7	1	
IF	Successive differentiation up to second order	4	1,3,7	1	
	Slope of the tangent and normal to the given curve and their equations and problems	4	1,3,7	1	

				1	
	Rate measure: velocity and acceleration at a point of time and problems	4	1,3,7	1	
	Local Maxima and Minima of a function	4	1,3,7	1	
	Local Maxima and Minima of a function. Problems	4	1,3,7	1	
5 CALCULUS AND APPLICATIONS	Definition of an indefinite integral. Listing the Integrals of standard functions. (Algebraic, trigonometric, exponential, logarithmic and inverse trigonometric functions)	5	1,3,7	1	
TIC	Rules of Integration. Evaluation of integrals with simple integrands and their combinations	5	1,3,7	1	
APF	Rules of Integration. Evaluation of integrals with simple integrands and their combinations. Problems	5	1,3,7	1	
AND	Evaluation of integrals with simple integrands and their combinations. Problems		1,3,7	1	11
ro S	Evaluation of integrals by Substitution method	5	1,3,7	1	
<u> </u>	Evaluation of integrals by Integration by parts	5	1,3,7	1	
rcnı	Evaluation of integrals by Integration by parts. Problems		1,3,7	1	
[Ā	Definition of definite integrals and their evaluation	5	1,3,7	1	
	Evaluation of Definite integrals. Problems	5	1,3,7	1	
INTEGRAL	Area enclosed by the curves by integral method		1,3,7	1	
IN	Volume generated by the curve rotated about an axis by integral method	5	1,3,7	1	

First Semester Examination, Model Question Paper – 2020 **Engineering Mathematics**

Duration: 3Hours Subject Code: 20SC01T Max. Marks:100

Instruction: Answer one full question from each section. One full question carries 20 marks.

SECTION - 1

1

If the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & 6 \\ 2 & x & 2 \\ 6 & 8 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$ is singular then find x.

4

Find the A² for the matrix $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$.

Solve 2x - y = 3 and x + 2y = 4 by using determinant method.

5

Find the inverse of the matrix $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$.

6

5

2

a If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 4 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 4 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ then find $(AB)^T$.

4

b

Verify whether AB=BA for the matrices $A = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 5 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$ and

5

 $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}.$

Find the Adjoint of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 4 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$.

5

Find the charcteristic equation and eigen values for the matrix $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$. 6

SECTION – 2

3

respectively.

If the straight line is passing through the points (1, 2) and (3, 5) then find the 4 a slope of the line.

Write the standard intercept form of the straight line and hence find the b equation of the straight line whose x and y intercepts are 2 and 3

5

Write the standard slope-intercept form of a straight line. Find the equation C of the straight line passing through the point (3, 5) and slope 4 units.

5

Find the equation of the straight line parallel to the line passing through the d points (1, 3) and (4, 6).

6

4

i) If a line inclined at 45° with x-axis find its slope. ii) Write а 2+2 the x and y intercept of the line 2x+3y=10.

Find the equation of the straight line whose angle of inclination is 45° and b passingthrough the origin.

5

Find the equation of the straight line perpendicular to the line 2x+6y=3 and with the y intercept 2 units.

5

Find the acute angle between the lines 7x-4y=0 and 3x-11y+5=0.

6

SECTION – 3

5 а Express 75° in radian measure and $3\pi/2$ in degree.

4

Prove that $cos(A + B)cos(A - B) = cos^2 A - sin^2 B$. b

5

Show that $\cos 2\theta = 2\cos^2 \theta - 1$. C

5

Find the value of $\sin 120^{\circ} \cdot \cos 330^{\circ} - \sin 240^{\circ} \cdot \cos 390^{\circ}$ without using d calculator.

6

4

6 a Find the value of sin 15°.

b Simplify
$$\frac{\cos(360^{\circ} - A)\tan(360^{\circ} + A)}{\cot(270^{\circ} - A)\sin(90^{\circ} + A)}$$
.

Prove that $\sin 3\theta = \sin 3\theta - 4\sin^3 \theta$.

5

Prove that $\sin 20^{\circ} \cdot \sin 40^{\circ} \cdot \sin 80^{\circ} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\Omega}$. 6

SECTION - 4

7 Find the derivative of $y = x^2 + e^{2x} + \cos 2x - 2\log x$ with respect to x. 4

Find dy/dx of $y = \frac{\sec x + \tan x}{\sec x - \tan x}$ 5

Find dy/dx of $y = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1+x}{1-x} \right)$. 5

If the $s = 2x^3 + 3x + 4$ repersents the displacement of the particle in motion at 6 time x, then find the velocity of the particle at x = 2 secs and acceleration at x = 3 secs.

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ of $y = 3x^4 + 4\log x + 2e^{3x} + \tan^{-1} x$. 8 4

b If $y = e^{2x} \sin 3x$ then find $\frac{dy}{dx}$. 5

c Find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ if $y = 3\sin x + 4\cos x$ at x = 1. 5

Find the equation of tangent and normal to the curve $y = x^2$ at the point 6 (1, 1).

SECTION - 5

- **b** Evaluate $\int_{0}^{p/2} \sin^2 x \ dx$
- c Evaluate $\int x \sin x dx$.
- **d** Find the area bounded by the curve $y = 4x x^2 3$, x-axis and ordinates x = 1 and x = 3.
- 10 a Evaluate $\int_{0}^{2} e^{x} dx$.
 - **b** Evaluate $\int \frac{4\cos(\log x)}{x} dx$.
 - **c** Evaluate $\int x e^x dx$.
 - **d** Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the curve $y = \sqrt{x^2 + 5x}$ **6** between x = 1 and x = 2.

Government of Karnataka Department of Collegiate and Technical Education Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore

Course Code	20PM01T	Semester	II
Course Title	Project	Course Group	PM
	Management Skills		
No. of Credits	4	Type of	Activity based study
		Course	
Course Category	Theory with	Total Contact	6 Hrs Per Week (2Theory +4
	Activities	Hours	hrs of classroom activities)
			78 Hrs Per Semester
Prerequisites	10 th Level	Teaching	4 hrs per week classroom
	Mathematics	Scheme	sessions dedicated to case
			studies & activities
CIE Marks	50	SEE Marks	50

RATIONALE

Project Management is a confluence of Management principles and Engineering subject area. This course enables the students to develop conceptualisation of Engineering Management principles and apply the same for their engineering projects, in their domains, example, Software Development project or Construction Project and so on. The course integrates three core areas of Planning, Execution and Auditing of Projects.

1. COURSE SKILL SET

Student will be able to:

- 1. Understand what constitutes a project, Plan for the execution of the project by breaking into manageable work units, and Prepare necessary project artefacts
- 2. Track and control the Project while preparing verifiable records for Project Inspections and Audits
- 3. Inspect and Audit projects for Milestones or other project completion criteria and other metrics, Defects and remediation, Project learning
- 4. Gain knowledge and develop curiosity on latest technology trends in Project management

2. COURSE OUT COMES

At the end of the course, student will be able to

CO1	Apply the concepts of Project Management to real projects which are expressed in the form of the Project reports or Engineering drawings
CO2	Estimate Project resources needed – Time, Material and Effort, and Plan for execution
CO3	Understand, analyse and assess the risks involved in a project and plan for managing them
CO4	Use Project Management Software and processes to track and control Projects
CO5	Conduct inspection of Projects and audit progress and bills
C06	Understand the Digital Technology trends in Project management and concepts like Smart cities

3. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE WITH HOURS & MARKS

LINIT		TEACHING	MARKS	DISTRIB	UTION(T	HEORY)
NO NO	UNIT TITLE	HOURS (L-T-P)	R LEVEL	U LEVEL	A LEVEL	TOTAL
1	Introduction	02-00-04	8	8	4	20
2	Project Administration	06-00-12	8	12	20	40
3	Project Lifecycle	04-00-08	8	12	20	40
4	Project Planning, Scheduling and Monitoring	06-00-12	8	12	20	40
5	Project Control, Review and Audit	06-00-12	8	12	20	40
6	Digital Project Management	02-00-04	8	8	4	20
	Total	26-00- 52=78	48	64	88	200

Legends: R = Remember; U = Understand; A = Apply and above levels (Bloom's revised taxonomy)

4. DETAILS OF COURSE CONTENT

The following topics/subtopics is to be taught and assessed in order to develop Unit Skill sets for achieving CO to attain identified skill sets.

UNIT NO	Unit skill set (In cognitive domain)	Topics / Subtopics	Hours L-T-P
1 Introduction	Use Basic Science, Maths skills to understand Project management and project planning, execution and control.	Introduction and definition, Features of a Project, Types of Projects, Benefits and Obstacles in Project Management, Project Management Profession, Role of Project manager, Consultants, Project and Operation, Project Management Process, Project Scope	02-00- 04
2 Project Administration	Able to develop WBS, PEP and PM processes for Project with given inputs	Project Administration, Project Team, Project Design, Work Breakdown Structure (WBS), Project Execution Plan (PEP), Systems and Procedure Plan, Project Direction, Communication and Co- ordination, Project Success Case Study I	06-00- 12
3 Project Lifecycle	Use project administration and project lifecycle knowledge to Assess and plan for project risk	Project Life Cycle, Phases - Project Planning, Project Execution, Project Closure, Project Risks, Project Cost Risk Analysis, Time and Cost overruns	04-00- 08
4. Project Planning, Project Scheduling and Project Monitoring and Implementation	Able to develop a detailed project plan given the inputs on manpower, funds availability and time availability	Case Study 2a Project Planning Function, Structure, Project Scheduling, Project monitoring and Project evaluation Case Study 2b	06-00- 12
5.Project Control, Review and Audit	Use Project Management lifecycle knowledge to Control project parameters, review and audit project performance	Project Control, Problems of Project Control, Gantt Charts, Milestone Charts, Critical Path Method (CPM), Network Technique in Project Scheduling, Crashing Project Duration through Network, Project Review, Initial Review, Performance Evaluation,	06-00- 12

		Abandonment Analysis, Project Audit Case Study 2c	
6.Digital Project Management	Understand latest trends of digital technologies impacting the domain of project management and application of the same in multiple scenario	Digital Technology trends in Project management, Cloud Technology, IoT, Smart cities, Data and analytics, case studies Case study 3	02-00- 04

1. MAPPING OF CO WITH PO

СО	Course Outcome	PO Mapped	UNIT Linked	CL R/U/A	Sessions in Hrs	TOT AL - Marks
CO1	Understand the concepts of Project Management in relation to real projects which are expressed in the form of the Project reports or Engineering drawings Case Study - I	1, 2, 5, 7	1, 2	R/U/A	06	10
CO2	Estimate Project resources needed – Time, Material and Effort, and Plan for execution	1, 2, 3, 7	2, 3	R/U/A	18	20
CO3	Evaluate the risks involved in a project and Plan for managing them Case Study - 2a	1,2,3,7	2,3	R/U/A	12	20
CO4	Use Project Management methods with Software and/or processes to track and control Projects Case Study – 2b	1, 4, 6, 7	4	R/U/A	18	20

-		9	
-(١.	Z	U

CO5	Conduct inspection of Projects and audit progress and bills Case Study 2c	1, 2, 5, 7	5	R/U/A	18	20
C06	Understand the Digital Technology trends in Project management, and Engineering Industries Case Study 3	1, 5, 7	6	R/U/A	06	10
				78	100	

	CO's	Programme Outcomes's) (PO						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Project Management	CO1	3	3	0	0	2	0	1
	CO2	3	3	3	0	0	0	1
	CO3	3	0	0	3	0	3	1
	CO4	3	0	0	3	0	3	1
	CO5	3	2	0	0	2	0	1
	C06	3	0	0	0	2	0	2

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0-Not Mapped

7. INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes

- 1. Explicit instruction will be provided in intervention classes or by using different differentiation strategies in the main classroom.
- 2. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching method and media that are employed to develop the outcomes.
- 3. Observing the way their more proficient peers use prior knowledge to solve current challenges and persevere in problem solving will help struggling students to improve their approach to engaging with rich contextual problems.
- 4. Topics be introduced always with a reallife example and then answering What, how, why and when.
- 5. The teacher is able to show different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 6. In a perfect world, teacher would always be able to demonstrate how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. When a concept cannot be applied in that manner, we can still share how it might be applied within mathematics.

8. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES:

SlNo.	Author	Title of Books	Publication/Year
1	Dr. Lalitha Balakrishnan & Dr. Gowri Ramachandran	Project Management	Himalaya Publishing, 2019
2	Shailesh Kumar Shivakumar	Complete Guide to Digital Project Management	Apress, 2019
3	Prasanna Chandra	Project planning, analysis, selection, implementation and review	Tata McGraw Hill
4	Gopala Krishnan	Project Management	Mcmillan India Ltd.

9. COURSE ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION CHART

Sl.No	Assessment	Duration	Max	Conversion
			marks	
	CIE Assessment 1			Average of three
	(Written Test -1)			written tests
1	At the end of 3 rd week	80 minutes	30	30
	CIE Assessment 2			30
	(Written Test -2)			
2	At the end of 7 th week	80 minutes	30	
	CIE Assessment 3			
	(Written Test -3)			
3	At the end of 13 th week	80 minutes	30	
	CIE Assessment 4			Average of three
	(Group Assignment -1)			20
4	At the end of 5 th week	60 minutes	20	20
	CIE Assessment 5			
	(Group Assignment -2)			
5	At the end of 9 th week	60 minutes	20	
	CIE Assessment 6			
	(Individual Student			
	activity/Assignment) At			
6	the end of 11 th week	60 minutes	20	
Total Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) Assessment		50		
	Semester End			
8	Examination (SEE)	3 Hrs	100	50
	Assessment (Written Test)			
	Total Mai	100		

Note:

- 3. SEE (Semester End Examination) is conducted for 100 Marks theory course for a time duration of 3 Hrs
- 4. Three CIE (written test), each of 30 marks for a time duration of 80 minutes shall be conducted. Also, three CIE (MCQ or Quiz/Group Assignment/Individual student activity or assignment) each of 20 marks for the time duration of 60 minutes shall be conducted. Any fraction at any stage during evaluation will be rounded off to the next higher digit
 - 5. Assessment of assignment and student activity is evaluated through appropriate rubrics by the respective course coordinator. The secured mark in each case is rounded off to the next higher digit.

10 DETAILED COURSE CONTENT

Unit No And Name	DETAILED COURSE CONTENT	CONTACT HRS	TOTAL
	1.1 Introduction	3	
	1.2 Meaning of Project		
	1.3 Definition and No Change Mode		
1.	1.4 Features of a Project		6
Introduction	1.5 Types of Projects		
	1.6 Benefits of Project Management		
	1.7 Obstacles in Project Management		
	1.8 Project Management – A Profession		
	1.9 Project Manager and His Role		
	1.10 Project Consultants		
	1.11 What is Operation?	3	
	1.12 Difference between Project and Operation		
	1.13 What is Process in Project Management and Process Groups?		
	1.14 What is Scope? Difference between Project		
	Group Objectives and	_	
	1.15 Project Scope		
2. Project	2.1 Essentials of Project Administration	3	18
Administrat	2.2 Project Team		
ion	ion 2.3 Project Design		
	2.4 Work Breakdown Structure (WBS)		

ı		1	٦
	2.5 Project Execution Plan (PEP)	6	
	2.6 Contracting Plan	-	
	2.7 Work Packing Plan		
	2.8 Organisation Plan	3	
	2.9 Systems and Procedure Plan		
	2.10 Project Procedure Manual		
	2.11 Project Diary	3	
	2.12 Project Execution System		
	2.13 Project Direction		
	2.14 Communication in a Project	3	
	2.15 Project Co-ordination		
	2.16 Pre-requisites for Successful Project Implementation		
3. Project	3.1 Introduction	6	12
Lifecycle	3.2 Phases of Project Life Cycle		
	3.3 Project Management Life Cycle – General		
	3.4 Project Planning		
	3.5 Project Execution		
	3.6 Project Closure		
	3.7 Project Risks	3	
	3.8 Types of Risks: Illustrations		
	3.9 Risk Assessment Techniques with Illustrations		
	3.10 Project Cost Risk Analysis	3	
	3.11 Estimating Time and Cost Overrun Risks		
	3.12 Organisation/Procedural/Systemic Reasons for Project Cost Overruns		
	3.13 Time Overruns		
4. Project	4.1 Introduction	6	18
Planning, Scheduling	4.2 Nature of Project Planning		
and Monitoring	4.3 Need for Project Planning		
	4.4 Functions of Project Planning		
	4.5 Steps in Project Planning		
	4.6 Project Planning Structure		
	4.7 Project Objectives and Policies		
	4.8 Tools of Project Planning		

	4.9 Project Scheduling	6		
	4.10 Time Monitoring Efforts			
	4.11 Bounding Schedules			
	4.12 Scheduling to Match Availability of Manpower			
	4.13 Scheduling to Match Release of Funds			
	4.14 Problems in Scheduling Real-life Projects			
	4.15 Introduction	3		
	4.16 Situation Analysis and Problem Definition			
	4.17 Setting Goals and Objectives			
	4.18 Generating Structures and Strategies			
	4.19 Implementation			
	4.20 What is Project Evaluation?	3		
	4.21 Why is Project Evaluation Important?			
	4.22 What are the Challenges in Monitoring and Evaluation?			
5. Project	5.1 Introduction	6	18	
Control, Review and	5.2 Projected Control Purposes			
Audit	5.3 Problems of Project Control			
	5.4 Gantt Charts			
	5.5 Milestone Charts			
	5.6 Critical Path Method (CPM)	6		
	5.7 Construction of a Network			
	5.8 Network Technique in Project Scheduling			
	5.9 Crashing Project Duration through Network			
	5.10 Project Review	3		
	5.11 Initial Review			
	5.12 Post Audit			
	5.13 Performance Evaluation			
	5.14 Abandonment Analysis]		
	5.15 Objectives of Project Audit	3		
	5.16 Functions of Project Auditor			

	5.17 Project Audit Programme 5.18 Difficulties in Establishing Audit Purpose and Scope		
6. Digital Project Management	6.1 Digital Technology trends in Project management	1	6
Management	6.2 Cloud Technology, IoT, AR and VR applications in Project management, Smart Cities	1	
	6.3 Data Science and Analytics in Project Management	1	
	6.4 Case Studies	3	

Case Studies:

Please note: The Tutors can either use the following Case studies and activities or Design on their own, with the overall Learning Outcomes being met.

Case Study I: Residential House - Project Execution Plan

- 1. Dr. Sunil Kulkarni wants to build a house on his 9000 square feet (90x100) vacant plot in Bengaluru. His requirements were given below.
 - i) He lives with his wife, parents and two college going children.
 - ii) He likes open space around his house and likes to do gardening during free time
 - His wife teaches Yoga and about 30 middle aged and old people attend the daily iii) sessions.
 - iv) He has a budget limitation of INR 230,00,000 for this project and wants to present to his wife on their 20th wedding anniversary which is 18 months away.
 - v) His parents can not climb stairs and hence prefer a ground floor room
 - All the rooms should have attached bathrooms vi)

How-ever the Civil contractor who took the work, overshot the time and money available and hence Dr Sunil was unhappy with the Architect firm who recommended the Contractor.

Task:

- Split the class into groups of three
- Ask them to prepare 2D drawings with Plan, Elevation, Sections and perspectives.
- Prepare the detailed WBS, a Project execution plan and Project communication plan for contractors
- Estimate the quantities
- Discuss on the possible reasons for delay and methods with which performance to both time and budget could have been achieved
- Present it in a seminar, with each group getting 5-10 minutes to present their idea.

Case Study 2a:

The Columbus Hospital proposed in Hubli is a 200 bed speciality private hospital for treatment of Cancer. The hospital will come up on a 12 acre plot between Hubli-Dharwad. A leading construction company has come forward to complete the hospital works from concept to commissioning in 9 months. The promoters are willing to spend a premium to complete the hospital in 9 month time and are not particular about type of construction, ie, RCC, Steel frame etc. The key requirements are as follows:

- i) 200 bed hospital of which 40 are for critical care (ICU), 40 for pre and post-Operative care
- ii) 4 Operation Theatres 2 Major (Minimum 800 SFT each) and 2 minor (minimum 400 sft each)
- iii) One full-fledged Diagnostic laboratory (1500 Sft)
- iv) One 24x7 pharmacy (360 Sft min)
- v) Doctors rooms, Nurses enclosures, Change rooms
- vi) Office with billing counters (min 2000 sft) for all administrative staff
- vii) Wheel chair parking bays, Stretcher parking bays in all floors
- viii) One Cafeteria with 50 person capacity
- ix) One conference room with Multimedia equipment (300 sft min)
- x) Parking for ambulances, 4 wheelers, two wheelers
- xi) Reception and enquiry counter
- xii) All amenities should be accessible for disabled persons
- xiii) Incinerator, Waste storage and disposal area
- xiv) Generator and fuel storage area

Discuss

- i) The various alternative approaches available to complete the hospital.
- ii) Look into National Building Code and BIS standards for arriving at approximate (+/- 10%) super built-up area required, amenities to be planned
- iii) The various phases of the project according to Project lifecycle and durations
- iv) Prepare the detailed WBS, Project Organization required and Project Dairy template
- v) Prepare a Project Plan with risks involved and the risk management plan.
- vi) Estimate the cost of time overrun if the project is delayed by 114 calendar days due to issues with approvals

Case Study 2b:

For case study 2 above, prepare an Implementation Plan using a spread sheet software.

Discuss

- i) What happens if a pandemic affects the project in its 7th Month. How do you mitigate the possible issues in implementation?
- ii) What happens if during the fourth month of projects the client decides to reduce funds for the month by 50%?

Case Study 2c:

For case study 2 above, prepare a Critical Path method Chart (CPM) showing all main activities in the WBS with milestones.

Discuss

- xvi) What happens if the client decides to complete the ground floor roof 15 days earlier ?
- xvii) What happens if the client reduces the inflow of project funds by 50% for the month 4?
- xviii) Write an Audit report for the project at the end of 6th month

Case Study 3:

This will be done as a student activity and has two components.

- i) Research on 3D printing in any industry and prepare a three page article
- ii) Study usage of Drones in different Industries and evaluate the Cost benefits of using the same for any one scenario.

Model Question Paper

I A Test (CIE)

Programme: Course: Course Code:		Semester: II						
		Max Marks: 30						
		Duration: 1 Hr 20 minutes						
Name o	f the course coordinator:	Test: I/	II/III					
Note: Ar	nswer one full question from each section. One ful	l question carries 10 n	narks.					
Qn.No	Question	CL	СО	PO	Marks			
QIIIIO	Question	C.E.			Marks			
	Section-1							
1.a)	5000001				<u> </u>			
b)								
c)								
2.a)								
b)								
c)								
	Section-2			•				
3.a)								
b)								
c)								
4.a)								
b)								
c)								
	Section-3			•				
5.a)								
b)								
c)								
6.a)								
b)								
c)								

Model Question Paper Semester End Examination

Programme:	Semester: II
Course:	Max Marks: 100
Course Code:	Duration: 3 Hrs

Course Code		Duration	n: 3 Hrs	
	Instruction to the Candidate:			
	Answer one full question from each section. One full q	uestion carrie	es 20 ma	rks.
Qn.No	Question	CL	СО	Marks
	Section-1			
1.a)				
b)				
2.a)				
b)				
•	Section-2	•		•
3.a)				
b)				
4.a)				
b)				
•	Section- 3			
5.a)				
b)				
6.a)				
b)				
	Section-4			
7.a)				
b)				
8.a)				
b)				
	Section-5			
9.a)				
b)				
10.a)				
b)				

Government of Karnataka Department of Collegiate and Technical Education Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore

Course Code	20CE21P	Semester	II	
Course Title	CIVIL ENGINEERING GRAPHICS	Course Group	Core	
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Lecture & Drawing Exercise	
Course Cotegory	PC	Total Contact Hours	6Hrs Per Week	
Course Category	PC	Total Contact Hours	78Hrs Per Semester	
Prerequisites	High School Level Mathematics	Teaching Scheme	(L:T:P)= 1:0:2	
CIE Marks	60	SEE Marks	40	

Prerequisites: Basic Geometry in Secondary Education and zeal to learn the course.

Course Objectives:

- 1. The course is aimed at developing Basic Drawing skills.
- 2. Skills in Reading and Interpretation of Engineering Drawings.
- 3. Skills in usage of CADD software.

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

	Course Outcome	CL	Linked PO	Teaching Hrs		
C01	Acquire Knowledge about importance of Engineering drawing and use of drawing instruments effectively and Able to draw figures to given scale and dimension the given figures as per BIS	R,U,Ap	1,2,4	09		
CO2	Acquire knowledge about geometric constructions and conic section and to learn their application in civil engineering field	R,U,Ap	1,2,4	06		
CO3	Discover the concept of projection and acquire visualization skills related to projections of points, Lines, planes and solids	R,U,Ap	1,2,4	27		
CO4	Develop the ability to draw the isometric view from the orthographic views and Convert isometric views into orthographic views and learn concept of 3D visualization	R,U,Ap	1,2,4	18		
CO5	Interpret the basic concept and usage of CADD software. Compare the utilities of alternate drafting software from open source. Setup CADD workstation and demonstrate basic commands of Computer Aided Design and Drafting Software.	R,U,Ap	1,2,4	18		
Total sessions						

Legend- R: Remember U: Understand Ap: Application Ay: Analysis

Course Outcome and Programme outcome mapping

Second Semes	Second Semester - CO & PO Mapping of Civil Engineering Graphics 20CE22D										
cos	PO1	P02	PO3	P04	P05	P06	P07				
C205.1	3	3	-	1	-	-	-				
C205.2	3	3	-	1	1	-	1				
C205.3	3	3	-	1	1	-	1				
C205.4	3	3	-	1	ı	-	1				
C205.5	3	3	-	1	1	-	-				
AVG	3	3	-	1	-	-	-				

Programme outcome Attainment Matrix

Course	Programme Outcome								
	P01	PO2	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	PSO	PS
								1	02
	Basic and Discipline specific knowledge	Problem analysis	Design/development of solutions	Engineering Tools, Experimentation and Testing	Engineering practices for society, sustainability and environment	Project Management	Life-long learning		
CIVIL ENGINEERING	3	3	-	1			-	2	2
GRAPHICS					-	-			

Level 3- Highly Addressed, Level 2-Moderately Addressed, Level 1-Low Addressed.

Method is to relate the level of PO with the number of hours devoted to the COs which address the given PO. If >40% of classroom sessions addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is addressed at Level 3 If 25 to 40% of classroom sessions addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is addressed at Level 2 If 5 to 25% of classroom sessions addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is addressed at Level 1 If < 5% of classroom sessions addressing a particular PO, it is considered that PO is considered not-addressed.

COURSE CONTENTS

	SE CONTENTS	HOURS
UNITS	CONTENT	
1	 INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING DRAWING AND DRAWING INSTRUMENTS Introduction to Engineering drawing, Drawing Instruments, Standard Sizes of Drawing sheets-Layout of drawing sheets, Folding of Drawing sheets as per Bureau of Indian Standards, Types of lines and their applications, Conventions used in Civil Engineering DIMENSIONING PRACTICE Introduction to Dimensioning, Elements of Dimensioning, Systems of Dimensioning, Methods of arrangements of Dimensioning Representative Fraction and Scales recommended by the Bureau of Indian Standards(Reducing scale, Enlarging scale and Full scale) Dimensioning of common features like diameters, radii, arcs and chords and simple Civil Engineering Objects. 	09
2	 GEOMETRIC CONSTRUCTIONS To divide a line into any number of equal parts Construction of regular Polygons using different methods CONIC SECTIONS Elements of Ellipse and Parabola Applications of Ellipse and Parabola in engineering constructions Construction of Ellipse by Concentric Circle method and Rectangle method Construction of Parabola by Rectangle method and Parallelogram method 	06
3	 ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION OF POINTS Introduction to orthographic projection-Principal planes of projection-Four Quadrants- Concept of First angle & Third angle projection Methods-Projection of points in all the four quadrant system. Practicing exercises on projection of points in all four quadrants ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION OF LINES Projection of lines - Line Parallel to both HP and VP, Line parallel to one plane and Perpendicular to other-Line parallel to one plane and Inclined to the other, Line inclined to both HP and VP. Practicing of exercises on projection of lines in different positioning 	12

> ISOMETRIC VIEWS Principles of isometric Views, Isometric views of regular polygons. Conversion of orthographic views into isometric View- Drawing of Isometric views of solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder and cone. Conversion of orthographic views into isometric View- Drawing of Isometric views of combination of solids and simple civil engineering objects Conversion of isometric views into orthographic views BASIC CADD IN CIVIL ENGINEERING Introduction to CADD General features of CADD, CADD work station, Hardware and Software requirements Advantages of using CADD, Starting CADD, Understanding CADD Editor Screen- title bar, menu bar, dashboard, standard tool bar, drawing area, UCS, command prompt area, status bar. Demonstration of commands in CADD Commands- Command Entry Options using -Command Line, Menus (File, Edit, View, Insert, Format, Tools, Draw, Dimension, Modify, Window, Help) and Dialog Boxes. Understanding the use of CADD Menus and Tool Bars CADD Basic Entities- Drawing Line, Arc, Circle, Rectangle and polygons using different coordinates Systems such as Absolute Cartesian Coordinates, Relative Polar Coordinates Direct distance entry and line command, picking coordinates on the screen and line command Using a wizard, using a template, starting from scratch. Selection of units, Selection of paper space, Setting up of limits Four Exercises on 2 Dimensional drawings Exercises on isometric views(Conversion of Orthographic projection to Isometric view) Exercises on isometric views(Conversion of Isometric view to Orthographic projection 1)	4	 ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION OF PLANES Projection of Plane surface: Parallel to one and perpendicular to the other planes of projection, Perpendicular to one and inclined to the other planes of projection, Plane surface inclined to both planes of projection. Practicing of exercises on projection of planes in different positioning ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION OF SOLIDS Introduction-Positioning of solids -Solid lying with base on HP-Solids lying with base or axis inclined to HP, solid with lateral faces, lateral edge on HP, Solids lying with their base inclined to both HP and VP. (Solids like- prisms, pyramids, cone and cylinder) Practicing of exercises on projection of solids in different positioning 	15
 Introduction to CADD General features of CADD, CADD work station, Hardware and Software requirements Advantages of using CADD, Starting CADD, Understanding CADD Editor Screen- title bar, menu bar, dashboard, standard tool bar, drawing area, UCS, command prompt area, status bar. Demonstration of commands in CADD Commands- Command Entry Options using -Command Line, Menus (File, Edit, View, Insert, Format, Tools, Draw, Dimension, Modify, Window, Help) and Dialog Boxes. Understanding the use of CADD Menus and Tool Bars CADD Basic Entities- Drawing Line, Arc, Circle, Rectangle and polygons using different coordinate Systems such as Absolute Cartesian Coordinates, Relative Polar Coordinates Direct distance entry and line command, picking coordinates on the screen and line command Using a wizard, using a template, starting from scratch. Selection of units, Selection of paper space, Setting up of limits Four Exercises on 2 Dimensional drawings Exercises on isometric views(Conversion of Orthographic projection to Isometric view) Exercises on isometric views(Conversion of Isometric view to Orthographic 	5	 Principles of isometric Views, Isometric views of regular polygons. Conversion of orthographic views into isometric View- Drawing of Isometric views of solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder and cone. Conversion of orthographic views into isometric View -Drawing of Isometric views of combination of solids and simple civil engineering objects Conversion of isometric views into orthographic views 	18
Total 78 Hrs	6	 Introduction to CADD General features of CADD, CADD work station, Hardware and Software requirements Advantages of using CADD, Starting CADD, Understanding CADD Editor Screen- title bar, menu bar, dashboard, standard tool bar, drawing area, UCS, command prompt area, status bar. Demonstration of commands in CADD Commands- Command Entry Options using -Command Line, Menus (File, Edit, View, Insert, Format, Tools, Draw, Dimension, Modify, Window, Help) and Dialog Boxes. Understanding the use of CADD Menus and Tool Bars CADD Basic Entities- Drawing Line, Arc, Circle, Rectangle and polygons using different coordinate Systems such as Absolute Cartesian Coordinates, Relative Cartesian Coordinates, and Absolute Polar coordinates, Relative Polar Coordinates Direct distance entry and line command, picking coordinates on the screen and line command Using a wizard, using a template, starting from scratch. Selection of units, Selection of paper space, Setting up of limits Four Exercises on 2 Dimensional drawings Exercises on isometric views(Conversion of Orthographic projection to Isometric view) Exercises on isometric views(Conversion of Isometric view to Orthographic projection) 	

Note: Graded exercises Plan in each unit should be as per table provided below.

Course Delivery:

Unit 1 to Unit 5: The course content will be delivered through lectures and Power point

presentations/ Videowith classroom practices (Manual drawing)

Unit 6: The course content will be delivered through lectures with demonstration in CADD laboratory with lab practice using CADD software

UNIT	DETAILED COURSE CONTENT	СО	PO	Conta ct Hrs
UNIT-1 :II	NTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING DRAWING AND DIMENSIONING PR	ACTICI	E	
1	 Introduction to Engineering drawing, Drawing Instruments, Standard Sizes of Drawing sheets Layout of drawing sheets, Folding of Drawing sheets as per Bureau of Indian Standards 	C01	1,2,4	3
	 Types of lines and their applications, Conventions used in Civil Engineering Introduction to Dimensioning, Elements of Dimensioning, Systems of Dimensioning Methods of arrangements of Dimensioning 	C01	1,2,4	6
HNIT-2 C	 Representative Fraction and Scales recommended by the Bureau of Indian Standards (Reducing scale, Enlarging scale and Full scale) Dimensioning of common features like diameters, radii, arcs and chords and simple Civil Engineering Objects. EOMETRIC CONSTRUCTION AND CONIC SECTIONS	CO1	1,2,4	9
2	 To divide a line into any number of equal parts Construction of regular Polygons using different methods 	CO2	1,2,4	12
	Elements of Ellipse and Parabola			
	 Applications of Ellipse and Parabola in engineering constructions Construction of Ellipse by Concentric Circle method and 		1,2,4	15
	 Rectangle method Construction of Parabola by Rectangle method and Parallelogram method 	CO2		
	PRTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION, PROJECTION OF POINTS AND LINES	1	T	1
3	 Introduction to orthographic projection Principal planes of projection- Four Quadrants Concept of First angle & Third angle projection method 	C03	1,2,4	18
	 Projection of points in all the four quadrant system. Exercises on projection of points in all four quadrants 	CO3	1,2,4	21
	 Introduction to projection of line Projections of Line Parallel to both HP and VP Projection of Line parallel to one plane and Perpendicular to other 	CO3	1,2,4	24
	 Projections of Line parallel to one plane and Inclined to the other Projection of line inclined to both HP and VP. 	CO3	1,2,4	27
UNIT-4 : 0	DRTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION AND PROJECTION OF PLANES AND SOL	IDS		
4	 Introduction to projection of planes. Projection of plane surfaces parallel to one plane and perpendicular to the other Projection of Plane surface perpendicular to one plane and in the other 	CO3	1,2,4	30
	inclined to other			

	•	Projection of Plane surface inclined to both HP and VP	CO3	1,2,4	33
	•	Exercises on projection of planes			
	•	Introduction-Positioning of solids		1,2,4	36
	•	Solid lying with base on HP			
	•	Solids lying with base or axis inclined to HP.	CO3		
	•	Positioning of solid with lateral faces, lateral edge on HP	CO3	1,2,4	39
	•	Solids lying with their base inclined to both HP and VP			
TIME F	• ICOMET	Exercises on projection of solids	CO3	1,2,4	42
	1SOME I	RIC VIEWS			•
5	•	Principles of isometric Views	CO4	1,2,4	45
	•	Isometric views of regular polygons.			
	•	Conversion of orthographic projection into isometric View of solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone.	CO4	1,2,4	48
	•	Conversion of orthographic projection into isometric Views of	CO4	1,2,4	51
		combination of solids and simple civil engineering objects	COT	1,2,1	
	•	Conversion of isometric views into orthographic projection	CO4	1,2,4	54
		of combination of solids			
	•	Conversion of isometric views into orthographic projection of		1,2,4	57
		simple civil engineering objects	CO4		
	•	Exercises on isometric views		1,2,4	60
			CO4		
		ADD IN CIVIL ENGINEERING		1.0.4	1 60
6	>	Introduction to CADD		1,2,4	63
	•	General features of CADD, CADD work station, Hardware and			
	•	Software requirements, Advantages of using CADD, Starting CADD	CO5		
		Understanding CADD Editor Screen- title bar, menu bar,	003		
		dashboard, standard tool bar, drawing area, UCS, command			
		prompt area, status bar.			
	>	Demonstration of commands in CADD			
	•	Commands- Command Entry Options using -Command Line,			
		Menus (File, Edit, View, Insert, Format, Tools, Draw, Dimension,			
		Modify, Window, Help) and Dialog Boxes.			
	Uı	nderstanding the use of CADD Menus and Tool Bars			
	•	CADD Basic Entities- Drawing Line, Arc, Circle, Rectangle and		1,2,4	66
		polygons using different coordinate Systems such as Absolute			
		Cartesian Coordinates, Relative Cartesian Coordinates, and	CO5		
		Absolute Polar coordinates, Relative Polar Coordinates			
	•	Direct distance entry and line command, picking coordinates on			
		the screen and line command.			
	•	Using a wizard, using a template, starting from scratch.			
		Selection of units, Selection of paper space, Setting up of limits Four Exercises on 2 Dimensional (2D) drawings	CO5	1,2,4	69
	•	Exercises on isometric views(Conversion of Orthographic	C05	1,2,4	72
		projection to Isometric view)	303	±,2,1	, 2
	•	Exercises on isometric views (Conversion of Orthographic	C05	1,2,4	75
		projection to Isometric view)		ļ .	
	•	Exercises on isometric views (Conversion of Isometric view to orthographic projection)	C05	1,2,4	78

Course Assessment and Evaluation Chart

Assessmen t Method	Type of	Assessment	Target	Assessment methods	Max Marks	Type of record	Duration
t Method	ц	Portfolio Evaluation of drawing		Marks awarded for each unit exercises	20 (Average of all units marks)	Drawing sheet with log sheet (to be folded as per BIS and filed)	Submissio ns to be taken after the completio n of every unit
Direct Assessment	ernal Evaluatio	Skill tests	STUDENT	Skill Test 1 [unit 1,2 , (part of 3)] Skill Test 2 [(part of unit 3) &	20 (Average of 2 tests)	Manual drawing Manual drawing	180 minutes 180 minutes
Direct A	CIE Continuous Internal Evaluation		STL	unit 4 & unit 5] Skill Test 3 (unit 6) Total CIE Marks	20 marks 60 marks	Drawing execution using CADD All the above	180 minutes End of semester
	SEE	Semester End Exam		SEE	40 marks 100 mark	Answer sheets & CADD execution.	180 minutes
ect nent		feedback	STUDENT	Middle of the course	-NA-	Feedback	Middle of semester
Indirect Assessment	End of 0	nd of Course survey		End of course		forms Questionnaire	End of the semester

Note:

- 1. CIE is conducted for 60 marks and SEE is conducted for 100 Marks & Weightage is reduced to 40 marks
- 2. Three Skill tests to be conducted for 100 marks (3 Hrs) and should be reduced to 20 marks and average marks of skillTest 1 and skill test 2 shall be rounded off to the next higher digit.
- 3. Content of Unit 3 can be divided for Skill test 1 and skill test 2 as required
- 4. CIE & SEE to be conducted as per the scheme of Evaluation below

Scheme of Evaluation for CIE: SKILL TEST 1 AND SKILL TEST 2

MODEL QUESTION PAPER FOR SKILL TEST 1

Program	me :			Sei	mester: I	
Course	:	Max M	larks :1	.00		
Course Code : Duration :180 minutes						
Name of	the course coordinator:			SKILL '	Test : I	
Note: An	swer the following questions. One full question	carries 20 mar	ks.			
Qn.No	Question	CL	CO	PO	Marks	
	Section-1 (UNIT 1	1)				
1.a)	-				20	
	OR					
b)					20	
2.a)					20	
	OR					
b)					20	
	Section-2(UNIT 2)				
3.a)					20	
	OR					
b)					20	
4.a)					20	
	OR					
b)					20	
-)	Section-3(PART OF U	VIT 3)				
5.a)					20	
ارماد	OR					
c)					20	
د ر						

MODEL OUESTION PAPER FOR SKILL TEST 2

	MODEL QUESTION PAPER FOR SI	KILL IESI Z					
Progran	nme :				Semester: I		
Course	:	Max Marks:100					
Course	Code :		Durati	on :180	minutes		
Name o	f the course coordinator:			SKILL	Γest : II		
Note: A	nswer one full question from each section. One f	ull question ca	arries 10	marks.			
Qn.No	Question	CL	СО	PO	Marks		
	Section-1 (PART OF	UNIT 3)	•				
1.a)					20		
-	OR						
b)					20		
-	Section-2(UNIT	4)					
2.a)					20		
	OR						
b)					20		
3.a)					20		
-	OR						
b)					20		
	Section-3(UNIT	5)	•				
4.a)		_			20		
	OR						
b)					20		

1	⁷ iva	10 marks					
2	Concept of CADD work station and Demo of commands	20 marks					
3	3 Drawing of Isometric view (orthographic projection to isometric view) 35 marks						
4	Drawing of Isometric view (Isometric view to orthographic projection)	35 marks					
	Total	100 mark	S				
5.a			20				
	OR						
b			20				

Scheme of Evaluation for CIE - SKILL TEST 3 (Practical mode)

Scheme of Evaluation for SEE (Practical mode)

Sl. No	Questions	Max. Marks					
	SECTION 1: Manual Drawing in given answer sheet						
A)	i. Question from Unit 1 or 2	25					
	Or						
	ii. Question from Unit 3						
B)	i. Question from Unit 4	25					
	0r						
	ii. Question from Unit 5						
	SECTION 2 : Basic CAD Drawing						
C)	i) One exercise execution on Isometric Views using CADD	40					
	ii) Dimensioning of the CADD drawing executed	10					
	Total 100						

GRADED EXERCISE PLAN

Unit no	Name of the unit	Drawing Sheets	Title of the drawing	Minimum no of exercise
I	INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING DRAWING AND DIMENSIONING	1	Use of drawing instruments	05
	PRACTICE	2	Dimensioning	05
II	GEOMETRIC CONSTRUCTION AND CONIC SECTIONS	2	Geometric construction	05
			conic sections	08
III	ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION PROJECTIONOF POINTS AND LINES	2	Projection of Points	10
	,	3	Projection of Lines	15
IV	ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION OF PLANES AND SOLIDS	3	Projection of Planes	15
	1 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 2 2	5	Projection of Solids	20
V	ISOMETRIC VIEWS	6	Isometric Views	30

VI	BASIC CADD IN CIVIL ENGINEERING	Printouts	CADD	10
			applications	

TEXT BOOK

- 1. K.R.Gopalakrishna "Fundamentals of Drawing" Subhas Publications, 2010.
- 2. K.R.Gopalakrishna "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I & II), Subhas Publications, 2014.

REFERENCES

- 1. R.K. Dhawan, "A text book of Engineering Drawing", S.Chand Publishers, Delhi, 2010.
- 2. G.S. Phull and H.S.Sandhu, "Engineering Graphics", Wiley Publications, 2014.
- 3. K.Venugopal and V.Prabhu Raja, "Engineering Graphics", New Age International Private Limited, 2008.
- 4. M.B.Shah and B.C.Rana, "Engineering Drawing", Pearson Education, 2005.
- 5. DhananjayA.Jolhe, "Engineering Drawing with an Introduction to AutoCAD", Tata McGrawHill Publishing Company Limited, 2008.
- 6. BasantAgarwal and Agarwal.C.M., "Engineering Drawing", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2008.
- 7. IS 962 (1989) Code of practice for Architectural and Building Drawings
- 8. CAD in Civil Engineering a Laboratory Referrel- DrM.A.Jayaram, D.S.Rajendra Prasad, Sapna Book House
- 9. Sham Tickoo-CADD: A Problem-Solving Approach Thomson Learning EMEA, Limited George Omura- Mastering Auto CAD BPB Publication
- 10. Arshad N Siddique, ZahidKhab, Mukhtar Ahmed- Engineering Drawing with CADD

E-Learning:

	L Lear Hing.
ORIGAMI	
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a3WFm8Yffm4
UNIT 1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=z4xZmBpXIzQhttps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uojN7S OHPBw
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w2-a EzO4-Q
	https://www.youtube.com/results?search query=dimensioning
UNIT 2	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rt7qTvPYVXE https://www.youtube.com/results?search_query=conic+sections+in+engineering+drawing
UNIT3	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SB83cUaAiCMhttps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fK4h5gM73w8&list=PLIhUrsYr8yHxEk_Jv8yOatn3Dcr6KYK3jhttps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FtugLo9DMw8&list=PLIhUrsYr8yHz_FkG5tGWXaNbIxVcibQvV
UNIT4	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AoNIOxnxDO0&list=PLIhUrsYr8yHx7TVB51jN3HZVyW3R6RiBghttps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YV4RZNQ2yB8&list=PLIhUrsYr8yHxARPzEFz1nXgt8j6xFtEm
UNIT5	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Vo9LC9d7FQA&list=PLIhUrsYr8yHxVky7bfrnbRcdXcHjT K83 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=f1Hdtf_iAWk
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=It2jXzsXrVw&list=PLr0Fa8sDv6jd0R3IzK- olrYadMkwsDG2g

	http://www.sketchup.com
UNIT6	http://www.autodesk.in/products/3ds-max/overview
	http://www.we-r-here.com/cad/tutorials/index.htm
	http://www.cadtutor.net/tutorials/CADD/
	http://www.caddprimer.com/CADD training tutorial/CADD training lessons.html
	http://www.CADDmark.com/
	http://www.CADDtutorials.net/
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J2LiXosRKKk
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8rkkYc8mFck

Infrastructure required

- 1. Latest Configuration Computers which can be able to run latest any Computer Aided Drafting Software. (At least One Computer per student in practical session.)-30 no
- 2. Any latest Authorized Computer Aided Drafting Software (30 user licenses)
- 3. Plotter of size A2/A3
- 4. LCD Projector
- 5. Drawing Table with chair in drawing room

ACTIVITIES

	❖ Course coordinator should make the student understand the importance of
	Engineering graphics, study and deliver the course content effectively.
	Focus should be on proper selection of drawing instruments and their
	proper use.
	Emphasis should be given on cleanliness, dimensioning and layout of sheet.
	Course coordinator should show model of real component/part and should give live applications of those, whose drawing is to be made.
Course co	Students should be encouraged to practice manual drawing and CADD
coordinator	drawings and to be given with activities to perform which can enhance their
Coordinator	skills towards engineering objects
	At regular interval students should be assessed for the skill attainment.
	❖ Encourage students for improvement in performance through skill tests and
	portfolio Evaluation
	Students should be encouraged for blended learning and flipped learning
	❖ The department should procure AutoCADD or other engineering graphics
	software for practice in engineering graphics.
Program	Separate CADD labs and drawing room for practice on Engineering graphics
coordinator	should be set up
	Monitor the progress of skill learning among the students.
	The topic should be related to the course in order to enhance his
	knowledge, practical skill & and lifelong learning, communication, modern
	tool usage.
	❖ Plot the different line styles used in Civil Engineering drawing.
	❖ Collect and measure the dimensions of different paper sizes available in
	market.
	Develop a 3D model of simple objects like cube, prism, cylinder and cone.
	❖ Develop a conic section
Student(❖ Object of preparing models - Learn the art of ORIGAMI to prepare models
suggested)	Rectangular prism, Rectangular pyramid,
	Triangular prism and pyramid, Square prism and pyramid,
	Pentagonal prism and pyramid,
	Hexagonal prism and pyramid ,

Octagonal prism and pyramid,
Decagonal prism and pyramid,
Cube, cone , cylinder, tetrahedron, octahedron
Simple Civil Engineering objects

LOG SHEET FOR PORTFOLIO EVALUATION (Model)

(To be maintained by the student for portfolio evaluation along with filing)

SI.NO	DATE OF SUBMISSION	UNIT	TITLE OF THE DRAWING	NO OF SHEETS	MARKS AWARDED	SIGNATURE OF COURSE COORDINATOR
1						
2						

MODEL QUESTION BANK

Course: CIVILENGINEERING GRAPHICS Code: 20CE21P

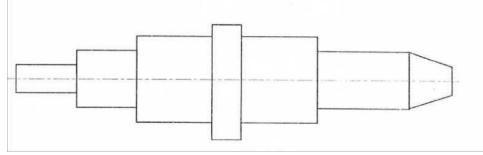
UNIT-I

10 Marks Questions

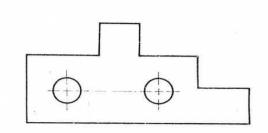
- 1. (a) List the standard sizes of drawing sheets.
 - (b) Mention the types of lines and their applications.
- 2. (a) Illustrate the elements of dimensioning with the help of a sketch.
- b) Illustrate the dimensioning of given common features: diameter, radius, chord, Arc and angle.
- 3. (a) Mention the uses of the following drawing instruments.
 - i) T-square ii) Set square iii) Bow compass iv) Clinograph v) Mini-drafter
 - b) Mention the uses of the following drawing instruments.
 - i) French curves ii) Protractor iii) Clips iv) Erasing Shield v) Drafting machine

Mention the types of lines and their applications (10 marks questions)

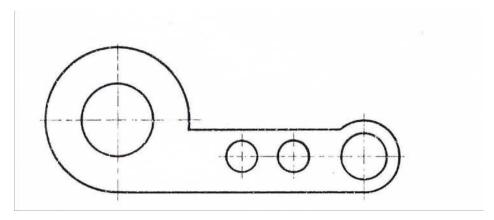
4. Copy the given sketch to 1:1 scale and dimension adopting aligned system with parallelDimensioning method.



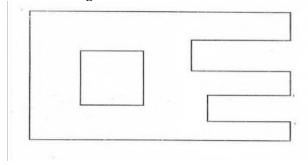
5. Copy the given sketch to 1:1 scale and dimension adopting aligned system with progressive dimensioning method.



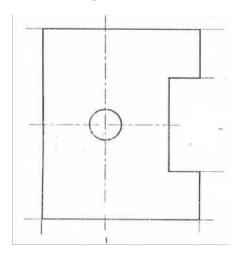
6. Copy the given sketch to 1:1 scale and dimension adopting unidirectional system with chain dimensioning method.



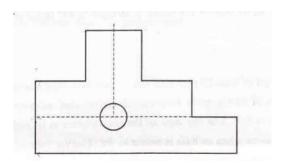
7.Copy the given sketch to 1:1 scale and dimension adopting unidirectional system with combined dimensioning method.

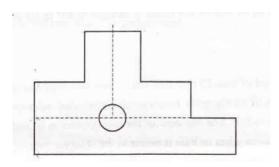


Copy the given sketch to 1:1 scale and dimension adopting unidirectional system with parallel dimensioning method.

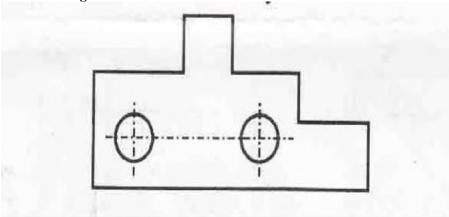


9. Copy the given sketch to 1:1 scale and dimension adopting aligned system with chain dimensioning method.

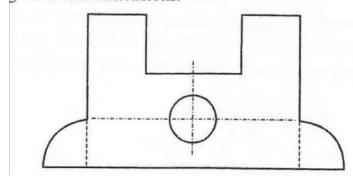




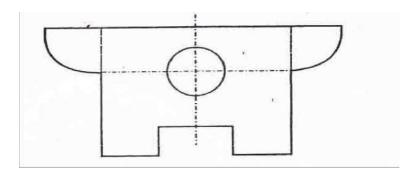
11. Copy the given sketch to 1:2 scale and dimension adopting aligned system with chain dimensioning method



12. Draw the given sketch to 1:2 scale and dimension adopting aligned system with chain dimensioning method



13. Draw the given sketch to 1:2 scale and dimension adopting aligned system with chain dimensioning method



Unit II (10marks)

- 14. A shot thrown from the ground level reaches a maximum of 45mt and falls on the ground at a distance of 100mt from the point of projection. Trace the path of the stone in space, select scale of 1:1000.
- 15. An ellipse has the major and minor axes in the ratio 3:2. Draw the ellipse when the major axis is 120mm by concentric circles method.
- 16. Inscribe an ellipse in a rectangle of side 150mm and 120mm
- 17. Inscribe parabola in a rectangle of side 120mm and 80mm.
- 18. Inscribe parabola in a parallelogram of side 100mm and 70mm and having included angle 550
- 19. A shot is discharged from the ground level at an inclination of 550 to the ground which is assumed to be horizontal. The shot returns to the ground at a point 75m distance from the point of discharge. Trace the path of the shot. Take scale 1:1000.
- 20. A shot thrown from the ground level reaches a maximum of 45mt and falls on the ground at a distance of 100mt from the point of projection. Trace the path of the stone in space, select scale of 1:1000.

UNIT-III (10 marks Questions)

- 21. A point P is 40 mm in front of VP, 50 mm above HP and 30 mm in front of left PP. Draw the three principal views of the point.
- 22. A point P is 30 mm above HP, 50 mm behind VP and 45 mm in front of left PP. Draw the three principal views of the point
- 23. Draw the three principal views of a point P lying 40 mm behind VP, 60 mm below HP and 30 mm behind the right PP.
- 24. Draw the three principal views of a point P lying 60 mm below HP, 50 mm in front of VP and 45 mm in front of the left PP.
- 25. Draw the three principal views of a line 90 mm long placed parallel to VP and perpendicular to HP. The line is 60mm in front of VP and 50mm in front of right PP. The lower end of the line is 40mm above HP.
- 26. Draw the three principal views of a line 90 mm long when it is placed parallel to both HP & VP. One of the ends of the line is 60 mm above HP, 30 mm in front of VP and 40mm in front of the right

PP.

- 27. A line AB 95 mm long is inclined at 40° to HP and parallel to VP. The line is 90 mm in front of VP. The lower end A is 35 mm above HP, 110 mm in front of the right PP and is away from it than the higher end. Draw the three principal views of the line.
- 28. A line AB 80 mm long is inclined at 45° to VP and parallel to HP. The end nearer to VP is 30mm in front of VP, 60 mm above HP and 100 mm in front of right PP. Draw the three principal views of the line.
- 29. Draw the projections of a line AB, 80 mm long inclined at 30° to HP and parallel to VP. The line is 40 mm in front of VP. The lower end A is 20 mm above HP.
- 30. The length of a line is 100 mm long and is inclined at 45° to VP and parallel to HP. The line is 15 mm above HP and one end of the line is 10 mm in front of VP. Draw the projections of the line and measure top and front views.
- 31. A line AB 80 mm long has one of its extremities 25 mm in front of VP and 30 mm above HP. The line is inclined at 30° to HP and 45° to VP. Draw its top and front views.
- 32. A line AB measuring 70 mm has its end A 15 mm in front of VP and 20 mm above HP. The other end B is 60 mm in front of VP and 50 mm above HP. Draw the projections of the line with HP & VP.
- 33. A line PQ has its end P 15 mm above HP and mm in front of VP. The end Q is 55 mm above HP and the line is inclined at 30° to HP. The distance between the end projectors of the line when measured parallel to the line of intersection of HP &
- 34. VP is 50 mm. Draw the projections of the line and find its inclinations with VP.
- 35. The distance between the end projectors passing through the end points of a line AB is 40 mm. The end A is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP. The line AB appears as 65 mm long in the front view. Complete the projections. Find the true length of the line and its inclinations with HP & VP.

UNIT-IV (15 marks questions)

- 36. An equilateral triangular lamina of side 50mm rests with one its sides on HP so that the surface of the lamina is inclined at 40° to HP. The side on which the lamina rests is inclined at 50° to VP. Draw the projections of the lamina.
- 37. An equilateral triangular lamina of sides 40mm is resting with one of its corners on HP, The surface of the lamina is inclined at 50° to HP and the side opposite to the corner on which the lamina rests is inclined at 40° to VP. Draw the projections of the lamina.
- 38. A square lamina of 40mm side rests with one of its sides on HP so that the surface of the lamina is inclined at 30° to HP. The side on which the lamina rests is inclined at 45° to VP. Draw the top and front views of the square lamina in this position.
- 39. A square lamina of 40mm sides rests with one of its corner on HP. The diagonal passing through this corner is inclined at 45° to VP and Lamina appears to be inclined at 35° to HP. Draw its projections.
- 40. A square lamina of side 40mm rests with one of its corner on HP. The diagonal passing through this corner is inclined at 55° to HP and 30° to VP. Draw its projections.
- 41. A hexagonal lamina of sides 30mm rests on one of its sides on HP so that the surface of the lamina is inclined at 30° to HP. The side on which the lamina rests is inclined at 45° to VP. Draw the top and front views of the lamina.
- 42. A hexagonal lamina of side 30mm is resting with one of its corner on HP so that the diagonal passing through that corner is inclined at an angle of 45° and appears to be inclined at 30° to VP. Draw the top and front views of the lamina.
- 43. A square lamina of ABCD of 40mm side rests on the corner C such that diagonal AC appears as at 35° to the VP in the top view. The two sides BC and CD containing the corner C make equal

inclinations with the HP. The surface of the lamina makes 40° with HP. Draw its top and front views.

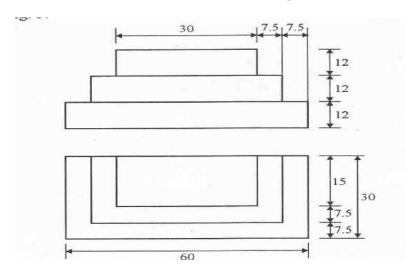
- 44. A pentagonal plane lamina of edges 30mm is resting on HP with one of its corner touching it such that plane surface makes an angle of 50° with HP. The two of the base edges containing the corner on which the lamina rests make equal inclinations with HP. If the edge opposite to this corner makes an angle of 40° with the VP, draw the top and front views of the plane lamina in this position.
- 45. A hexagonal lamina of 40mm sides rests on HP on one of its sides. The side which is on HP is perpendicular to VP and the surface of the lamina is inclined to HP at 45°. The lamina is then rotated through 90° such that the side on HP is parallel to the VP, while the surface is still inclined to HP at 45°. Draw the front view and the top view of the lamina in its final position.
- 46. A circular lamina of 65mm diameter rests on HP such that the surface of the lamina is inclined at 40° to HP. The diameter through the point on which the lamina rests on HP appears to be inclined at 50° to the VP in the top view. Obtain its projections.
- 47. A hexagonal pyramid, base 30mmside and axis 60mm long has one of its triangular face containing the slant edge on which it rests are equally inclined to HP. The axis appears to be inclined at 45° to VP. Draw its projections when its base is nearer to the observer than its apex.
- 48. Draw the projection of a pentagonal prism of base side 25mm and axis length 45mm resting on a corner such that the two base edges passing through it make equal inclination with HP and its base inclined at 60° to HP and the axis appears to be inclined at 30° to VP in the top view.
- 49. An equilateral triangular prism 30 mm side of base and 50mm long rests with one of its shorter edge on HP such that rectangular face containing the edge on which the prism rests is inclined at 30° to HP. The edge on which the prism rests is inclined at 60° to VP. Draw its projections.
- 50. A cone of base diameter 50mm and altitude 70mm is lying with one of its generators on HP and the axis appears to be inclined to VP at an angle of 40° in the top view. Draw its top and front views.
- 51. A Hexagonal prism of 30 mm side of base and axis 60mm long is placed with one of its base edges on HP such that the axis is inclined at 35° to HP and 45° to VP. Draw its projections.
- 52. A Pentagonal pyramid 25mm side of base and 50mm altitude rests with one of its corners on HP such that the two base edges passing through the corner on which rests make equal inclinations with HP. The axis is inclined at 50° to VP and 30° to HP. Draw the top and front views of the pyramid.
- 53. A cone of base 60mm diameter and axis 80mm long rests on HP with its axis inclined 45° to HP and 30° to VP. Draw the top and front views of the cone.
- 54. Draw the top and front views of a right cylinder of base 50mm diameter and 70mm long when it lies on HP, such that its axis is inclined at 30° to HP and axis appears to be perpendicular to VP in the top view.
- 55. An equilateral triangular prism of base side 25mm and 50mm long rests with one of the its shorter edges on HP so that the rectangular face containing the edge on which the prism rests

- C20
- inclined at 30° to the HP. The edge on which the prism rests is inclined at 60° to the VP. Draw its projections.
- 56. A pentagonal prism of base edge 30mm and 60mm long has its base edge on HP. The axis of the prism is inclined at 30° to the HP and appears to be inclined at 45° to the VP. Draw the top view and the front views of the prism.
- 57. A hexagonal prism of 30mm base edge and axis 60mm long is placed with one of its base edges on HP so that the axis is inclined at 30° to HP and the axis appears to be inclined at 45° to VP. Draw the projections when the base of the prism is nearer to the observer.
- 58. A square prism of base edge 40mm and 60mm long rests with one of its corners of the base so that the longer edge passing through this corner is inclined at 40° to the HP. Draw the projections if the axis appears to be inclined at 45° to the VP in the top view.
- 59. A square pyramid of base edge 40mm and 60mm long has one of its shorter edges on HP. The axis of the pyramid is inclined at 30° to the HP and appears to be inclined at 45° to the VP. Draw the projections if the apex is near to the observer.
- 60. A cylinder of 40mm diameter and axis height 60mm is resting with its ends of the base diameter on HP. The axis of the cylinder is inclined at 30° to the HP and appears to be inclined at 45° to VP. Draw the projections.
- 61. A cone of base diameter 50mm and axis 80mm lies on HP with its axis inclined at 45° to HP and appears to be inclined at 30° to the VP in the top view. Draw the top and front views of the cone.
- 62. A right cylinder is 50mm diameter of base and height 70mm. It rests such that the axis is inclined at 30° and 45° to HP and VP respectively. Draw the top and front views.
- 63. A cone of base 80mm diameter and height 100mm is lying with one of its generators on HP and its axis appears to be inclined at 40° to VP in the top view. Draw its front and top views.
- 64. Draw the projections of a pentagonal prism 20mm side of base and axis 40mm long resting on a corner such that two base edges passing through it make equal inclinations with HP and its base is inclined at 60° to HP, and the axis appears to be inclined at 30° to VP in the top view.
- 65. Draw the top and front views of a rectangular pyramid of sides of base 20x25mm and height 35mm when it lies with one of its triangular faces containing the longer edge of the base on HP. This longer edge of the base containing the triangular face lying on HP is inclined at 60° to VP in the top view with the apex of the pyramid nearer to VP.
- 66. A pentagonal pyramid 20mm side of base of 35mm altitude rests with one of its corners on HP such that the two base edges passing through the corner on which it rests make equal inclinations with HP. The axis is inclined at 45° to VP and 30° to HP. Draw the top and front views of the pyramid.
- 67. A hexagonal pyramid, base 30mm side and axis 60mm long has one of its slant edges on HP such that two of its triangular faces containing the slant edge on which it rests are equally inclined to HP. The top view of the axis appears to be inclined at 45° to VP. Draw its projections when its base is nearer to the observer than its apex.

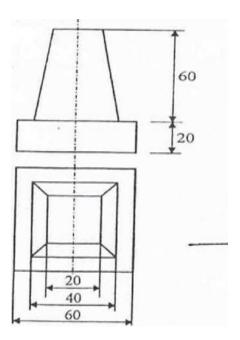
- 68. A cone of base 60mm diameter and axis 80mm long rests on HP with its axis inclined 45° and 30° with HP and VP respectively. Draw the top and front views of the cone.
- 69. Draw the top and front views of a right cylinder of base 45mm diameter and 60mm long when it lies on HP, such that its axis is inclined at 30° to HP and the axis appears to be perpendicular to the VP in the top view

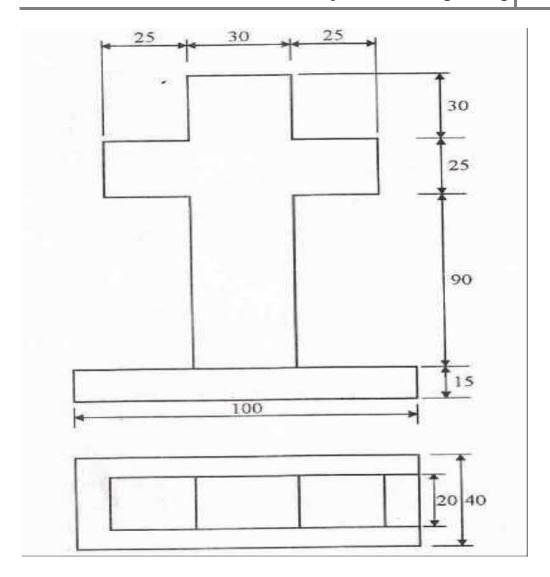
UNIT V (15 marks questions)

1. Draw the isometric view of the following objects whose orthographic views are given below:

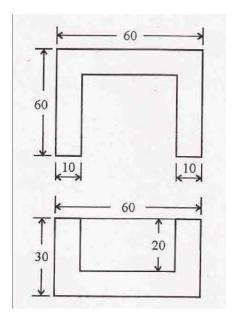


2. Draw the isometric view of the following objects whose orthographic views are given below

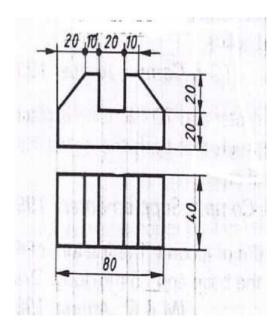


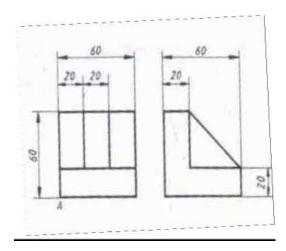


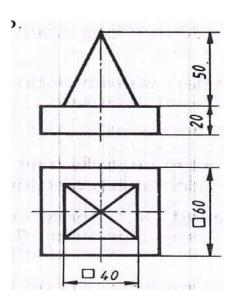
4.. Draw the isometric view of the following objects whose orthographic views are given below



5. Draw the isometric view of the following objects whose orthographic views are given below







- 5. A Circular column of side 40mm and height 50mm is placed centrally on a square footing of side 100mm and thickness 25mm. Draw the Isometric projections of the combination
- 6. A Cube of side 50mm is resting coaxially over a circular slab of diameter 100mm and thickness 30mm. Draw the isometric view of the combination of the solid. cone having diameter of the base 60mm and height 70 mm is resting co- axially on the square slab of side 100mm and thickness 40mm. Draw the isometric view of the combination of the solid.
- 7. A cylinder of 50mm diameter and 50mm high is placed centrally on the rectangular footing of sides 75mm and 100mm and thickness 25mm. Draw the isometric projections of the arrangement.
- 8. A frustum of a cone 30mm top diameter and 60mm bottom diameter and 70mm long is placed vertically on a square block of 80mm side and 30mm thick such that both the solids have common axis. Draw the isometric of the combination of the solids.
- 9. A cylindrical slab 100mm diameter and 40mm thick is supporting a cube of 50mm edge. On the top of the cube rests a square pyramid of altitude 55mm and side of base 30mm such that the base edges of the pyramid are parallel to the edges of the top face. The axes of the solids are in

the same straight line. Draw the isometric projection of the combination of the solids.

- 10. A square pyramid of base edge 50 mm and height 80 mm rests on the top of the cube of side 100 mm. Two sides of the base of the pyramid are parallel to the top edges of the cube. Draw the isometric view of the solid.
- 11. Three cubes of sides 60mm, 40mm and 20mm are placed centrally one above the other. Draw the isometric projections of the combination.

Fig-1

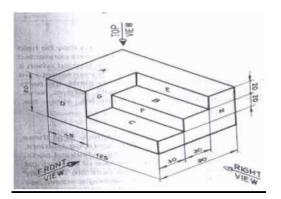
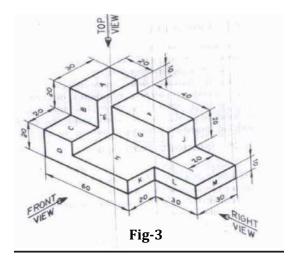


Fig-2



<u>Fig-4</u>

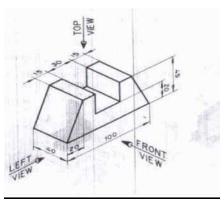


Fig-5

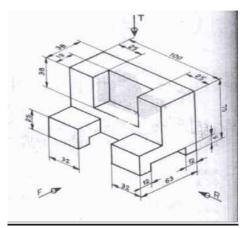


Fig-6

Course Code	20CE22P	Semester	II
Course Title	BASIC SURVEYING	Course Group	Core
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Lecture & Practice
Course Category	PC	Total Contact Hours	6 Hrs Per Week 78 Hrs Per Semester
Prerequisites	BASICS OF MATHEMATICS & UNITS AND MEASUREMENTS	Teaching Scheme	(L:T:P)-1:0:2
CIE Marks	60	SEE Marks	40

1. COURSE SKILL SET

The aim of the course is to help student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching —learning experiences

5 Perform the fundamental tasks and computations in the field of Surveying.

2. INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

- 4. Students should be exposed to different tools and equipment used in respective tasks, Operational safety and Procedure to be followed to complete the tasks. Emphasis should be given on instrument handling, selection of suitable methods.
- 5. Focus should be on precise measurements, calculations and their interpretation.

3.COURSE OUT COMES

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to demonstrate industry oriented CO's associated with the above mentioned competency:

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CO1	Perform conversion of measuring units.
CO2	Identify different surveying instruments, tools and their applications.
CO3	Handle survey instruments, taking measurements, computation and interpretation.
CO4	Carryout different types of chain, tape, compass, levelling surveying tasks.
CO5	Identify errors and apply corrections suitably.

4. COURSE CONTENT

The following topics/subtopics to be taught and assessed in order to develop Unit Skill sets for achieving CO to attain identified skill sets

	Unit skill set		Hours
UNITS	(In cognitive domain)	Topics/Subtopics	L-T-P
UNIT-1 INTRODUCTION	Introduction to surveying occupation 1)Definition, Objectives, and purposes of surveying. 2)Primary divisions and classifications of surveying 3)Principles of Surveying, Units and measurements (Linear and angular)	 1.1 Responsibility of surveyor, Future possible progression and career development provisions on completion of the course. 1.2 Classifications based on nature of field, purpose of survey and instruments used. 1.3 Conversion of units (simple problems) Errors in surveying: Types-Mistakes, systematic and accidental. 	02-00-04 (02 class of 3Hr duration)
UNIT-2 CHAIN SURVEY	 Describe the procedure of finding the distance between two inter-visible and non inter-visible survey stations. Explain the method of ranging and measuring the length of the given survey line with examples. Explain the corrections in measurement of distance with the chain in a given situation. Compute area of given open field by using chain and cross staff. Select type of chaining for given situation. Applications of EDM & Rodometer in surveying. 	 2.1 Chain survey Instruments: Metric Chain details with neat sketch, engineers chain, guntur chain, revenue chain. Tapesmetallic tape and steel Tape. Arrow, Tapes, Ranging rod, Ranging poles, Offset rod, Open cross staff and wooden cross staff. 2.2 Ranging: Direct Ranging (I.By naked Eye II.using Line Ranger) and Indirect Ranging. 2.3 Chaining on flat ground and Chaining on sloping ground-by stepping method only. 2.4 Chain triangulation: Chain survey Station, Base line, Checkline, Tie line, Offset, Tie station. Selection of survey stations. Method of Chaining, obstacles in chaining; simple problems. Types of offsets: I. Perpendicular and Oblique. II. Short and Long offsets. 2.5 Errors in length: Instrumental error, personal error, error due to natural cause, random error- No numerical problems. 2.6 Location Sketch of survey station and running measurements of building. 	05-00-10 (05 class of 3 Hr duration)

		2.7 Conventional Signs Recording of measurements in a field book.	
UNIT-3 COMPASS SURVEY	 Carry out the traversing in a given situation by using compass and chain. Convert the given whole to reduced bearing and vice versa to find the included angle with examples. Explain construction and functions of given parts of the given type of compass. Determine correct bearings from the given observed bearings. Explain the methods used to plot a traverse in the given situation. Adjust the closing error of the traverse for the given data. 	3.1 Technical Terms:Bearings-True, Magnetic and Arbitrary bearing. Geographic/True,Magnetic and Arbitrary Meridians. Systems of bearing-Whole circle bearing system and Reduced Bearing system-Examples on conversion of given bearing to another (from one to another) 3.2 Components of Prismatic Compass and their Functions, Method of using Prismatic Compass- temporary adjustments and observing bearings. 3.3 Compass traversing: Open and Closed traversing. Fore Bearing and Back Bearing, Calculation of interior and exterior angles from bearings at a station (For both WCB & RB systems) 3.4 Magnetic dip and declination: simple problems on declination. 3.5 Local attraction, sources of local attraction, detection of local attraction, Methods of correction of observed bearings-Correction at station. 3.6 plotting a traverse and finding closing errors. 3.7 Errors in compass: Instrumental, Personal and natural cause.	08-00-16 (08 class of 3 Hr duration)
	Explain the given terms related to leveling.Describe construction and use of the given leveling instrument.	 4.1 Terminologies: Level surfaces, Horizontal and vertical surfaces, Datum, Bench Marks- GTS, Permanent, Arbitrary and Temporary. 4.2 Instruments used for levelling: Types of levels: Dumpy, Auto level, Digital 	

UNIT-4 LEVELLING	 Explain the given temporary adjustments of a typical dumpy level. Describe methods of reduction of levels by height of collimation and rise and fall method in the given situation with necessary checks. Select type of leveling for the given work with examples and justification. Compute the missing readings from the given observed readings. 	level, Components of Dumpy Level and its fundamental axes, Temporary adjustments of Level. Levelling staff: Telescopic staff and target staff. 4.3 Reduced Level, Rise, Fall, Line of collimation, Station, Back sight, Fore sight, intermediate sight, Change point, Height of instruments. Observing the staff reading & recording in level book. Leveling Types: Simple, Differential, Fly, Profile and Reciprocal Leveling. 4.5 Methods to find the R. L. in Level Book by H.I & Rise and Fall Methods with necessary checks. 4.7 Computation of missing readings. 4.8 Errors in Leveling	11-00-22 (11class of 3 Hr duration)
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NOTE:

- 1. After one hour of lecture, two hours of practice should be conducted batch wise on the respective contents
- 2. All students should wear uniforms as specified, white round hat and Shoes.
- 3. Everyone is strongly advised to take care of his/her health and safety. When working, always be alert about your surroundings.
- 4.Set up the instruments in the safest possible location. Setting up the instrument should result in saving survey time as well. Safety always overrules the time saving.
- 5.Avoid contact of instruments with electrical supply lines, especially ranging rods and leveling staff. 6.Do not make sudden movements that might confuse a motorist and cause evasive action that can result in injury to the motorist and/or to students.
- 7. Avoid interrupting traffic as much as possible.

Sl. No.	Practical Outcomes/Practical exercises	Unit No.	PO	CO	L:T:P Hrs.
1	Units of measurements and Conversion of units.	1	1,7	1	0:0:2
2	Effective communication and signs used in survey practice.	1	1,7	2,3	0:0:2
3	Measure distance between two survey stations using chain, tape and ranging rods when two stations are inter visible.	2	1,2,34	2,3,4	0:0:2
4	Undertake reciprocal ranging and measure the distance between two stations using EDM or RODOMETER	2	1,2,34	2,3,4	0:0:2
5	Set out perpendicular to the main survey line by different methods.	2	1,2,34	2,3,4	0:0:2

7	Determine area of regular polygons (Trapezium,Pentagon,Hexagon) using chain and cross staff survey	2	1,2,34	224	
7	·		1,2,51	2,3,4	0:0:2
	Undertake ranging when the chain line passes through different obstacles.	2	1,2,34	2,3,4	0:0:2
8	Measure Fore Bearing and Back Bearing of survey lines of open traverse using Prismatic Compass.	3	1,2,34	2,3,4	0:0:2
9	Measure Fore Bearing and back bearing of a closed traverse of 5 sides (Regular Pentagon) and correct the bearings and included angles for the local attraction.	3	1,2,34	2,3,4,5	0:0:2
10	Measure Fore Bearing and back bearing of a closed traverse of 6 sides (Regular Hexagon) and correct the bearings and included angles for the local attraction.	3	1,2,34	2,3,4,5	0:0:2
11	Measure Fore Bearing and back bearing of a closed traverse of 3 sides (Irregular Triangle) and correct the bearings and included angles for the local attraction.	3	1,2,34	2,3,4,5	0:0:2
12	Measure Fore Bearing and back bearing of a closed traverse of 4 sides (Irregular Quadrilaterals) and correct the bearings and included angles for the local attraction.	3	1,2,34	2,3,4,5	0:0:2
13	Measure distance between two survey stations using compass when two stations are inaccessible.	3	1,2,34	2,3,4	0:0:2
14	Undertake Survey Project with chain and compass for closed traverse for minimum 5 sides around a building.(Compulsory)	3	1,2,34	2,3,4,5	0:0:2
15	Plot the traverse on a drawing sheet for data collected in the Survey Project mentioned at practical No.15.	3	1,2,34	3	0:0:2
16	Perform setting and temporary adjustments of Dumpy level/Auto level	4	1,2,34	2,3,4	0:0:2
17	Take level of various points and recording it in a level book	4	1,2,34	2,3,4	0:0:2
18	Undertake simple leveling and using dumpy level/ Auto level and leveling staff.	4	1,2,34	2,3,4	0:0:2
19	Undertake differential leveling and determine Reduced Levels by Height of instrument method and Rise and fall method using dumpy level/Auto Level and leveling staff.	4	1,2,34	2,3,4,5	0:0:2
20	Undertake fly leveling with double check using dumpy level/Auto level and leveling staff to establish a Temporary BM.	4	1,2,34	2,3,4,5	0:0:2
21	Find RL of given point by taking Inverted Staff Reading	4	1,2,34	2,3,4,5	0:0:2
22	Undertake Profile leveling and cross-sectioning for a given road length and interval.	4	1,2,34	2,3,4,5	0:0:2
		4	1,2,34	2,3,4,5	0:0:2

Total Hours					
26	for data collected in Survey Project mentioned at practical No.23 & 24	4	1,2,34	3	0:0:2
24	cross-sectioning for a road length of 500 m with cross-section at 30 m interval. (Compulsory). Plot the L-section with minimum 3 cross-sections on A1 size drawing sheet	4	1,2,34	2,3,4,5	0:0:2
	Undertake Survey Project with Leveling instrument for Profile leveling and				

5.MAPPING OF CO's WITH PO's

CO's	Course Outcome	PO Mapped	Experiment Linked	Cognitive Level R/U/A
CO1	Perform conversion of measuring units.	PO1,PO7	1,2	U,A
CO2	Identify different surveying instruments, tools and their applications.	PO1,PO2,PO3,PO4	3 TO 26	A
CO3	Handle survey instruments, taking measurements, computation and interpretation.	PO1,PO2,PO3,PO4	3 TO 26	A
CO4	Carryout different types of chain, tape, compass, leveling surveying tasks.	PO1,PO2,PO3,PO4	3 TO 26	A
CO5	Identify errors and apply corrections suitably.	PO1,PO2,PO3	9,10,11,12,14,19, 20,21,22,23,24	A

Course	CO's	Programme Outcomes (PO's)						
	COS	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	CO1	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
	CO2	3	3	3	3	0	0	0
BASIC SURVEYING	CO3	3	3	3	3	0	0	0
	CO4	3	3	3	3	0	0	0
	CO5	3	3	3	0	0	0	0

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0- Not Mapped

SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR CIE QUESTION PAPER DESIGN:

Sl	Unit Title	Teaching	Distribution of theory Marks			
No		Hours	R	U	A	Total Marks
1	Introduction	02	02	-	-	02
2	Chain Survey	05	-	-	04	04
3	Compass Survey	08	1	-	06	06
4	Leveling	11	-	-	08	08
	TOTAL	26	02	00	18	20

6. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES:

- 1. Surveying and Levelling volume I-Kanetkar, T. P.; Kulkarni, S. V. -Pune Vidyarthi Gruh Prakashan, Pune; ISBN:978-81-858-2511-3
- Surveying and Levelling-Basak, N. N. -McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi ISBN 93-3290-153-8
- 3. Surveying-Saikia, M D.; Das. B.M.; Das. M.M. -PHI Learning, New Delhi ISBN: 978-81-203-3985-9
- 4. Fundamentals of Surveying and Levelling-Subramanian, R. -Oxford University Press.Delhi, ISBN: 0-19-945472-8
- 5. Survey I -Duggal, S. K. -McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi, ISBN: 978-00-701-5137-6
- 6. Textbook of Surveying-Rao, P. Venugopala Akella, Vijayalakshmi -PHI Learning, New Delhi ISBN: 978-81-203-4991-9
- 7. Surveying I-Punmia, B.C, Jain, Ashok Kumar Jain, Arun Kumar-Laxmi Publications., New Delhi. ISBN: 8-17-008853-4
- 8. Surveying and Levelling, Volume 1 -Bhavikatti, S. S. -I. K. International, New Delhi ISBN: 978-81-906-9420-9
- 9. Textbook of Surveying-Venkatramaiah, C Universities Press. New Delhi ISBN: 978-81-737-1021-6

SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

		I	
SI NO	PARTICULARS/CONTENT	E-LINKS/E-CONTENT	LAUGUAGE
1	Classification of surveying	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-JgCfsooiu0	English
2	Chain Surveying(Theory)	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=itB45jrCPp0	English

22	Auto Level	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=j8poe2vvD2Q	English
23	Temporary adjustment of a dumpy level	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=V95S5drWU6M	English
24	How to read leveling staff	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7L3jaOvhoZk	English
25	Differential Levelling	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rY4XIgSueUs	English
26	Inverted Leveling	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xKfb6wOeoc4	English
27	Steps involved in field data entry and cross staff survey for estimation of area	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RThEISUJBXg	English
28	How to Shift Dumpy Level	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jIxCx0oSWOY	English
29	Reciprocal leveling	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bru-lpQtodg	English
30	Fly leveling	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_SiSn_tcXZA	English
31	Profile leveling	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dOxILPET77U	English
32	Profile leveling	http://www.engr.mun.ca/~sitotaw/Site/Fall2007_files/ Lab4_Lecture4_Prof_leveling.pdf	PDF
33	Measuring Horizontal Distance by the Indirect Method: Using the Clinometer	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Dm1NtRiFgYo	English
34	Surveying & Leveling	http://ecoursesonline.iasri.res.in/course/view.php?id=5 23	E-Content
35	Surveying & Leveling	http://ecoursesonline.iasri.res.in/course/view.php?id=3	E-Content

7. SUGGESTED LIST OF STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Note: the following activities or similar activities for assessing CIE (IA) for 10 marks (Any one)

5) Each student should conduct different activities compulsorily.

1	Visit any construction site and make a report on different types of conventional and modern surveying equipment used.			
2	Collect the information of survey instruments available in the market with specifications.			
3	Perform reconnaissance survey for alignment of road.			
4	Determine the RLs of the existing structures like lintels, chajja, slab, and beam.			

8.COURSE ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION CHART

SI NO	Assessment	Duration	Max Marks	Conversion
1.	CIE Assessment 1 (Written Test -1-theory) - At the end of 3 rd week	60 minutes	20	Average of two written tests 20 marks
2.	CIE Assessment 2 (Written Test -2-theory) - At the end of 13 th week	60 minutes	20	
3.	CIE Assessment 3 (Skill test) - At the end of 5th week	3 Hrs	20	Average of three skill tests 20 marks
4.	CIE Assessment 4 (Skill test) - At the end of 7th week	3 Hrs	20	
5.	CIE Assessment 5 (Skill test) - At the end of 9th week	3 Hrs	20	
6.	CIE Assessment 6 (Student activity)- At the end of 11th week	-	20	20 marks
7.	Total Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) Assessment	60 marks		
8.	Semester End Examination(SEE) Assessment (Practical Test)	3 Hrs	100	40 marks
	Total Marks			

9. RUBRICS FOR SKILL TEST / PRACTICAL TEST (Both CIE & SEE) EVALUATION

Sl No	Parameter to be Observed	Marks Allotted	
1	Safety measures	10	
2	Setting and operation	25	
3	Preparation of experimental set up	10	
4	Observations and Recording	25	
5	Interpretation of result and Conclusion	20	
6	Viva	10	
	100		

10.MODEL RUBRICS FOR ACTIVITY (10marks)(CAN BE MODIFIED)						
Dimension	Unsatisfactory	Developing	Satisfactory	Good	Exemplary	Student
	4	8	12	16	20	Score
Collection of data	Does not collect any information relating to the topic	Collects very limited information; some relate to the topic	Collect much information; but very limited relate to the topic	Collects some basic information; most refer to the topic	Collects a great deal of information; all refer to the topic	16
Fulfil team's roles & duties	Does not perform any duties assigned to the team role	Performs very little duties but unreliable.	Performs very little duties	Performs nearly all duties	Performs all duties of assigned team roles	12
Shares work equally	Always relies on others to do the work	Rarely does the assigned work; often needs reminding	Usually does the assigned work; rarely needs reminding	Normally does the assigned work	Always does the assigned work without having to be reminded.	16
Listen to other Team mates	Is always talking; never allows anyone else to speak	Usually does most of the talking; rarely allows others to speak	Talks good; but never show interest in listening others	Listens, but sometimes talk too much	Listens and speaks a fair amount	16
Average / Total Marks: (16+12+16+16)/4					15 marks	

11.MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED:

Sl No	Equipment Name	No
1.	Metric Chain made from galvanized mild steel wires 4mm in dia, brass handles with swivel joints, brass tallies provided at every 5 m length of chain - 20 and 30m.	05
2.	Metallic tape-, Steel tape, Invar satisfying IS 1269 (Part 1 and Part 2): 1997 specifications	05
3.	Pegs of length 400 mm and c/s area of 50 mm x 50 mm.	50
4.	Arrows 400 mm long and made up of good quality hardened and tempered steel wire of 4 mm in diameter.	
5.	Metallic Ranging rods of 2 m length, circular or octagonal in cross section of 30 mm diameter, Lower shoe of 150 mm long. Painted in black, white and red stripes of 200 mm each.	50
6.	Line ranger, optical square confirming to IS: 7999 – 1973specifications	
7.	Open cross staff consisting of 4 metal arms with vertical slits for sighting through.	
	Surveyor compass.	05
8.	Prismatic compass confirming to IS 1957-1961 with stand, made in Gunmetal material having diameter of 85-110 mm and the least count of 30minutes.	
9.	Dumpy level confirming to IS: 9613 – 1986 with stand and internal focusing telescope of standard make.	05
10.	Automatic levels confirming to IS: 9613 – 1986 with stand and internal focusing telescope of standard make.	05
11.	EDM and	05
12.	Rodometre	05

Government of Karnataka Department of Collegiate and Technical Education Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore

Course Code	20EE01P	Semester	I/II
Course Title	FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING	Course Group	Core
No. of Credits	4	Type of Course	Lecture & Practice
Course Catagory	D.C.	Total Contact Hours	6Hrs Per Week
Course Category	PC	Total Contact Hours	78Hrs Per Semester
Prerequisites	Basic Science	Teaching Scheme	(L:T:P)= 1:0:2
CIE Marks	60	SEE Marks	40

1. RATIONALE

Fundamentals of Electrical and Electronics Engineering is essential for all streams of diploma engineering to work in any industry as it covers basic electrical safety, troubleshooting and repairing of simple electrical systems. Basic knowledge of electrical wiring circuits, protective devices, electrical machines and basic electronics devices is required to work in any engineering field.

2. COURSE SKILL SET

The aim of the course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching –learning experiences

- 1. Perform and test domestic wiring
- 2. Can operate electrical machine
- 3. Test different electronics devices

3. INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGY

- 1. Expose to different learning tools used in respective labs, Operational safety and Procedure to be followed in the laboratory.
- 2. Instructor should give examples from daily routine as well as, engineering/technology applications on various concepts and principles in each topic so that students are able to understand and grasp these concepts and principles. In all contents, SI units should be followed.
- 3. Activity- Theory Demonstrate/practice approach may be followed throughout the course so that learning may be skill and employability based.

4.COURSE OUT COMES

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

CO1	Comply with the safety procedures
CO2	Apply the fundamentals of electricity.
CO3	Install and test electrical wiring system.

CO4	Identify and Operate electrical machines, Batteries and UPS.
CO5	Identify and test the different electronic devices.

5. COURSE TOPICS:

Unit No	Unit Name	Hours
1	Electrical Safety	6
2	Electrical Fundamentals	15
3	Protective Devices and Wiring circuits	15
4	Electric Machines and Batteries and UPS	15
5	Introduction to Electronic Devices and Digital Electronics	27
	Total	78Hr

6. COURSE CONTENT

The following topics/sub topics is to be taught and assessed in order to develop Unit Skill sets for achieving CO to attain identified skill sets

Sl No	Unit skill set (In cognitive domain) On successful completion of the class, the students will be able to	Topics/Sub topics	Practical	Hours L-T-P					
	UNIT-1								
		Electrical Safety	T						
1	Comply with the Electrical safety	 Electrical Symbols Electrical safety Identify Various types of safety signs and what they mean Demonstrate and practice use of PPE Demonstrate how to free a person from electrocution Administer appropriate first aid to victims, bandaging, heart attack, CPR, etc. Fire safety, causes and precautionar y activities. Use of appropriate fire extinguishers on different types of fires. Demonstrate rescue techniques applied during fire hazard, correct method to move injured people during emergency Inform relevant authority about any abnormal situation Earthing: Types 	 Electrical symbols related to electrical engineering. Electrical safety Electrical earthing 	02-00- 04					

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		 http://nreeder.com/Flash/sy mbols.htm http://bouteloup.pierre.free.fr /iufm/as/de/house/safety.html 		
		UNIT-2		
2	1. Identify and select the different measuring devices. 2. Identify different electrical supply systems 3. Identify open circuit, close circuit and short circuit conditions.	1. Describe the sources of electrical energy. 2. Electrical current, voltage, emf, potential difference, resistance with their SI units. 3. Mention the meters used to measure different electrical quantities. Identification Measuring devices • Ammeter • Voltmeter • Wattmeter • Digital Multimeter • Megger • Tong tester 4. Explain supply systems like AC, DC.	1. Connect voltmeter and ammeter in a simple circuit. (Practicing of identification and connection of different meters)	1:0:2
3	Calculate basic electrical quantities	 http://nreeder.com/Flash/units.ht m Relationship between V, I and R. (Ohms law) Behavior of V, I in Series and Parallel DC circuits. Describe open circuit, close circuit and short circuit http://nreeder.com/Flash/oh 	1. Measure current, voltage and analyze effective resistance in seriescircuit 2. Demonstrate effects of shorts and opens in a circuit	1:0:2
4	Connect resistances in different combination	msLaw.htm 1. Equation to find the effective Resistances connected in series 2. Equation to find effective Resistances connected in parallel 3. Resistances connected series and parallel combinations 4. Simple problems.	1. Determine the equivalent Resistance of parallel connected resistances.	1:0:2
5	Calculate and measurement of different parameters of an AC quantity.	Ac sinewave: Sinusoidal voltage, current, amplitude, time-period, cycle, frequency, phase, phase difference, and their units. http://nreeder.com/Flash/freqPeriod.htm http://nreeder.com/Flash/oscill	Generate and demonstrate the measurement of frequency, time period and phase difference of AC quantity using CRO and function generator.	1:0:2

		oscope.htm		
		•		
6	1. Calculate and measure electric power and energy 2. Identify and differentiate Single phase and Three phase supply	 1. Electrical work, power and power factor SI units Mention the meters used to measure them http://nreeder.com/Flash/powerLaw.htm 	Measure the voltage, current, powerusing relevant measuring instruments in a Single- phase load.	1:0:2
7.		 1. Electrical energy SI units Mention the meters used to measure them 2. Single phase and Three phase supply. 	1. Measure single phase energy using relevant measuring instruments in a Single-phase load. 2. Measure the voltages in Three phase supply.	
		UNIT-3		
0	1 Identify and salest	Protective Devices and Wiring circuit	T	1,0.2
8.	1. Identify and select Protective Devices for given current and voltage rating 2. Identify and select the various electrician tools	 Necessity of Protective Devices Various Protective devices and their functions fuse wire, Glass cartridge fuse HRC fuse Kit-kat fuse MCB MCCB RCCB ELCB Relay Different types of electrician tools and their function. Describe various wiring tools. State procedure of care and maintenance of wiring tools. 	1. Wire up and test PVC Conduit wiring to control one lamp from two different places using suitable protective devices.	1:0:2

9	 Identify and select Wiring systems for a given applications Identify and select the cables used for different current and voltage ratings. Draw the wiring diagram 	 Describe different types of wiring systems. Surface conduit concealed conduit PVC casing capping Wiring systems and their applications. Describe the types of wires, cables used for different current and voltage ratings. 	1. Wire up and test PVC Conduit wiring to control of 2 sockets and 2 lamps.	2:0:4
10	Estimate and plan electrical wiring	Explain Plan and estimate the cost of electrical wiring for one 3m × 3m room consisting of 2 lamps, 1ceiling fan, 2 three pin sockets.	Prepare the estimation and plan	1:0:2
	T.	UNIT-4	inc	
11	1. Identify the types of	Electrical Machines and Batteries and U Transformer		1:0:2
11	transformer. 2. verify the transformation ratio.	 working principle Transformation ratio Types and applications with their ratings 	Connect the Single- phase transformer as Step-Up, Step-Down transformer and verify the transformation ratio.	1:0:2
12	Start and run the induction motor. Troubleshoot DOL/Stardelta starter and induction motor	 1. Induction motor Single phase and three phase Induction motor. Necessity of starters. Describe DOL AND STAR-DELTA starters. 2. What are different causes and remedies for a failure of starter and induction motor. 	 Construct a suitable circuit to start and reverse the direction of three phase induction motor using DOL/ Stardelta starter. Troubleshoot the DOL/ Stardelta starter and induction motor 	2:0:4
13	Select and test the battery for a given application	 Battery Types of batteries (Lead acid battery, lithium, sealed maintenance free (SMF) battery, Modular battery). Selection criteria of batteries for different applications. Ampere-Hour Capacity. Efficiency 	Testing Condition of charging and discharging of a Lead-acid battery	1:0:2
14	Select the size of the UPS for a given application	 UPS List the types and applications Selection criteria of UPS Sizing of UPS 	Sizing of UPS	1:0:2

	Introduc	UNIT-5	Plastvanias	
15	Identify and differentiate Conductors, insulators and semiconductors.	1.Compare Conductors, insulators and semiconductors with examples. 2. Identification of types and values of resistors-color codes. http://nreeder.com/Flash/resistor.htm	Determine the value of resistance by color code and compare it with multimeter readings.	1:0:2
16	Identify and test PN junction Diode	PN junction diode	Identify the terminals of a Diode and test the diode for its condition.	1:0:2
17	Build and test bridge rectifier circuit	 Rectifier Need for AC to DC conversion Bridge rectifier with and without C filter, Rectifier IC. 	Construct and test bridge rectifiers using semiconductor diode and rectifier IC. Compare the waveforms using CRO.	1:0:2
18	 Identify and test Transistor Build and test transistor as an electronic switch 	Transistor (BJT)	 Identification of transistor terminals and test. Construct and test the transistor as an electronic switch 	1:0:2
19.	Identify and test different digital IC 1.	 Comparison of analog and digital signal Digital systems, examples. Binary numbers, Boolean identities and laws. Digital system building blocks: Basic logic gates, symbols and truth tables. IC-Definition and advantages. 	 Test a Digital IC. Identification and selection of suitable ICs for basic gates. Verify NOT, AND, OR, NOR, EXOR and NAND 	2:0:4
20	Identify and test various Sensors and actuators.	 1.Sensors Concept Types: Temperature, Pressure, Water, Light, Sound, Smoke, proximity Sensors, Flow, humidity, voltage, vibration, IR (Principle/working, ratings/specifications, cost, and applications) 2.Actuators Concept Types and applications. Relay as an actuator. 	 2. Connect and test an IR proximity sensor to a Digital circuit. Connect and test a relay circuit using an Optocoupler. (Photo Diode & Transistor) Refer note 	2:0:4

21	Know the application of Microcontroller and PLC	 Microcontroller as a programmable device, and list of real-world applications. PLC and Their applications. (Activity based learning) 	•	Identify different application microcontroller. Identify commercially available PLC and their specifications	1:0:2
				TOTAL	26-0- 52=78 Hours

7. PRATICAL SKILL EXERCISES

Sl. No.	Practical Out Comes/Practical exercises	Unit No.	PO	CO	L: T:P Hrs.
1	 Identify Various types of safety signs and what they meanDemonstrate and practice use of PPE Demonstrate how to free a person from electrocution appropriate first aid to victims, bandaging, heart attack, CPR, etc. Fire safety, causes and precautionary activities. Use of appropriate fire extinguishers on different types of fires. Demonstrate rescue techniques applied during fire hazard. Inform relevant authority about any abnormal situation during fire hazard. 	1	1,4	1	0:0:2
2	 Demonstrate different types of earthing/using videos. Prepare a Report on types of Earthing 	1	1,4	1	0:0:2
3	Connect voltmeter and ammeter in a simple circuit. (Practicing of identification and connection of different meters)	2	1,4	2	0:0:2
4	1.Determine the equivalent Resistance of series connected resistances.2.Demonstrate effects of shorts and opens in a circuit	2	1,4	2	0:0:2
5	Determine the equivalent Resistance of parallel connected resistances.	2	1,4	2	0:0:2
6	Generate and demonstrate the measurement of frequency, time period and phase difference of AC quantity using CRO and function generator.	2	1,4	2	0:0:2
7	Measure the voltage, current, power using relevant measuring instruments in a Singlephase load.	2	1,4	2	0:0:2
8.	1.Measure single phase energy using relevant measuring instruments in a Single-phase load.				

18	Determine the value of resistance by color code and compare it with multimeter readings	5	1,4	5	0:0:2
19	Identify the terminals of a Diode and test the diode for its condition.	5	1,4	5	0:0:2
20	Construct and test bridge rectifiers using semiconductor diode and rectifier IC. Compare the waveforms using CRO.	5	1,4	5	0:0:2
21	Identification of transistor terminals and test. Construct and test the transistor as an electronic switch. Test an IC. Verify the truth-table AND, OR, NOT logic	5	1,4	5	0:0:2
23	gates. Verify the truth-table NAND, NOR, EX-OR, EX-NOR	5	1,4	5	0:0:2
24	logic gates. Connect and test anIR proximity sensor to a Digital circuit. NOTE: Any sensor listed in the theory may be used for condition appropriately.				
25	Connect and test a relay circuit using an Optocoupler. (Photo Diode & Transistor)	5	1,4	5	0:0:2
26	1.Identify MCS-51 variants 2.Identify commercially available PLC and their specifications.	5	1,4	5	0:0:2

8.MAPPING OF CO WITH PO

со	Course Outcome	PO Mapped	Experimen t	Cognitive Level R/U/A	Lecture & Practical Sessions in Hrs	TOTAL
CO1	Comply with the safety procedures	PO1, PO4	1-2	A	6	
CO2	Apply the fundamentals of electricity.	PO1, PO4	3-7	A	15	
CO3	Install and test electrical wiring system and protective devices.	PO1, PO4	8-12	A	15	
CO4	Identify and Operate electrical machines, Batteries and UPS.	PO1, PO4	13-17	A	15	
CO5	Identify and test the different electronic devices.	PO1, PO4	18-26	A	27	

Course	CO's		Programme Outcomes (PO's)					
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Fundamentals of Electrical	CO1	3	0	0	3	0	0	0
and Electronics	CO2	3	0	0	3	0	0	0
Engineering	CO3	3	0	0	3	0	0	0
	CO4	3	0	0	3	0	0	0

Level 3- Highly Mapped, Level 2-Moderately Mapped, Level 1-Low Mapped, Level 0-Not Mapped

9. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES:

Reference Books:

- 1. ABC of Electrical Engineering by B. L. Theraja and A. K. Theraja, S Chand Publishers, New Delhi, 2014 Edition.
- 2. Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering by S. K. Bhattacharya, Pearson Education India, 2012 Edition
- 3. Electronic Devices and Circuits by I. J. Nagrath, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2007 Edition.
- 4. Basic Electrical Engineering by V. Mittle and ArvindMittle, McGrawHill Companies, 2005 Edition.
- 5. The 8051 Microcontroller & Embedded systemsusinkbnnnjbbh bb vvvvg assembly and C (2ndEdition)–M.A.Mazidi , J.C. Mazidi&R.D.McKinlay ISBN: 81-317-1026-2
- 6. Programmable Logic controllers, W BOLTON

e-Resources

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mc9790hitAg&list=PLWv9VM947MKi 7yJ0 FCfzTBXpQU-0d3K
- 2.https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CWulQ1ZSE3c
- 3. en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Transformer
- 2. www.animations.physics.unsw.edu.au//jw/AC.html
- 3. www.alpharubicon.com/altenergy/understandingAC.htm
- 4. www.electronics-tutorials

- 5. learn.sparkfun.com/tutorials/transistors
- 6. www.pitt.edu/~qiw4/Academic/ME2082/Transistor%20Basics.pdf
- 7. www.technologystudent.com/elec1/transis1.htm
- 8. www.learningaboutelectronics.com
- 9. www.electrical4u.com
- 10.https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zLW_7TPf310
- 11. https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=8PTNjw-hOIM

10.SUGGESTED LIST OF STUDENTS ACTIVITYS for CIE

Note: the following activities or similar activities for assessing CIE (IA) (Any one)

Each student should conduct different activity and no repeating should occur

Ducii Stat	tene should conduct different decivity and no repeating should occur
1	Using suitable meters/instruments give the practical working circuits to measure
2	Resistance, Current, Voltage, Power and Energy in DC and AC (Single phase) Circuits.
3	List out the different types of wiring systems used in your laboratories or house with
	their representation.
4	Mini-Projects: Like preparing extension box, switch box and wiring models,
5	List out the different protective devices used in your laboratories or house with their
	ratings.
6	Applications of Electro Magnetic Induction, statically induced and dynamically induced
	emf, self and mutual induced emfs.
7	Prepare a report on types of starters and enclosures used for various industrial
	applications of AC motors.
8	Types of Cells and Battery maintenance
9	Visit nearby Battery charging shop or show room and prepare a report of the visit.
10	Prepare a report on various types of diodes used for various industrial applications.
11	Prepare a report on various types of sensors and actuators used for various industrial
	applications.
12	Mini-Projects: Connect and test a sensor (domain application) to a Digital circuit

11. COURSE ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION CHART

Sl.No	Assessment	Duration	Max marks	Con	version	
1.	CIE Assessment 1 (Written Test -1-theory) - At the end of 3 rd week	60 minutes	20	two	erage of written tests	
2.	CIE Assessment 2 (Written Test -2-theory) - At the end of 13 th week	60 minutes	20		20	
3.	CIE Assessment 3 (Skill test) - At the end of 5 th week	3 Hours	100		Average of three	
4	CIE Assessment 4 (Skill test) - At the end of 7 th week	3 Hours	100	20	skill tests	
5	CIE Assessment 5 (Skill test) - At the end of 9 th week	3 Hours	100		20	
6	CIE Assessment 6 (Student activity) - At the end of 11 th week	-	20		20	

7.	7. Total Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) Assessment			
8.	Semester End Examination (SEE) Assessment (Practical Test)	3 Hours	100	40
	100			

Note:

- 1. CIE written test is conducted for 20 marks (Two sections). Each section shall have two full questions of same CL, CO. Student shall answer one full question (10 marks) from each section.
- 2. CIE Skill test is conducted for 100 marks (3 Hours duration) as per scheme of evaluation and the obtained marks are scaled down to 20 marks

12. SCHEME OF VALUATION FOR SKILL TEST (CIE) & SEE

(CONTINOUS INTERNAL & SEMESTER END EXAMINATION)

Sl.	Particulars	Marks
No.		
1.	Identification of meters/ equipment/wires/tools etc.	10
2.	Writing Circuit/writing diagram and Procedure*	25
3.	Conduction	35
4.	Results	10
5	Viva-voce	20
	Total	100

12. RUBRICS FOR ACTIVITY

	RUBRICS FOR ACTIVITY (Example only) Faculty need to develop appropriate rubrics for respective activity								
Dimension	Beginning	Developing	Satisfactory	Good	Exemplary	Student			
	1	2	3	4	5	Score			
Collection of data	Does not collect any information relating to the topic	Collects very limited information; some relate to the topic	Collect much information; but very limited relate to the topic	Collects some basic information; most refer to the topic	Collects a great deal of information; all refer to the topic				
Fulfil team's roles & duties	Does not perform any duties assigned to the team role	Performs very little duties but unreliable.	Performs very little duties	Performs nearly all duties	Performs all duties of assigned team roles				

Shares work equally	Always relies on others to do the work	Rarely does the assigned work; often needs reminding	Usually does the assigned work; rarely needs reminding	Normally does the assigned work	Always does the assigned work without having to be reminded.
Listen to other Team mates	Is always talking; never allows anyone else to speak	Usually does most of the talking; rarely allows others to speak	Talks good; but never show interest in listening others	Listens, but sometimes talk too much	Listens and speaks a fair amount
Average / Total Marks:					

Lab Equipment Requirement

The following are the specification of the apparatus required for FEEE lab and number of apparatus required for the batch of 20 students.

Sl. No.	Name of Equipment and Specification	Quantity Required
1	Dual Channel 30 V, 2 A continuously variable DC Regulated	05 Nos.
	Power Supply with Current and Overload Protection	
2	+/- 15 V, 2 A, fixed DC Regulated Power Supply	05 Nos.
3	Portable Moving Coil DC Voltmeters	Each 05 Nos.
	a) 0-1 V	
	b) 0 - 10 V	
	c) 0-30 V	
4	Portable Moving Iron AC Voltmeters	Each 05 Nos.
	a) 0 - 300 V	
	b) 0 - 600 V	
5	Portable Moving Coil DC Ammeters	Each 05 Nos.
	a) 0 - 100 mA	
	b) 0-1A	
	c) 0-2A	
6	Portable Moving Iron AC Ammeters	Each 05 Nos.
	a) 0 - 2 A	
	b) 0-5A	
	c) 0-10 A	
7	Watt-meters	Each 02 Nos.
	a) 150/300V, 2 A, UPF	
	b) 300/600 V, 5/10 A, LPF	
8	Rheostats – 25 Ohms, 50 Ohms, 150 Ohms, 220 Ohms (all rated	Each 05 Nos.
	at 3 A)	
9	Rheostat Loads s – 1 KW, 230 V	02 Nos.

10	Wire wound Resistors- 5 Ohms 2 Watts, 25 Ohms 5 Watts, 330 Ohms 2 Watts, 560 Ohms 2 Watts, etc.	Each 05 Nos.
11	Soldering Iron 60 W	05 Nos.
13	Single Phase Energy meter 10 A, 230 V, 50 Hz, Digital type	05 Nos.
14	Multi-meter Digital ¾"	06 Nos.
15	Duel Trace Oscilloscope – 30 MHz	02 Nos.
16	Three Phase Induction Motors :1 HP – 440 V 50 Hz,2 HP – 440 V 50 Hz.	Each 02 Nos.
17	Three phase DOL, Star-Delta, Auto transformer starter	Each 02 Nos.
18	UPS 1 KVA	01 Nos.
19	Battery Lead-Acid type, 140 A-hr and Hydrometers	02 Nos.

Sl. No.		Name of Equipment and Specification	Quantity Required
			-
20		I C Trainer kit	05 Nos
21		Digital IC's 7400, 7402, 7404, 7408, 7486 etc	Each 10 Nos.
22		Wooden Wiring board (2x3) ft	10
23		Wiring accessories	
	2	a) PVC conduit - ¾" - 10 lengths b) Cap and casing - ¾" - 10 lengths c) Switches Single Pole- 5A, 230 V d) Switches two way - 5 A, 230 V e) 3 Pin Sockets 5A, 230 V f) Bulb Holders - 5 A, 230 V g) 3 Pin Plug 5A, 230 V h) 60 Watts Lamps i) 100 Watts Lamps j) 15 W CFL lamps k) Copper Wires of sizes 1.5 mm², 2.5 mm², 4 mm² - 1 coil each l) Gang boxes (1+1, 2+1, 2+2) m) Kit -Kat fuses 5A, 15 A	Each 10 Nos.
		n) MCB 16 A & 32 A/ 230 V, Single and Double Pole o) ELCB 16 A & 32 A/ 230 V, Double Pole p) Neutral link- 16 A, 230 V q) Screws of assorted sizes r) Testers	

Electronic Components	Each 10 Nos.
a) Diodes - BY 127 and IN 4001	
b) Zener Diodes – 6.2 V, 5.6 V, 7.8 V	
c) Relays – solid state Sugar cube type, SPST, Coil 6V, Power circuit 230 V, 5 A.	
d) Spring Boards	
e) Bread Boards	
f) Tag Boards.	
Simple PANEL BOARD/ CUBICAL consisting of bus-bars, CB/MCB/ELCB, meters, HRC fuses, magnetic contactors, cables, earthing points.	1 No
	 a) Diodes - BY 127 and IN 4001 b) Zener Diodes - 6.2 V, 5.6 V, 7.8 V c) Relays - solid state Sugar cube type, SPST, Coil 6V, Power circuit 230 V, 5 A. d) Spring Boards e) Bread Boards f) Tag Boards. Simple PANEL BOARD/ CUBICAL consisting of bus-bars, CB/MCB/ELCB, meters, HRC fuses, magnetic contactors,

Government of Karnataka Department of Collegiate and Technical Education Board of Technical Examinations, Bangalore

Course Code	20KA21T	Semester	II
Course Title	ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಸಿಂಚನ – I ಬಳಕೆ ಕನ್ನಡ - I	Course Group	AU
No. of Credits	2	Type of Course	Lecture
Course Cotegowy	DC.	Total Contact House	2Hrs Per Week
Course Category	PC Total Contact	Total Contact Hours	26Hrs Per Semester
Prerequisites		Teaching Scheme	(L:T:P)= 2:0:0
CIE Marks	50	SEE Marks	Nil

ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಸಿಂಚನ – ।

	ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮ	ಬೋಧನಾ
		ಅವಧಿ
1	ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಸಂಕ್ಷಿಪ್ತ ಇತಿಹಾಸ ಮತ್ತು ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದ ಬೆಳವಣಿಗೆ	01 ಗಂಚೆ
2	ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಚರಿತ್ರೆಯ ಪೂರ್ವ ಪೀಠಿಕೆ	01 ಗಂಚೆ
3	ಹಳೆಗನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ - ಪಂಪ ಪೂರ್ವ ಯುಗದ ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ	03 ಗಂಟೆ
	ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದ ರಚನೆಗೆ ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಪ್ರೇರಣೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಭಾವಗಳು	
	ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಪರಂಪರೆ ಮತ್ತು ರಾಜಾಶ್ರಯ	
	ಪಂಪ ಪೂರ್ವ ಯುಗದ ಕವಿಗಳು – ಕವಿರಾಜಮಾರ್ಗ ಮತ್ತು ವಡ್ಡಾರಾಧನೆ	
4	ಪಂಪ (ಚಂಪೂ) ಯುಗದ ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಪರಂಪರೆ	04 ಗಂಟೆ
	ಆದಿಕವಿ ಪಂಪ, ರನ್ನ, ಪೊನ್ನ ಮತ್ತು ಜನ್ನ. ಒಂದನೇ ನಾಗವರ್ಮ ಮತ್ತು ನಾಗಚಂದ್ರ	
	10 ಮತ್ತು 11ನೇ ಶತಮಾನದ ಸಮಕಾಲೀನ ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಕವಿಗಳು	
5	ನಡುಗನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ - ವಚನ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ (ಬಸವ ಯುಗ)	04 ಗಂಟೆ
	ವಚನ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದ ಬೆಳವಣಿಗೆಗೆ ಕಾರಣಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರಮುಖ ರೂಪರೇಷೆಗಳು	
	ಪ್ರಮುಖ ವಚನಕಾರರುಗಳು	
	ವಚನ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ವೈಚಾರಿಕತೆ ಮತ್ತು ಕಾಯಕ ತತ್ವ	
6	ಕನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದ ರೂಪಗಳು	04 ಗಂಟೆ
	ಷಟ್ಪದಿ – ಕುಮಾರವ್ಯಾಸ ಮತ್ತು ಲಕ್ಷ್ಮೀಶ, ರಾಘವಾಂಕ ಮತ್ತು ರಗಳ – ಹರಿಹರ	
	ಸಾಂಗತ್ಯ - ರತ್ನಾಕರವರ್ಣಿ , ಕೇಶಿರಾಜ - ಶಬ್ದಮಣಿದರ್ಪಣಂ	
7	ದಾಸ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಕೀರ್ತನೆಗಳು	02 ಗಂಟೆ
	ಪುರಂದರದಾಸರು, ಕನಕದಾಸರು ಮತ್ತು ಕೀರ್ತನೆಕಾರಾರುಗಳು	
8	ತ್ರಿಪದಿ - ಸರ್ವಜ್ಞ,	04 ಗಂಟೆ
	ಜಾನಪದ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ತತ್ವಪದಗಳು – ಸಂತ ಶಿಶುನಾಳ ಶರೀಫರು	
9	ಹೆಳವನಕಟ್ಟೆ ಗಿರಿಯಮ್ಮ ಮತ್ತು ಸಂಚಿಹೊನ್ನಮ್ಮ, ಕೆಂಪುನಾರಾಯಣ ಮತ್ತು ಮುದ್ದಣ	02 ಗಂಟೆ

10	ಹಳೆಗನ್ನಡ ಮತ್ತು ನಡುಗನ್ನಡ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಚರಿತ್ರೆಯ ಒಂದು ಅವಲೋಕನ	01 ಗಂಟೆ
	ಒಟ್ಟು ಬೋಧನಾ ಅವಧಿ 26 ಗಂಟೆಗಳು	26 ಗಂಟೆ

ಬಳಕೆ ಕನ್ನಡ - I [balake Kannada - Kannada for Usage] Table of Contents (ಪರಿವಿಡಿ)

Part – 1	Teaching Hour		
Necessity of learning a local language, Tips to learn the language with easy			
methods. Easy learning of a Kannada Language: A few tips. Hints for correct and			
polite conservation. Instructions to Teachers for Listening and Speaking Activities.			
Part – II			
Key to Transcription for Correct Pronunciation of Kannada Language,	Instructions 02 Hour		
to Teachers to teach Kannada Language			
Part – III Lessons to teach Kannada Language - Listening	g and Speaking Activities		
Lesson − 1 Personal Pronouns, Possessive Forms, Interrogative wo	ords 02 Hour		
Lesson - 2 Possessive forms of nouns, debitive question and Relati	ive nouns 02 Hour		
Lesson – 3 Qualitative, Quantitative and Colour Adjectives, Nume	rals 02 Hour		
Lesson – 4 Predictive Forms, Locative Case	02 Hour		
Lesson – 5 Dative Cases and Numerals	02 Hour		
Lesson – 6 Ordinal numerals and Plural markers	02 Hour		
Lesson – 7 Defective / Negative Verbs and Colour Adjectives	02 Hour		
Lesson – 8 Permission, Commands, encouraging and Urging word	s (Imperative 02 Hour		
words and sentences)			
Lesson − 9 Accusative Cases and Potential Forms used in General	02 Hour		
Communication			
Lesson – 10 Helping Verbs "iru and iralla", Corresponding Future a	nd Negation 02 Hour		
Verbs			
Lesson – 11 Do's and Don'ts in Learning of Kannada Language (Any	Language in 01 Hour		
General)			
Lesson – 12 Kannada Vocabulary List : ಸಂಭಾಷಣೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ದಿನೋಪಯೊ	ಾಣಿ ಕನ್ನಡ 01 Hour		
ಪದಗಳು			
Kannada Words in Conversation Total Tea	ching Hours 26 Hours		